

Germans Attacking on 130 Mile Front American Reinforcements in Battle Leaders Oppose Conscription in Ireland

BIG PATRIOTIC MEETING AT STATE ARMORY

Speakers Electrify Great Audience
—Rally Under the Auspices of
National Security League

The best exemplification of Lowell's war spirit, Lowell's readiness to do or die in backing up the young men whom she has sent to France, the greatest local external demonstration of patriotism since the United States entered the war was that given at the state armory last evening when several thousand men, women and children filled and overflowed the capacious drill shed of the military building and cheered and sang and applauded and at times wept as speak-

ers and singers interpreted, by various means, perhaps, but always with the same result, the unconquerable spirit that he infused not only Lowell but the rest of the country and has reached a climatic apex within the past few weeks.

The speakers were Hon. David I. Walsh, Professor Albert Bushnell Hart and Professor E. D. Adams. Each had a message to bring—not of encouragement, but rather of domestic

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U. S. REINFORCEMENTS IN FIGHTING LINE

LONDON, April 10.—American reinforcements have appeared in the British battle zone, says a dispatch from British headquarters in France to Reuter's Limited.

Their presence in the fighting line, the correspondent adds, should soon be felt.

MORSE AND BROWN CLASH ON OIL PURCHASE

The municipal council held a 70-minute meeting this noon and during that short space of time Commissioners Brown and Morse engaged in a little word battle and continued it after the meeting had adjourned.

The meeting was called for the purpose of conferring with the lawyer of the American Car Sprinkler Co. in relation to the contract existing between the city and the company for water sprinkling in the streets of Lowell.

Before the meeting the mayor was informed that the lawyer could not be present until 4 o'clock this afternoon and the meeting adjourned till that time.

The following petitions were granted: C. S. Bobbin & Son, 100 Co. garage at the corner of Perry and Rogers streets; Eugene I. Stillings, garage at 27 Laurel street; L. E. Hooker, garage at 68 Parkview avenue; David M. Gillette, garage at 111 Parkview avenue; Graham R. Whidden, garage in the rear of 139 Nesmith street; Rudolph B. Camara, garage at 9 Clara court; John J. Higgins, garage at 414 Lawrence street; H. S. Duncan, garage and gasoline at 29 Purnam avenue; James A. Brien, garage in the rear of 119 Livingston avenue; Mrs. J. L. Chaffoux, garage and gasoline at 371 Wilder street; Roswell A. Davis, garage and gasoline in the rear of 50 Rock street; George H. Whited, garage and gasoline at 393 Wilder street; Philip R. Hovey, garage at 2 Fairmount street; John R. Whittier, garage at 72 Canton street; W. J. Barry Shoe Co., garage at 50 Stockpole street; Boston Ice Cream Co., gasoline at 44 Meadowcroft street.

Mayor Thompson informed his colleagues that he had reappointed Frank E. Flanders as caretaker of the soldiers' graves in the local cemetery. The mayor stated that Mr. Flanders, who receives absolutely no compensation for his work, has proved to be a very efficient man for the position and that it afforded him great pleasure to resappoint such an able and hard working man as Mr. Flanders.

On suggestion of the mayor a vote was taken for the election of an inspector of animals to succeed Dr. Walter A. Sherman, whose term of office has expired and Dr. Sherman was the unanimous choice of the council.

Messrs. Morse and Brown

The meeting was about to adjourn when Commissioner Brown moved that the purchasing agent be directed to call for bids for 100,000 gallons of non-asphaltic oil for the oiling of the streets.

In presenting his motion Mr. Brown said that at yesterday's meeting Commissioner Morse was authorized to purchase 100,000 gallons of non-asphaltic oil at 15 cents a gallon.

"The intention was," said Mr. Brown, "that there was but one company that could furnish the oil. Now I am informed that the same oil can be purchased for 12 cents a gallon, which will mean a saving to the city of \$3,000."

Mr. Morse said that in company with the mayor he went to Brookline and other places and as a result of the investigation he found that there was but one company, the Boston Engineers' Supply Co. that could furnish the oil.

Mr. Brown—"I'll tell you what to do. Not on your life."

Mr. Morse—"You'll tell me what to do. Not on your life."

Mr. Brown—"When it comes to buying oil or other materials for the city, honesty should prevail and accordingly bids should be called."

Mr. Morse—"Mr. Mayor I move you that Mr. Brown be appointed a committee of one to purchase the oil for street oiling."

Mr. Brown—"I can get it."

Mayor Thompson—"Let us settle one thing at a time. There is another motion before the house."

Mr. Donnelly—"Mr. Morse did not say at yesterday's meeting that he would purchase oil from the Boston Engineers' Supply Co. I remember correctly, he was authorized to purchase 100,000 gallons, more or less of non-asphaltic oil."

Mr. Brown—"I know that, but I want to save the city \$3,000 and the only way to do that is by calling for bids."

Mr. Morse—"I don't think the commission knows what he is talking about."

Mr. Brown—"That will be determined when bids are called."

At this point Mr. Brown's motion, that bids be called for the supply of 100,000 gallons of non-asphaltic oil was put to a vote and carried unanimously.

The meeting then adjourned until 4 o'clock this afternoon, and as soon as the meeting had adjourned Mr. Brown said a thing or two to Mr. Morse that was not of a pleasing nature and Mr. Morse replied in kind.

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Germans Launch New Attacks and Carry Fighting in Great Battle Into Flanders

Battlefront Runs From Ypres in North

to Coucy-le-Chateau on Extreme
French Right—Huns Drive Deep
Salient Into British Lines Below
Armentieres—Germans Advance
Four Miles at Estaires—Givenchy
Recaptured by British

New German attacks today have carried the fighting in the great battle on the western front into Flanders, and extended the battle front to a stretch of approximately 130 miles from near the Belgian town of Ypres, in the north, to the vicinity of Coucy-le-Chateau, on the extreme French right.

Germans Advance
The fresh German blow, struck yesterday between La Bassée and Armentieres, has already driven a deep salient into the British lines below Armentieres, and the Armentieres region itself was reported under attack this morning.

The infantry fighting is spreading to the northward, following a heavy bombardment by the German guns which extended as far as the Ypres-Comines canal, just to the southeast of Ypres.

Armentieres in Peril
Armentieres, already near the tip of a sharp bend in the line, has now been further pocketed and seems in serious peril from converging attacks north and south.

The British, however, are holding the line of the river Lys to the southwest of the town, and at the latest reports had prevented an attempted crossing by the Germans at Eze St. Maur, four miles southwest of Armentieres, and another at Estaires, still farther to the southwest.

British Retake Givenchy
From the vicinity of Estaires, the British are holding the line of the river Lys southward for a short distance, the front then curving in a southeasterly direction and coupling up with the original line at or near Givenchy.

The maximum depth of the German penetration was apparently about 4½ miles, at Estaires. Givenchy, at one time in German hands during the attack, was retaken by the British in a counter thrust.

The German effort on this new front, if it succeeds, will be of further extent than it apparently has so far, because it is likely to have a greater effect than to compel modifications in the British line north of La Bassée canal.

If the British can continue to hold Givenchy, the front to the southwest would hardly be disturbed and the direct effect of the drive on the greater battle to the south would be negligible.

British Hold High Ground
There remains the possibility of the

attack north of Armentieres developing further importance with relation to the Flanders line as a whole. The British are well placed on high ground at the salient points in this region, however, which they were not in the region south of Armentieres, the Germans holding the advantage of terrain there.

The Germans seem to be concentrating their efforts of the new Flanders operation, the fighting along the line of their great drive to the southward, which was halted before Amiens, having largely died down.

Heavy Fighting
In a new offensive movement between Arras and Ypres, the Germans have pushed back the center of the allied line on an 11-mile front. Heavy fighting still goes on, with the British and Portuguese striking hard against the enemy on the line of the river Lys, southwest of Armentieres, and the British holding the advance in check south of Armentieres and at Givenchy, the extreme ends of the battle front.

Attacked in Great Forces
The purpose of the German effort is not yet clear. It has only succeeded in entering the foremost defenses at several points along the front, but should the enemy drive through beyond Givenchy and the Clarence river, the strong British positions at Arras and Ypres would be endangered. The first onslaught, however, did not make any great gain, although the Germans attacked in strong force after a most severe artillery bombardment of 48 hours.

Germans Take Laventie
On a front of about four miles between Neuve Chapelle and Cardonville farm, the Portuguese and British have been driven back about a mile, and Laventie, west of Faubourg, is in German hands. The enemy also has occupied Rochebourg-St. Vaast, south of Neuve Chapelle. On the northern end the British still hold Plournals and have thrown back the Germans at La Fosse canal, on the southern extremity.

Neuve Chapelle Centre of Battle
For more than 18 months there had been no heavy operations on this front. Prior to the offensive in Picardy, the Germans had bombarded this front heavily. Raids and local attacks they made then were repulsed by the allied troops. Neuve Chapelle, however, was the centre of much severe fighting in 1914, 1915 and 1916.

French Break Up German Attempt
On the Franco-British battle front below Arras and across the Somme to the region of Cauchy, there has been no infantry activity, although the artillery duels have been most violent. French artillery broke up a German attempt to attack near Haugard, south of the Somme and west of Novion an enemy assault was repulsed by French infantry and artillery. The German advance between the Oise and the Ailette apparently has been checked by the French, who are now in their prepared positions.

Germans Advance Into Russia
German troops, with the help of Finland and the Ukraine, continue to advance eastward into Russia. In Finland, Helsinki, the capital, is reported in danger of capture, while in the south the German and Ukrainian forces have occupied Khar'kov, 400 miles south of Moscow. This is the farthest point east yet reached by the Germans. The Bolshevik government has begun peace negotiations with the Ukraine. Hints of Premier Lenin that the Japanese landing at Vladivostok will bring grave complications for Great Britain, France and Japan, have not yet eventuated into action.

EDWIN G. MAGUE DIED SUDDENLY—STRICKEN WITH SHOCK WHILE AT WORK
Edwin G. Mague, aged 62 years and residing at 50 Dana street, was stricken with a shock while at his work at the South Lowell point of the U. S. Cartridge Co. at 10 o'clock this morning and died in the ambulance while on his way to St. John's hospital. It seems that Mr. Mague had been troubled with heart disease for over a year, but he never thought it was of a serious nature. He was employed nights and last night he reported as usual and worked all night.

Deceased is survived by his wife, Mrs. Nellie Mague; two sons, Roscoe G. of Washington, D. C., and Charles G. Mague of this city; two sisters, Mrs. Clara Harris and Mrs. Grace Hamberlin, both of East Hampton, Mass.; and a brother, Francis Mague of New Bedford. The body was removed to his home by Undertaker George W. Healey.

WITH THE FIREFMEN
An alarm from box 116 at 9:30 o'clock this morning was for a slight blaze in the two and one-half story wooden building at 141 Adams street, corner of Lagrange street. The fire started in the chimney, but was extinguished before any serious damage was done. The property is owned by John Blas.

While responding to the alarm the triple pumping engine of the central fire station was put out of commission by the breaking of a jack shaft. A telephone alarm at 11:31 this morning was for a grass fire in Livingston avenue. Chemical C responded.

At 11:40 o'clock an alarm was sounded from box 821 for a grass fire in Willow street.

A still alarm at 12:30 this afternoon was for a grass fire on the old fair grounds. Engine I responded.

Chemical C was called to Sanders avenue, Tyler park, at 1:50 where there was a brush fire in progress.

Before taking your train home from Boston get The Sun at other news-stands in the North station.

ASSAIL LLOYD GEORGE'S CONSCRIPTION PLAN

"Mid Summer Madness" and "a Blunder", Say London Papers—
Irish Leaders Protest

LONDON, April 10.—Premier Lloyd George's plan for conscription in Ireland, says the Daily News, seems like "mid-summer madness," adding: "For every battalion it brings it will mean the loss of two needed to hold in check an indignant people stung once more into open rebellion."

The Daily Chronicle says: "The attempt to enact Irish conscription at this juncture is a blunder and a catastrophe."

"No government measure," the Times declares, "has ever had a background more grim or a justification more imperative." It calls it an "obvious measure of justice to the rest of the United Kingdom and to the Irishmen of Canada and the United States."

The Morning Post rejoices that the Premier and his colleagues have resolved on a "straight, just and courageous policy" toward Ireland, but says the proposal to introduce a mea-

sure of home rule in Ireland is unwise and unjust as it is an attempt to conciliate the intransigent.

Premier Lloyd George, says the Daily Express, undoubtedly was voicing British opinion when he declared it was intolerable that young Irishmen should be left "to prosper and riot" when British man power was mobilized for military service.

A Political Bombshell
LONDON, Tuesday, April 10.—A political bombshell was thrown into the house of commons yesterday by David Lloyd George, the prime minister, when he announced that conscription would be extended to Ireland and that the government intended to extend home rule to Ireland. Cheers and cries of protest arose from all parts of the house. He was frequently interrupted by angry Irish members. A tent of

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LIBERTY BOND DRIVE IN FULL SWING HERE

Today's Liberty bond business in Lowell brought the total of the Spindle city's contributions in the third drive to very near two million dollars. This means that approximately two-thirds of the city's original quota has already been raised.

Although the banks were not able to give out their totals for the day in time for publication, the general feeling was that the drive continues at the high pace which had been set up in the first three days of the campaign.

The impression has not around somehow that as soon as the city

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Chaffoux's
WHAT IS SUCCESS?
Recently the highest-salaried man in the world was asked how he had succeeded. He quickly answered, "I haven't succeeded. No real man ever succeeds. There is always a larger goal ahead." This man is a multi-millionaire and has outrun every rival on the face of the earth and yet he is still looking for a higher goal of success.
Chaffoux's always has something new to offer the public.
Adolph Lee, Lowell High School Commercial Department.

Liberty Loan Bonds
You can buy them here for cash or on installments.
Do Your Duty, Support Your Country
CITY INSTITUTION FOR SAVINGS
174 CENTRAL ST.
New Quarter Begins April 13

A Liberty Bond
—IN—
EVERY JEWISH HOME
Attend a mass meeting this evening at 7:30 in Montefiore Society Synagogue, Howard St.
LOWELL JEWISH LIBERTY LOAN COMMITTEE
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Liberty Loan Bonds
You can buy them here for cash or on installments.
Do Your Duty, Support Your Country
CITY INSTITUTION FOR SAVINGS
174 CENTRAL ST.
New Quarter Begins April 13

HIGGINS BROS. UNDERTAKERS
Funeral chambers and all modern conveniences, whole building is utilized for the business.
415 LAWRENCE ST. TEL. 1404

GIRLS WANTED
Light, clean work. Good pay. Permanent employment. Apply at once.
NEWTON MANUFACTURING COMPANY

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NOTICE!
Dr. F. C. Peterson
Is now associated with Dr. H. Laurin at his Lowell offices, 253 CENTRAL ST.

2
**THIS IS THE REAL WAR
WINNING SPIRIT**

"A marine, who complains about the food he is receiving is a slacker, and the quicker he is weeded out of the service the better it will be for Uncle Sam and for the boys who have enlisted to fight and not to complain or criticize."

These few lines were written by Arthur Hervieux, son of Hildegarde Hervieux of 9 Montclair avenue, who is now doing service aboard the U.S.S. Illinois, despite the fact that he has not yet reached the 18th anniversary of his birth. The young marine, who will be 18 years of age next May 4, enlisted over a year ago, that is before he had attained the age of 17. He spent a short time at the training school at Newport and later was assigned to the U.S.S. Illinois, where he soon won promotion to the position of third signalman.

Marine Hervieux is the only French-speaking person aboard the ship and his knowledge of the French language is worth a great deal to him, for at present he is engaged in teaching the language of the sailors to the captain and other officers of the ship, while he is also conducting a class among the marines. He is delighted with life on sea and he states that the food given him is as good as one could receive at home. In his last letter the young man wrote that on April 9, which was yesterday, he was to celebrate his first anniversary as a marine and inasmuch as he is the "kid" of the ship, the event would be participated in by a great many of the boys. He also stated that he is now weighing 137 pounds, against 115 pounds at the time he joined the service which, he claims, speaks well for the food and treatment.

Speaking about his son, Mr. Hervieux said the little fellow always had an inclination for sea life and battleship experience. His hobby when he was a lad was to build miniature ships, and some of the samples of the boy's work, which are at his home, he said, vouch for that statement. "When the boy came home a year ago with his enlistment papers," continued the father, "I did not hesitate a moment to affix my signature, for I knew he would make good."

**INSTALLATION OF OFFICERS BY
THE YOUNG WOMEN'S HEBREW
ASSOCIATION**

The monthly meeting of the Young Women's Hebrew association was held last night at headquarters in Central street, the principal business of the meeting being the installation of officers for the coming term. There was a large attendance of members and the president, Mrs. I. Green, was in the chair.

Following the routine business of the evening, the following officers were installed: President, Mrs. I. Green; vice president, Miss Mildred Canter; recording secretary, Miss Rose Blank; financial secretary, Miss Sarah Shapiro; and treasurer, Mrs. Max C. Cohn. Following the installation of officers and the transaction of other matters, the Liberty loan drive was discussed. Songs were contributed by Miss Mary Levine and other members of the association also entertained.

The Sun prints the news of the world when it is news and only such news as it is fit to print. It is a clean family newspaper.

**Nervousness
and Neuritis**

A Complication of Pain and Sleeplessness That Yielded Quickly to the Tonic Treatment

A nervous breakdown with its symptoms of supersensitive nerves, its irritability, sleeplessness and worry is often complicated by the crushing pain of pressure on one or more nerves that is known as neuritis. If you have nervous pains, do not go to great expense for treatment until you have tried building up the blood. If you are pale the chances are very strong that the treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is all that you require.

"About a year ago I commenced to feel nervous and could not sleep nights," says Mr. D. N. Smith of 124 North street, Springfield, Mass. "My condition continued to grow worse. It was complicated with neuritis and there were peculiar pains in both of my arms. After I had suffered for over three months I saw Dr. Williams' Pink Pills recommended in the newspapers and gave them a trial. I had taken two boxes before I could see that they were helping me. Now the trouble in my arms has disappeared and I feel better in every way. I know that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are an excellent tonic and I highly recommend them to my friends."

Mr. Smith is a veteran of Company C, 52nd regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers and is well known in Springfield where he was for many years a foreman of N. Y. & N. H. railroad shops.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, the remedy that Dr. Smith recommends so highly, are a tonic for the blood and nerves. They begin at once to build up the system weakened by excess or overwork. The rich, red blood soon begins to show in cheeks and lips, the step is quicker, the eyes brighter, and the good effect is felt in every organ of the body.

Two useful books, "Diseases of the Nervous System" and "What to Eat and How to Eat" will be sent free by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by your own druggist or will be sent by mail, postpaid on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for \$2.50. Do not pay more.

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VANILLA
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**NEW SPRING
WASH FABRICS**

These materials are very light in weight but very durable in texture, and are in colors as numerous and radiant as the rainbow. Every kind of wash material is here and many new weaves are introduced in our collection. Your attention is called to the following wash goods offerings.

FRENCH TUCK VOILE 38 inches wide, one of the latest wash fabrics. In French tucking effect, in the following colors: Light grey, pink, Copenhagen, light and navy blue. Yard..... 59c	FRENCH VOILE 40 inches wide with an all-over Jacquard effect in medium blue, with tan, blue with pink, pink and black and gray with pink and green. Yard..... 59c
GEORGETTE CREPE 26 inches wide, a soft silk and cotton fabric in plain colors of maize, pink, light blue, lavender and white. Yard..... 59c	PLAID VOILES 36 inches wide, a white voile with a large plaid, in pink, green, yellow, lavender and black. Yard..... 59c
FANCY VOILES 38 inches wide, in a large plaid with fine black stripe, in lavender, green, old rose, black and blue. Yard..... 59c	FANCY EMBROIDERED VOILES 36 inches wide, a white voile with colored stripes and embroidered figures, in maize, light blue, green, pink and black. Yard..... 59c
FLORAL CHECKED VOILES 40 inches wide, an all-over floral voile with a large colored check, in blue, brown, green and pink. Yard..... 59c	WOVEN CHECK VOILES 36 inches wide, a white voile with a medium size woven check, in blue and black, yellow and black, pink and black and green and black. Yard..... 59c
SATIN STRIPED VOILE 40 inches wide, a fine navy blue voile with a brown and white satin stripe. Yard..... 59c	JACQUARD SHIRTING 32 inches wide, a silk and cotton fabric suitable for shirts, waists, etc., in a white ground with stripes of blue, lavender, green and black. Yd..... 59c

PROBATIONARY SYSTEM

Interesting Talk on "Probation and Its Possibilities" by Deputy Commissioner

"Probation and Its Possibilities" was the subject of an interesting address by Herbert C. Parsons, deputy commissioner of probation, at the welfare meeting at St. Ann's parish house in Dix street yesterday afternoon. Mr. Parsons is a man of wide experience in this line and of recognized authority and he explained the probation system from its beginning up to the present time in a manner which greatly interested his listeners.

The meeting was held under the auspices of the Lowell Social Service league in co-operation with the civilian relief committee of the Red Cross. Among those present were Hon. John J. Pickman, Probation Officer Edward F. Slatery and Charles F. Richardson, probation officer for wayward and delinquent children, also Emily M. Skilton, deputy probation officer for children and woman police inspector.

In opening Mr. Parsons said that probation is an instrumentality that the state has set up which protects the welfare, property and peace of the commonwealth. He spoke of the public taking an interest in some occurrence on the street which leads to the arrest of an offender, the trial in court and the passing of sentence. "That," he said, "is where public interest ceases; that is where the interest of the commonwealth starts."

"This is the 10th, 20th and 40th period of the new development—the probationary system—in our commonwealth. Massachusetts began its period of reformation of its criminals at first for boys and established the industrial school for boys at the Lyman school. Later we established a school for girls, now known as the Lancaster school. During the Civil war we extended this process of salvage to the older people. We later directed our attention to the saving of women and established the reformatory for women. After having succeeded in caring for the boys and girls and women we completed the program by trying to save the men and we established the reformatory for men."

In 1813, 40 years ago, the Massachusetts legislature in its wisdom provided that there should be a probation officer in the city of Boston, who was to be a police officer. Later the probation officer was made a public official. In 1880 the legislature said any city or town might have such an official. In 1891 the legislature passed a real signal law by which a probation officer was placed in all the lower courts throughout the commonwealth. He was responsible to the judge and also could be removed by that official. The probation officer was in court to inform the judge of the home environment, etc., of the prisoner at the bar, something which seldom heretofore was brought to the attention of the court.

The speaker then referred to the period when the prisons and other correctional institutions throughout the state were overcrowded with prisoners, but for the past 20 years Massachusetts has not built an additional cell in any of its prisons and at the present time half of the cells are unoccupied. Fall River built a commodious and beautiful structure for a place of confinement for prisoners, but during the past year it has been sold and is now used as an old folks' home. Last year there was a woman's prison on Deer Island in Boston harbor and when the commission visited the place it was found that the building was practically vacant simply for the reason that the state had found a way to treat women different than heretofore. That jail has also passed out of the correctional market and

**CASCO - 2 1/8 in.
CLYDE - 2 1/8 in.**

**New ARROW
COLLARS
FOR SPRING**

Cluett, Peabody & Co. Inc. Makers

The Bon Marche
PRY GOODS CO.

AMERICA!
First, Last and Always

FLAGS, FLAG POLES AND POLE HOLDERS	
WOOL BUNTING FLAGS	
3x5 ft.....\$3.49	5x8 ft.....\$7.50
4x6 ft.....\$4.98	6x10 ft.....\$10.00
8x12 ft.....\$15.00	
COTTON BUNTING FLAGS	
4x6 ft.....\$2.25	5x8 ft.....\$3.49
Printed Silk Flags	
7x10 inch.....25c	12x18 inch.....49c
COTTON SERVICE FLAGS	
2x3 ft.....49c	3x5 ft.....98c
FLAG POLES	
8 ft. pole.....75c	10 ft. pole.....98c
12 ft. pole, \$1.09	
Galvanized Pole Holders	
1 1/4 inch.....25c	1 1/2 inch.....39c

is now used by the United States government.

Continuing, the speaker said: "Half a century ago we read into the laws of the state that a person who didn't support his family was tried as a criminal. We put him in a cell, turned the key and made it sure that he couldn't go to work and support his family. But now when a man is charged with neglect he is placed in the hands of the probation officer, who sees that the man secures work and earns money for the support of those dependent upon him. During the past year \$418,000 was collected in this state by probation officers from persons who had neglected their families. Isn't it much better to reform these men by letting them secure employment and making them support their families than to close them up in jail and have the county pay their board?"

He also referred to the steps taken relative to the support of illegitimate children and support of indigent parents. At one time if a person did not have money to pay a fine he was locked up and supported by the county, but now it is different. At the present time if the offender is fined and has not got the money he is given time in which to pay the fine and is until the fine is paid in full, under the guidance of the probation officer. Last year \$31,000 was paid in suspended fines in this state. Last year the state of Rhode Island as a result of confining people who could not pay fines, asked the legislature for \$340,000 to pay back bills. Such a thing is unknown in this state.

"You must treat a person helpfully instead of hurtfully," said Mr. Parsons. "A person who is committed to jail for a long period feels that he has been unjustly treated and develops a feeling to get square with the people who sent him there."

System Big Success

"The probationary system has been a success all over the country. You have all heard of what Mr. Osborne did at Sing Sing, one of the largest penal institutions in the country, where the worst criminals are confined. Several years ago the sheriff of a jail in North Carolina allowed 456 of the trustees to go unattended to their homes to spend Christmas. Did they return? Every one of them. The following year he allowed 650 prisoners to go to their homes for two weeks and gave each man \$10 in money. That was a great temptation, it might be said, but not one of them failed to return at the appointed time. Down in the state of Louisiana the prisoners are put to work on sugar plantations, while in New Mexico and other states the prisoners are put to work in the open under guards of

**After Sickness
They Gave
Her Vinol**

**And She Soon Got Back
Her Strength**

New Castle, Ind.—"The measles left me run down, no appetite, could not rest at night, and I took a severe cold which settled on my lungs, so I was unable to keep about my household. My doctor advised me to take Vinol, and six bottles restored my health so I do all my housework, including washing. Vinol is the best medicine I ever used." Alice Record, 67 So. 11th St., New Castle, Ind.

"We guarantee this wonderful cod liver and iron tonic, Vinol, for all weak, run-down, nervous conditions. Liggett's Liker-Jaynes Drug Store, Lowell Pharmacy, Routhier & Delisle, Props., Falls & Berksbury, P. J. Campbell, Lowell, and at the best drug store in every town and city in the country."

their own choice, the latter not being armed with any weapon.

"The idea of correction is to build people up instead of allowing them to remain idle in an institution. Twenty-five per cent. of the people in penal institutions are feeble-minded. In 1914 it was found that 14,000 of the people confined in this state had been imprisoned before, the average being six or seven times. Some courts have resorted to the probationary system when unable to determine just what disposition to be made, knowing that the probation officer has a better opportunity to study the life and environments of the person.

"Ninety per cent. of women leading disorderly lives are feeble-minded; they are mentally defective. Judges have got to find out the mental defect and find out the best treatment and in a helpful manner. It isn't necessary to put a man behind walls before you begin to inquire what we can do for him. We are reducing the number of criminals so that we can look forward to the time when we can restore the man back to society."

At the conclusion of Mr. Parsons' address he was tendered a rising vote of thanks.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

The regular meeting of Loyal Integrity lodge, L.O.O.F., M.U., was held Monday night in Odd Fellows building. Noble Grand Sidney Fryer presiding. Two new members were elected to membership, and it was voted to have another star added to the service flag for Ernest J. Hillman, who joined the army within the past few weeks. One new member was initiated.

Integrity Staff association held its regular meeting Sunday morning, April 7. President Smith presided. A communication from Joseph H. Handford, editor of the official paper, was read urging members to subscribe for the "Manchester Unity Bulletin." The bowling committee reported that in the last match Integrity team lost by four points to Merrimack Valley. Thursday evening of this week the match will be between Wameet and Merrimack Valley teams. There was a fine rehearsal of the drill under Chief of Staff P.G. Thomas M. Smith. For the social hour an entertainment was carried out as follows: Remarks, N.G. Sydney Fryer; Deputy: Willis Bowles, P.G. George E. Mackley, Thomas Hosty, P.P.G.M. Edward T. Mackley; song, P.G. Willis Bowles, and song, P.G. Frank Bowles. There was a very large attendance with many visitors from Wameet and Merrimack Valley lodges.

The gold degree will be worked by Wameet lodge at their meeting on Monday evening, April 15, in Encampment hall, Odd Fellows building, Middlesex street.

The regular meeting of Lady Franklin council, Sons and Daughters of Liberty, was held Monday night in Post 135 hall. Councilor Myrtle Foster presiding. There was a good sized attendance and plans were discussed relative to attending the state session of the order which will meet in New Bedford on May 8. Several new names were added to the list already brought in for the class initiation next month. There will be a supper served to the members on the next meeting night, April 22, at the nominal sum of 25 cents apiece. Sister Mary Foster will be in charge.

After the meeting a good time, provided by the social committee, was enjoyed by the members. There was a peanut hunt, also a lively game of bean bag, which was won by Mabel Ackley. Ice cream and fancy crackers also were served.

**MEMBERS OF THE COPLEY SOCIETY
OF BOSTON VISIT THE
WHISTLER HOUSE**

Fifty members of the Copley society of Boston visited the Whistler house yesterday afternoon as the guests of the Lowell Art association, and after viewing the exhibit of paintings by J.M.W. Turner, they gathered in the parlor of the house. President Joseph A. NeSmith welcomed them in a few remarks and Rev. Alfred H. Hussey read an interesting paper on the ideals of the

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OUTFITS**

The thrifty woman of today looks to Bucilla Embroidery and Crochet Package Outfits to help her dress better, make her home more beautiful and have the little ones daintily attired, at a minimum cost. Her leisure moments are pleasantly occupied in following the simple clear directions to be found in each package and she is sure of having more than enough material in each outfit to complete her work.

BUCILLA STYLES are leaders always. For quality, economy and convenience they have no equal in the following packages—

GOWNS	CARRIAGE ROBES
CORSET COVERS	CHILDREN'S HATS
CAMISOLES	CHILDREN'S DRESSES
SCARFS	CAKE TRAY DOILIES
BOUDOIR PILLOWS	
DOILIES	
CENTERPIECES	
BABY BONNETS	
KNIFE, FORK AND SPOON CASE	
HOT ROLL COVERS	
DRESSING SACQUES	
CARRIAGE PILLOWS	

late Auguste Rodin as compared with the ideals of Whistler.

Desmond Fitzgerald spoke for the visitors and emphasized the great good and opportunity for expansion which such a society as the Lowell Art association entails. Mr. Fitzgerald knew Whistler well and spoke in a reminiscent mood of the Lowell artist and also of James B. Francis.

Frederick W. Coburn, secretary of the Copley society and a Lowell man by birth, spoke of the work which was being done by various art societies in adjacent cities.

After the speaking, tea was served by Mrs. Frank E. Dunbar and Mrs. Theodore E. Parker, assisted by a number of young women.

ENLISTMENTS GREATLY STIMULATED BY VISIT OF BRITISH TANK BRITANNIA

BOSTON, April 10.—Enlistments in the British and Canadian armies at the recruiting mission headquarters here were greatly stimulated by the visit of the tank Britannia, officials of the mission announced today. One hundred British subjects volunteered in two days and 60 of that number were accepted by the medical officers.

REPORT GERMANS AND UKRAINIANS HAVE OCCUPIED KHARKOV

LONDON, Tuesday, April 9.—The Bolshevik government announces that it has received news that the Germans and Ukrainians have occupied Kharkov, according to a Reuter despatch from Petrograd.

Kharkov is 400 miles south of Moscow and is the farthest point east yet reached by the Germans.

SCHOONER YACHT CORONET SOON TO END HER DAYS IN SARDINE CARRYING TRADE

BOSTON, April 10.—The schooner yacht Coronet, which received notoriety some years ago when owned by the Holy Ghost and U.S. society, will end her days in the sardine carrying trade. It was learned here today. The yacht was bought from the society by owners of a cannery at Deep Cove, Me.

UNIONS ENGAGED IN SHIP CONSTRUCTION ARRANGE FOR ARBITRATION

BOSTON, April 10.—A committee representing unions of blacksmiths, boilermakers and machinists today sought a conference with shipyard owners in this vicinity to choose a satisfactory arbitrator or examiner, who would consider any difference that might arise between the men and their employers. The committee was appointed by the metal trades council at the request of the shipping board. The unions represented include 85 per cent. of the men engaged in ship construction and repairing.

RELATIVES AND FRIENDS TENDER FAREWELL RECEPTION TO JOHN TOY

After being banquetted at the Glendale camp on Saturday night, John Toy was tendered a farewell reception by his relatives and friends at his home, 7 Nelson avenue, on Sunday evening. Mr. Toy resigned an important position in Boston to enlist in the Quartermasters' Corps of the United States army as an expert on magnetic and lightning systems. At the Glendale camp, friends of the young soldier presented him a wrist watch, while the gifts of his relatives and friends on Sunday evening consisted of a shaving outfit, military set and enough cigars to keep him supplied for many months. Mr. Toy is well liked by all who know him, and when his relatives and friends heard of his enlistment they planned to send him away well supplied. Many of those present spoke in the highest terms of the young man, praising him for his action in joining the colors, and wishing him a safe trip and success on the field of battle. A musical program, with Walter Davis, the Glendale orchestra, Thomas Heslian, Edward Flynn and others contributing proved very enjoyable. Refreshments were served.

Mr. Toy left Monday for Baltimore, and he expects to sail for France in the near future.

CADET FLYER KILLED WHILE ATTEMPTING A SPINNING NOSE DIVE

FORT WORTH, Tex., April 10.—Morris D. Smith, a cadet flyer, was killed at Hicks Field, near here, late yesterday, when his airplane crashed while he was attempting a spinning nose dive. Smith was 25 years old. His home was in Massachusetts.

R R R
Arc Letters of Credit
Good in Every Home in Every Country on the Globe

Radway's Ready Relief
25c
50c
All Druggists

USED EXTERNALLY FOR
Sore Throat, Sore Back, Lumbago, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Sore Muscles, Cold in Chest.

**Has No Disagreeable Odor
Will Not Stain the Clothes**

Make Me Prove That There Is Such a Thing as Painless Dentistry

No matter how nervous you are or how sensitive your teeth may be I can crown, fill or extract them absolutely without pain. This is an actual fact. One trial will convince you.

MY PRICES ARE JUST 1/2 CHARGED YOU BY OTHER DENTISTS

FULL SET TEETH \$5.00

Gold Crowns.....\$3 and \$5
Bridge Work.....\$3 and \$5
Fillings.....50c up
PAINLESS EXTRACTING FREE

When Plates Are Ordered

No high prices in my office. Here in my office high grade, painless dentistry go hand in hand with reasonable charges.

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LOAN**
4 1/4%
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S. ANARGYROS
CAPITAL STOCK OWNED BY F. LORILLARD CO.

BEST INVESTMENT

**My last dollar, if
needed, Uncle Sam!**
My word is my bond.

Murad

Your Garden

GARDEN STUDY PROFITABLE—
READ GARDEN BOOKS AND
SEED CATALOGS

The first thing to do if you're going to start a war garden to supply your stable with food this year is to study gardening.

Sit right down this evening and write to one or a few seed firms, asking them for their latest seed catalogs.

While waiting for them stop in at the public library and borrow a book on gardening. If you can get any of Prof. Bailey's gardening books, do so. Read it, and get another. That's a pleasant and profitable way to spend

these evenings. Get the children interested in reading about gardening. When the seed catalogs arrive, study them. There's a lot of useful information as to when, how and where to sow seeds. Also, the catalogs will get you acquainted with the vegetables you are going to grow.

Now's the time for the family garden conference. Decide on what you want to raise in your backyard or vacant lot garden. Pick those vegetables your family likes best. If they are especially fond of lettuce and dislike onions, give more space to lettuce and little or none to onions.

Of course, it is always advisable for the small gardener to grow the so-called "little" vegetables, radishes,

Mothers! Don't Give Children Nauseous Medicine for Colds

Local Druggists Are Offering an
"Outside" Treatment on
30 Days' Trial

Children's Stomachs Are Delicate—
Easily Upset by Constant Internal
Dosing. The Best Way To Prevent
Colds Is To Allow the Children Regular
Out-Door Exercise—Keep Plenty
of Fresh Air in the Bedroom at
Night, and, at the First Sign of
Trouble, Apply the Southern External
Vapor Treatment.

Fifteen years ago a North Carolina Druggist discovered a process of combining the old-fashioned remedies, Camphor, Turpentine and Menthol, with certain volatile oils, in salve form, so that when applied over the throat and chest the body heat would release these ingredients in the form of vapors. These vapors, breathed in all night long, carry the medication,

with each breath, to the air passages and lungs. In addition, the preparation is absorbed through and stimulates the skin, taking out that tightness and soreness in the chest.

Today this treatment, known as Vick's VapoRub, is universally used throughout the south in preference to internal dosing. By arrangement with the manufacturers the local druggists are offering 35c jars on 30 days' trial, the purchase price to be refunded if you are not delighted with the results. You have to try VapoRub to realize its remarkable effect, not only for deep chest colds, sore throat, bronchitis or incipient pneumonia, but for head colds, asthmatic or catarrhal troubles. Croup is usually relieved within fifteen minutes and an application at bedtime prevents a night attack.

VapoRub is particularly recommended to mothers with small children as it is externally applied and can therefore be used freely and often with perfect safety on the smallest member of the family.

NO ADVANCE IN PRICE—25c., 50c., \$1.00

SURPRISE

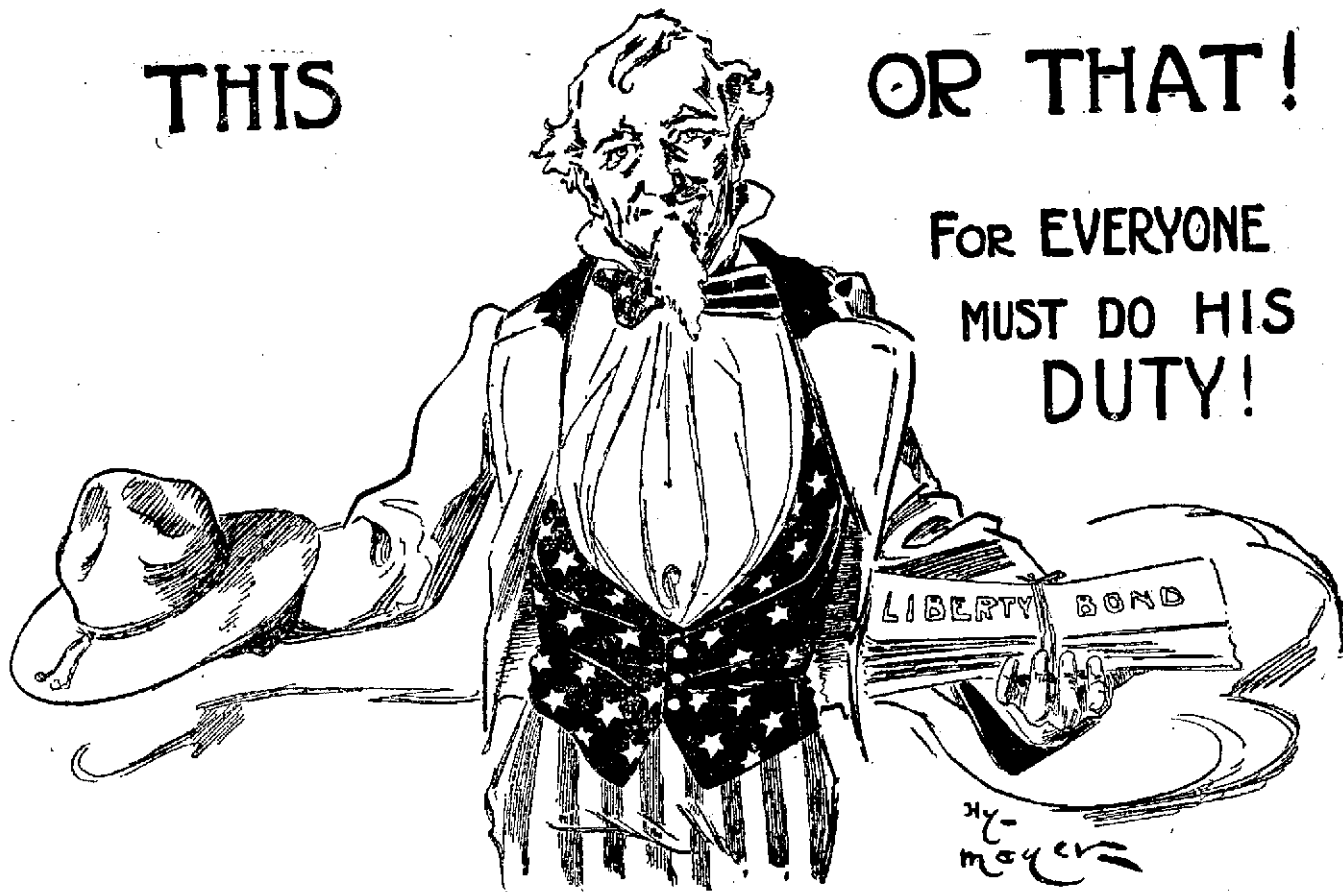
DIRT can easily be removed by placing a small amount of **SURPRISE CLEANSER** WITHOUT water on the spot you wish to remove, and brushing with a scrubbing brush or nail brush until the DIRT is loosened. Wipe out with wet cloth, sponge or rinse in water as convenient.

Whole Rugs or Art Squares can thus be cleansed to good advantage without removing them from the floor.

THIS

OR THAT!

FOR EVERYONE
MUST DO HIS
DUTY!



lettuce, beets, carrots, dwarf peas and beans, rather than such large space users as corn, melons, pumpkins, squash, or even potatoes or tomatoes. The latter two, however, are found in most war gardens, and should be in all if the plot is large enough. In vacant lot gardens, of course, everything from corn to pumpkins can be raised.

If possible, get a vacant lot near your home, even if you have to walk a few blocks to get to it. Health experts insist walking is good for humans.

Now is a fine time to scout around for that vacant lot. There may be one nearby, unused, which can get you free, if you clean it up and keep the weeds down.

Having decided upon backyard or vacant lot, you are ready to plan your war garden. We'll talk about this in the next lesson.

Put this out and paste it in your garden scrap book.
(Another garden lesson tomorrow.)

**MEMBERS OF COURT MERRIMACK
F. OF A. URGED TO HELP IN
WAR WORK**
The meeting of Court Merrimack, Foresters of America, held last night in Grifton hall took the form of a patriotic assembly and during the evening the meeting was addressed by several members who spoke on the present world war. Chief Ranger

Thomas F. Kelley presided and during the business session a communication was read from the supreme executive committee of the supreme court relative to the big drive for new members which is scheduled to start on May 1. The committee of the sick fund reported several members on the sick list.

At the conclusion of the business session the evening's exercises were turned over to Lecturer John F. Hendricks who spoke on the present war and urged every member to contribute his full share in the war work. In closing he took occasion to emphasize the importance of helping the government by subscribing for the third Liberty loan.

Brother James F. Miskella was introduced and gave a most interesting talk on "Fraternity and the Flag." He treated the subject in an able manner and aroused his audience to enthusiasm when he called upon every one to hold sacred everything that the Stars and Stripes represented and to be ready and willing to sacrifice even life itself for its cause. During the course of his remarks the service flag of the court, which was presented at the last meeting, was raised. Later in the evening an enjoyable musical program was given by the Foresters Glee club.

The committee responsible for the success of the affair consisted of the following members: Thomas F. Kelley, John F. Hendricks, John P. Sullivan, James Ahearn, E. J. McInerney, John Reid, Michael Reid, Arthur Bernhart, Richard J. Townsend. The next regular meeting will be held Tuesday evening, April 23.

LOCAL LABOR UNIONS HOLD MEETINGS

At a meeting of the members of the Twisters' union held last evening, the recently elected officers were inducted into office, President John Hanley of the Lowell Textile council acting as installing officer. The new board of officers who took the oath of office last evening is composed of the following: Charles Coppens, president; William Hamilton, vice president; Frank Greenhalge, secretary-treasurer; Alfred Desjardins, recording treasurer; Viateur Croisiere, Willingdon Langevin and Alfred Hervieux, trustees; Orrin Normandin, sergeant-at-arms.

Building Laborers
Only routine business was transacted at the regular meeting of the members of the Building Laborers' union, which was held at 32 Middle street last evening. The meeting was presided over by President J. B. Gilson.

Leather Workers
Vice President Buckley presided over the regular meeting of the Leather Workers' union, which was held last evening in Central street. Important

matters concerning the organization were discussed.

Carpenters' Union
The Liberty loan campaign was the topic of discussion at a regular meeting of the Carpenters' union last evening. President Sanford P. Leary occupied the chair and routine business was transacted.

**500 MEMBERS OF MASS. SONS OF
VETERANS NOW IN THE
SERVICE**

BOSTON, April 10.—Election of officers was the principal business to come before the Sons of Veterans at their state encampment today. Rufus A. Soule, Jr., of New Bedford, was nominated for division commander at the preliminary session yesterday. More than 500 members are now in the service of the country, Ernest W. Homan of Lynn, the retiring commander, announced in his annual report.

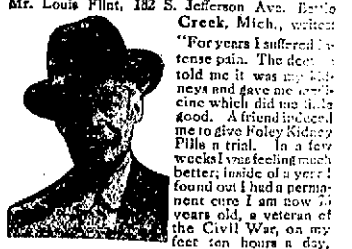
Why Not Drive Poison Out?

DO you realize that the kidneys never have a moment's rest? They work all the time, day and night, year in and year out, filtering poisonous waste products from the blood. Is it any wonder the kidneys get out of order, weak, or too tired to keep the blood stream clear of impurities?

When the kidneys falter, trouble begins. The waste matter accumulates in different parts of the system, and backache, swollen joints, aching muscles, pains inside, biliousness, blurred vision, puffy pouches under eyes, or rheumatic pains result.

Foley Kidney Pills

Help weak, tired, disordered kidneys to do their work. They strengthen and heal the kidneys, soothe and regulate the bladder and have a splendid tonic action on the liver.



You can help your kidneys keep your system clear of poisons by taking Foley Kidney Pills. Two pills a day.

7-20-4
Factory output two hundred thousand daily. Largest selling brand of 10c Cigars in the world. Factory, Manchester, N. H.

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STOPPED
For Over 50 Years**
by DR. KLINE'S EPILEPTIC
REMEDY. It is a rational and remarkably successful treatment for Epilepsy (Falling Sickness) and kindred Nervous Disorders. Get or order it at any drug store.

FREE
Send for our valuable book on Epilepsy. It is
Dr. R. H. KLINE CO.,
Red Bank, N. J.

WANTED
Information about the friends or relatives of Timothy Brown, who died March 5. Any person having knowledge of the above please address at once, 201 Thorndike St., Lowell, Mass.

BIG PATRIOTIC MEETING

command—and each delivered his message with the little accoutrements of his special art. Mr. Walsh spoke as the orator, the man who dramatizes that which he wants to drive home. The two educators spoke from the point of view of men who coldly reason out every situation and then present it to their listeners as indisputable logic. And all three men "got" their listeners in their own peculiar manner.

It was a patriotic meeting, first and last. The drill shed was profuse with the national colors. Long before the hour scheduled for the beginning of activities, the army was filled. Every effort was made to turn no one away but eventually it became physically impossible to crowd another person into the big building. As one entered he sensed the patriotic atmosphere right away. High school officers in navy uniforms and members of the state guard acted as usherers. There were flags and bunting every-

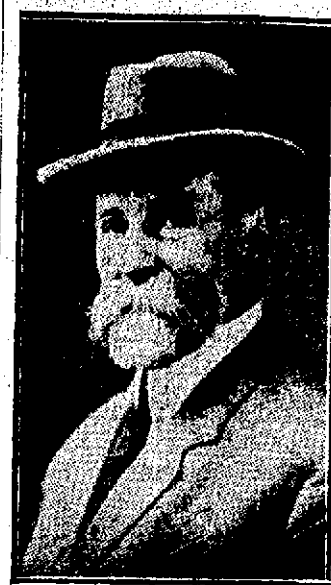


Resinol

surely did knock out that eczema

Three days ago, my arm was simply covered with red, itching eruption and I thought I was up against it for fair. But Joe had a jar of Resinol in his kit. I used a little and the itching stopped right off. In the morning most of the redness was gone and a couple more applications finished it up.

Resinol is sold by all druggists.



PROF. ALBERT B. HART



HON. DAVID I. WALSH

where. Shortly before the speakers entered, a detachment of Spanish War Veterans took their places at the left of the platform. Then the reception committee took its place at the right of the platform and shortly after 8.15 half a hundred Boy Scouts, representing various troops, marched down the aisle of the assembly to the front of the platform while the U. S. Garibaldi Co. band played a stirring march or welcome. The procession was but a continuation of the street parade which had been held through the main streets. Old Glories intermingled with the troop flags of the Scouts lent color to the procession and then came the speakers who were escorted to their places on the platform. A prolonged cheer went up as the notables came to view.

Scout Executive Alex E. Williams asked the audience to rise while "To the Colors" was being blown by Eugene Wilbur Roberts. When the last note had died out the Scouts gave their oath of allegiance to the flag. Then Mrs. F. L. Roberts sang "America" and the crowd joined in with an enthusiasm that spelled patriotism. The band again sent out a stirring march and the Scouts retraced their

steps to the rear of the hall and took up their positions in the balcony. This was the prelude to the evening's meeting.

Mayor Perry D. Thompson congratulated the audience for the excellent showing which it had made and in welcoming the speakers of the evening said: "I want them to know that we welcome them to a city that has ever stood in the forefront of real American patriotism."

From Camp Devens

Capt. William W. Cowgill, aide to Maj. Gen. Hodges at Camp Devens, was the first speaker and said that many people had asked why this country should raise Liberty loans to pay the bills of France and England. The only answer is that the United States will not win this fight alone but only with the aid of her allies such as France and England. He paid a tribute to the soldiers of this country when he said: "I have officered many of your sons and brothers and I am willing to state that our men, properly trained, are the finest soldiers in the world."

"There's a Long, Long Trail," one of the most popular products of the war,

C. B. COBURN CO.

How to Use DRY LIME SULFUR

For dormant spraying against such scale insects as San Jose Scale and Oyster Scale, use 10 to 15 pounds of Dry Lime-Sulfur dissolved in 50 gallons of water. For summer spraying on such seed fruits as apples, pears and quinces when used in combination with Arsenate of Lead, use from 2 to 5 pounds of Dry Lime-Sulfur to 50 gallons of water, in combination with the usual proportion of Dry Arsenate of Lead or Paste Arsenate of Lead. On such stone fruits as peaches and plums, use from 1 to 1½ pounds of Dry Lime-Sulfur to 50 gallons of water in combination with the usual strength of Arsenate of Lead.

PRICES: 1-lb. 25c 10-lb. 1.90 5-lb. 1.10 25-lb. 4.40

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Free City Motor Delivery

C. B. COBURN CO.

63 MARKET STREET

was ably sung by David C. Boyle and the crowd took up the refrain enthusiastically.

Professor Hart

Professor Albert Bushnell Hart of the department of government at Harvard university, was next introduced. Professor Hart was given a warm reception before he began and when he had concluded, his oration was one of the most enthusiastic outbursts of the evening.

"We all represent one branch or another of this vast army that is fighting for democracy," he said. "I represent the National Security League. You may belong to the Red Cross or some other equally potent organization. And then there is the Public Service reserve, in which you may sign up to fill any gap where a man or a woman is needed."

"Such meetings as this one tonight sprang from the plan of the National Security League. A mass of teachers throughout this country are working with it. They have in mind millions of school children who are to make up our coming generations, and who are to be taught what America means, and what its contribution to the world is to be. They have sensed the responsibility of the times—as we all have—that this war is being fought to keep the lamp of liberty alight in the world. "Is there a person here who needs to be encouraged to stand by the country in this hour of trial? It is a dreadful hour. Succeeding generations will look back upon it as the day of liberty, the day of oppression, the day when the oppressed, the weak, the sick, the hungry were liberated. We are comfortable, well fed, because many brave men are standing in the trenches whose sacrifice tomorrow will see them no more. "I want to give you a word picture of what will happen in the event that we are not victorious. If the German waves should pour over to the channel ports, break through to Paris—who's going to pay for it? We are. How have we had the chance to spend the year in preparation? Because other men, the men of our allies, have bared their breasts to what Germany has sent toward them."

"There is nothing we can do to placate this empire. It will never be satisfied while the flag of the United States flies on high on equal terms with the flags of the other powers. "The Germans are anxious to make peace. I know it because they have repeatedly talked it. If President Wilson hadn't made that stubborn, Scotch-Fishy speech in Baltimore the other day, and had asked Germany, instead, what her terms were, they would have found out that Germany would have agreed to evacuate Belgium and northern France and have given over Alsace-Lorraine. And Germany, on such a peace, would have been a cancer eating into the east. But Germany, who is making such desperate enemies, cannot resign perpetually."

"Germany is successful in exploiting the east she can be made over 200,000,000 people, instead of 85,000,000. She can have a potential army of 50,000,000 soldiers—Austrians, Ukrainians, Turks, Bulgarians, Finns. She can have 20,000,000 first line soldiers. That is the power Germany will be if she can continue to make that ulcer eat into the east. She will leave France and Belgium, aye, Alsace-Lorraine alone if there is only one power in the world which can counteract that influence of Germany. It is the United States. And until we can come, that ulcer will eat into the very vitals of the world."

"I'm a pacifist at heart. I would give anything for an honorable peace, but I will not give my children's liberty, the freedom of my country and the future of democracy—no, not even for peace."

Mrs. Roberts sang "Keep the Home Fires Burning" and again the crowd joined in the chorus.

Professor Adams

Mayor Thompson then told of Professor George M. McElroy of Princeton, who was scheduled to speak at the meeting, being detained unavoidably in New York by an over-pressure of business. He said that a worthy substitute had been secured, however. In the person of Professor E. D. Adams, executive head of the department of history at Leland Stanford university, California. Professor Adams gave one of the predominant impressions of being a scholar. He had facts and figures to prove Germany's bad faith and he poured them out in a convincing manner.

"If I were to give you a historical address here, I would not need to tell the story of the birth of liberty in these New England states which has spread to so many other countries. "We went to war because we could no longer remain out and maintain our self-respect. Another cause was that the German empire had said that it was not bound by good faith in its relations with other nations. Belgium is the hallmark of international relations in this war."

"There is a real battle to be fought in this war against the power of evil. I know that the German people are just as firmly imbued with the belief that their cause is the right one as are the people of this country. "We may hope that at the conclusion of this war a convulsion of feel-

THE JAMES CO

Merrimack Street, Cor. of Palmer

Thursday Clearaway

DRESSES

20 Serge Dresses, good serviceable models, taken from our regular stock and offered you at this remarkable saving. These are mostly navy blue. Former prices 9.98 to 12.75.

6.95

SUITS

We have taken a few of our Suits and marked them at this extremely low figure. These are the new Eton and box coat effects. Formerly 18.50 to 25.00.

16.50

WAISTS

Crepe de Chine and Georgette Blouses in all the wanted colors. Some embroidered, frill models and tailored effects. Former price 3.98.

2.98

We have also repriced a number of Skirts, Coats, Corsets, Bathrobes, Middy Blouses and Sweaters.

OWING TO THE EXTREME REDUCTIONS WE CANNOT ALTER THIS MERCHANDISE

A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

THURSDAY Thrift Day

Wash Goods Section

Plain Colored Voile, 40 inches wide, nice crispy finish, in all the desirable shades. Thursday Morning Only.....24c Per Yard

Cotton Challies, 28 inches wide (remnants), in a large assortment of dainty floral designs, and also some very pretty stripes, light and dark effects. Regular price 25c yard. Thursday Morning Special.....15c Per Yard

White Dimity, 27 inches wide, a nice fine quality, in checks and stripes. Thursday Morning Only.....12½c Per Yard

Serpentine Crepe, 30 inches wide, in a good assortment of plain and fancy colors. Worth 39c per yard. Thursday Morning Only.....17c Per Yard

PALMER STREET CENTRE AISLE

The Underpriced Basement

Aero Cloth—Mill remnants of Bates Aero Crepe Cloth, 32 inches wide, fine quality, in assorted patterns; 25c value, at.....15c Yard

Tudor Cretonne—One case of mill remnants of Tudor Cretonne, all new spring patterns; 25c value, at.....15c Yard

Ticking—1000 yards of mill remnants of Bed Ticking, fancy stripes, good heavy quality; 39c value, at.....20c Yard

Curtain Scrim—35 pieces of heavy Curtain Scrim; full pieces, in white, cream and ecru; 19c value, at.....10c Yard

Long Cloth—36 inches wide, Long Cloth, excellent quality for fine lingerie; 25c value, at.....15c Yard

Cotton Blankets—One case of Cotton Blankets for single bed, in white and gray; \$1.50 value, at.....\$1.00 Pair

Crash Toweling—25 pieces of heavy union linen Crash Toweling, bleached; 19c value, at.....12½c Yard

Percal—Mill remnants of percale in light and dark colors, 36 inches wide, all new patterns; regular 25c value on the piece, only, at.....15c Yard

Dress Gingham—Two cases of gingham remnants, fine quality, plain chambray, stripes and checks; regular 25c value, only, at 17c Yard

Ready-to-Wear Section

White Skirts—30 dozen White Skirts, made of extra good cotton with deep embroidery flouncing; 50c value, at.....35c Each

Shirt Waists—Ladies' Shirt Waists of fine lingerie, organdie, plain and striped voiles, in a large assortment of new styles; \$1.00 value, at.....50c Each

Men's Furnishing Section

Men's Working Shirts—Men's Working Shirts, made of heavy chambray and striped chevrons, in a full assortment of sizes, at 50c Each

Welcome Laundry Soap

5 Cakes For 30c

MERRIMACK STREET BASEMENT

ing of the German people will come but this won't come without victory.

"Many have become an immoral nation as a result of the war. Listen to this quotation from the pastor of the emperor of Germany: 'My heart rings with joy when I read of the noble achievement of the commander who destroyed the Lusitania.' See what we are up against."

"Henry Needham, basso, sang the stirring 'Battle Hymn of the Republic' and was given the support of the audience when he came to the successive refrains.

Hon. David I. Walsh

In introducing the final speaker of the evening, Mayor Thompson said that it gave him unusual pleasure to do so owing to the fact that Mr. Walsh and himself had been schoolmates a number of years ago.

Three cheers and a tiger were given Mr. Walsh and in opening, he said he didn't know just where he fitted in with the other two speakers who were educators. "Perhaps it is because that I was once professor of government in Massachusetts that I have been invited to speak here with these two men."

"What would you do if your mother or sister had been insulted? You would go to her and ask: 'Mother, what can I do to avenge this insult. How can I serve you?'"

"Our mother government has been insulted, her rights have been violated, and it is the duty of every red-blooded American to go to her and to ask: 'What can I do, where can I go, to avenge this insult. How can I serve you?'"

Acids in Stomach

Cause Indigestion

Create Gas, Sourness and Pain—How to Treat.

Medical authorities state that nearly nine-tenths of the cases of stomach trouble, indigestion, sourness, burning, gas, bloating, nausea, etc., are due to an excess of hydrochloric acid in the stomach and not, as some believe, to a lack of digestive juices. The delicate stomach lining is irritated, digestion is delayed and food sour, causing the disagreeable symptoms which every stomach sufferer knows so well.

Artificial digestants are not needed in such cases and may do real harm. Try laying aside all digestive aids and instead get from any druggist a few ounces of Bisulphate Magnesia and take a teaspoonful in a quarter glass of water right after eating. This sweetens the stomach, prevents the formation of excess acid and there is no sourness, gas or pain. Bisulphate Magnesia, in powder or tablet form, never liquid or milk, is harmless to the stomach, inexpensive to take and is the most efficient form of magnesia for stomach purposes. It is used by thousands of people who enjoy their meals with no more fear of indigestion. For sale at Liggett-Riker-Jaynes Drug Stores and other leading druggists.

What can I give, how can I serve?"

"She is now in a combat for her very existence. She never needed love, the spirit of sacrifice more than she does today. She expects every man and woman and child to give his or her service for the success of this war. This is a country of equality of opportunity, and such equality of opportunity implies equality of sacrifice in times of stress. But who makes the sacrifice?"

"The government is crying out for service and sacrifice. On which group does the demand for greatest sacrifice rest? Not the old men, who have made their success or failure, and who are soon to step to eternity. Not the middle-aged men, who, also, have made their success or failure, but on the shoulder of the bright-eyed, physically fit manhood of the country does the government lay her hand. And she has such manhood to 'Come.' Where? Into the midst. We pray God that life may lift those midsts. But we are sure of one thing, that danger is near, and that we resent the insult which has been cast upon that flag."

A Nation's Manhood

"Money, wealth, power do not make up for the greatest thing in life—the perfect physical manhood. It is not money, wealth or power that makes a nation great—no, it is its manhood, physically fit. And the cry is for more man power, and more and more. Now we know that the boy who gives up his life to the service of his country gives more than does any millionaire or any billionaire."

"If every man and woman here tonight put onto that table there all he or she had earned in his or her life time it would not begin to compare with what many a boy is giving up tonight in France. Don't talk to me about buying Liberty bonds, about contributing to the Y.M.C.A., Red Triangle, the Knights of Columbus or any other organization. You can't compare any contribution you will make with the gift to freedom and democracy that thousands are making every day and night. If our boys can live to such nobility of service, to such greatness of sacrifice, what can you do in the way of service? Those boys are fighting for the life, the honor, the flag of the noblest country on God's earth. There has been more misery, more poverty, more murder in the last four years than in the 2000 years previously. And that murder has gone on under the sea, where that evil power has bombarded innocent ships, carrying innocent persons. But her day will come. "There's coming a day in which the armies of the world will be gathered together, and when a flag is sent up to the top of a staff. That flag is going to be the Stars and Stripes. Our boys are tugging, pulling, pulling, sending it up now, and they are going to pull harder. They want you to pull, pull at that rope. Are you doing it? You must pull harder, for Old Glory must go to the peak, there to stand for equality throughout the world, and for

the death of tyranny, the death of kaisers, kings and czars."

The Trenches of Love

"Let us do our part. As no soldier fights alone, so no individual sacrifices alone. No man or woman ever did a good deed alone. Every sacrifice, every self-denial, every gift is changing for evermore the river bed of humanity. Let us, then, go into the trenches with the boys, the trenches of hope, the trenches of love, so that we may come out with them one day with victory ours and then we may welcome home our loved ones to the peace and prosperity of the United States."

"The next number was the singing of the 'Marseillaise' by Ernest Dupont and the chorus was sung by the members of Troop 25 of the Boy Scouts. The final number was the national anthem by the audience with Miss Rita Thompson sustaining the solo. Prof. Percy W. Edmund was the accompanist of the evening."

Professor William T. Sedgwick, chairman of the Massachusetts branch of the National Security League, under whose auspices last evening's meeting was held, and John A. McGilvery, executive manager for this district, were present at the meeting. To these men and to Otto Hoekmeyer, chairman of the local men's reception committee, and Mrs. James H. Carmichael of the women's committee, as well as to the members of the committees and the various local organizations which assisted in the affair must be attributed the credit for the successful gathering of last evening."

Mad. Walter H. Jeyes directed the ushering efficiently.

MOTHERS, LISTEN!

When work exhausts your strength, when your nerves are irritable and restless, when ambition lags and you feel rundown, you need and need quickly the rich, creamy, nourishing food in

SCOTT'S EMULSION

to check your wasting powers, enliven your blood and build up your nerve force. Scott's is helping thousands and will give you the strength you need.

Scott & Bown, Birmingham, N. J.

Let Us Build the Wall Higher

To keep out foreign military despots, treaty breakers and unfair fighters.

Liberty Bonds

are the safest investment in the world, because they are a direct debt of the richest nation in the world. Buy all you can — today — at any bank.

Don't criticize — energize!

CONTRIBUTED BY THE

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LOWELL LIBERTY LOAN COMMITTEE
18 Shattuck Street Tel. 802

buy liberty bonds

Frederic L. King



Let's Keep Bright the Glow in Old Glory

Let's fire its radiance anew,
That the Spirit of Right,
By its God-given Might,
Brings Peace that is lasting and true.

Let's give of our hearts and our fortunes,
For those who go forth 'cross the sea,
That our glorious Land,
Safe forever may stand,
A Beacon for World Liberty.

Subscribe to the
Third Liberty Loan
At the Nearest Bank

Donated by the Employes of Fairburn's Market, Inc., Merrimack Square

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DANIEL McGRATH
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WILLIAM BEAUREGARD
PATRICK MONTAGUE
DICK AVEDESIAN

HERBERT L. SMITH
THOMAS BELLOS
WILLIAM KNOWLES

MIRAN BARSOVIAN
HARRY SIMONDS
KATHERINE O'CONNELL

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SUN-BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

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HELP THE FARMERS

Shall the Massachusetts Agricultural college serve the plain people of this state, the farmers for whom it was intended or devote its time mainly to turning out experts who go all over the country looking for positions in which they can utilize the superiority of their knowledge? That question is now under discussion in the legislature and elsewhere and with the demand for greater food production many men who cannot be charged with any lack of common-sense are of the opinion that the college is wasting time and money in training experts whose efforts will be felt only in the future. They believe that an institution of this kind particularly at this time should teach boys to be practical farmers rather than train agricultural professors. The college apparently holds to its high standards to such an extent that the farmers feel it is above them and that it is more of a state university than a school for farmers.

Our local Textile school went through a controversy very much resembling that now waged in reference to the Agricultural college. When this school was established, the belief prevailed that mill operatives could take courses there to enable them to do much better work in their respective lines; but apart from the evening classes conducted during the winter months the mill hands derived very little benefit from the Textile school. Even these classes were too far advanced for most of those who wished to take them up. Finally it became the fixed policy of the school to serve as a textile university and to furnish less advanced instruction in the evening classes to those sufficiently advanced to benefit by them.

The result is that while the evening courses do help the ambitious workers in the mills, the day courses are conducted on a high scale and the graduates are equipped to direct the varied lines of textile manufacture with technical skill and resultant success. But they do not remain in this state. Many of them go south or west and engage in textile manufacture even in competition with the mills of Massachusetts and other New England states. They thus aid the country at large and the state that trains them but incidentally.

The result will be precisely similar in reference to the Agricultural college graduates. As the state cannot find places for so many accomplished experts, they will seek employment in other states. That this has been their course in the past is proved by the fact that in 1912 and 1916 only 8 per cent of its graduates became farmers in Massachusetts. It would, therefore, appear that if this college is to confer the greatest possible benefit upon Massachusetts, it will reach down to the level of the common farmer, take his boy from the grammar or the high school and train him in scientific farming. It is not necessary to have a high school education or to be well versed in mathematics or in the classics to become a successful farmer.

It is better to train ten boys to be first class farmers than to turn out one expert qualified to conduct a model farm on a scientific basis that is but rarely adopted.

This and other schools can best meet the demands of the hour by coming down to the level of the people rather than by barring the doors against them by tests which they cannot pass. Shorter and less advanced courses, with fewer bars in the form of entrance examinations, would popularize this college and enable it to give a great impetus to the farming industry in Massachusetts, where it is certainly needed to a greater extent than in many other states.

TO PUNISH DISLOYALTY

The senators who have been assailing the administration have been emasculating the bill now before congress providing for the punishment of parties who assail the government or the president of the United States or who oppose the sale of Liberty bonds or any measure adopted by the government to promote the war. Certain senators evinced alarm lest the proposed law should deprive them of the privilege of criticizing the president. Therefore, they insisted that the use of contemptuous language towards the president of the United States should not be included in the bill as a punishable offense.

While freedom of speech is restricted during the war, it appears that certain senators do not think they should be less free to voice their sentiments even in bitter criticism of the government than they were before the war.

Unless the bill applies to the "contemptuous criticism of the government and the president or to eulogy of the Kaiser and his government, it will be of little use, and as a result the infuriate mobs will again take the law into their own hands to inflict condign punishment.

FAIR PRICE ON WHEAT

Farmers from 23 states, meeting in Washington to attend the agricultural department's advisory committee conference, protest against the congressional proposal for \$2.50 wheat and declare that there is a fair profit in wheat at \$2.26.

It is not only a fine exhibition of patriotism on the part of these farm-

ers but it's a keynote for the fixing of wartime profits. Anything more than a fair profit on war necessities is war profiteering, and a profit that should be reduced.

But in Washington, there are other farmers who are there to get all they can, and the \$2.50 wheat proposition has an insistent backing. These fellows were glad to get \$5 cents to \$1.15 for their wheat, the year before the war, and, very likely, many of them have been holding their 1917 wheat expecting the government to fix the price at \$2.50. How they'd yell, should government put an excess profits tax on their wheat based on prices of wheat before the war!

TO PREVENT LYNCHING

To prevent mob rule the law must be rigorously enforced against all offenders. If alien enemies escape with light punishment or no punishment at all, it is quite certain that mobs will be aroused to violence. Intimidation of pro-enemy workers where they will be well fed, well housed and treated as desirable guests, is typically American and humane, but it does not meet the average American idea of what should happen to such offenders.

A stern and determined handling of

STOMACH UPSET?

Get at the Real Cause—Take Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

That's what thousands of stomach sufferers are doing now. Instead of taking tonics, or trying to patch up a poor digestion, they are attacking the real cause of the ailment—clogged liver and disordered bowels.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets arouse the liver in a soothing, healing way. When the liver and bowels are performing their natural functions, away goes indigestion and stomach troubles.

If you have a bad taste in your mouth, tongue coated, appetite poor, lazy, don't-care feeling, no ambition or energy, troubled with undigested foods, you should take Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a purely vegetable compound mixed with olive oil. You will know them by their olive color. They do the work without gripping, cramps or pain.

Take one or two at bedtime for quick relief, so you can eat what you like at 10c and 25c per box. All druggists

militant pro-Germanism in the United States with a punishment which always has fitted treason will do more to prevent repetitions of the Collinsville (Ill.) hanging than any and all appeals to "reason," and admonitions to "let the law take its course." The law must take a different course than it has been pursuing in its treatment of rabid anti-Americans or there will be other mobs and other men strung up—and some will be innocent!

Lenine's anarchy drove the border peoples into the arms of Germany," explains Czernin. And, at once, Ukraine has got to put one million tons of grain in the arms aforesaid, while Rumania gets in with \$60,000 sheep and 100,000 pigs. Looks more like being driven into the stomach of Germany.

German autocrats express their sincere regrets at having killed the counselor of the Swiss in Paris while he was in church. The neutral nations are gradually acquiring a fine collection of German sincere regrets.

SEEN AND HEARD

The Americanization of foreigners meets with our hearty approval but how about the Americanization of Americans?

As Mr. McAdoo would write "American," "this country," "is of thee," "Sweet land of liberty—bonds."

We know some fellows who are so self-conceited that they are willing to wager that Vernon Castle had nothing on them except that he knew how to dance.

We like mayflowers, strawberries, baseball bats, birds and all the accompaniments of the advent of spring, but why, O why, must "that spring feeling" have to come, too?

Not that we are pessimists or anything like that, but wouldn't the com-

Don't Let Soap Spoil Your Hair

When you wash your hair, be careful what you use. Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali, which is very injurious, as it dries the scalp and makes the hair brittle.

The best thing to use is just plain mulsified coconut oil, for this is pure and entirely greaseless. It's very cheap, and beats the most expensive soaps or anything else all to pieces. You can get this at any drug store, and a few ounces will last the whole family for months.

Simply moisten the hair with water and rub it in, about a teaspoonful is all that is required. It makes an abundance of rich, creamy lather, cleanses thoroughly, and rinses out easily. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and is soft, fresh looking, bright, fluffy, wavy and easy to handle. Besides, it loosens and takes out every particle of dust, dirt and dandruff.

BREAK A CHILD'S COLD BY GIVING SYRUP OF FIGS

Cleanses the Little Liver and Bowels and They Get Well Quick

When your child suffers from a cold don't wait; give the little stomach, liver and bowels a gentle, thorough cleansing at once. When cross, peevish, listless, pale, doesn't sleep, eat or act naturally; if breath is bad, stomach sour, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the clogged-up, constipated, waste, sour bile and undigested food will gently move out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again.

If your child coughs, sneezes and has caught cold or is feverish or has a sore throat give a good dose of "California Syrup of Figs," to evacuate the bowels no difference what other treatment is given.

Sick children needn't be coaxed to take this harmless "fruit laxative." Millions of mothers keep it handy because they know its action on the stomach, liver and bowels is prompt and sure. They also know a little given today saves a sick child tomorrow.

Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which contains directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Beware of counterfeiters sold here. Get the genuine, made by "California Fig Syrup Company."

fort station have an added significance if the Germans should suddenly take it into their thicket to bombard Merrimack square?

Or if the Germans should come marching down Central street with their 42's, wouldn't the people who happened to be on a Fletcher street car be pretty fortunate? Nobody would know where to find them. But, on second thought, where or how would the people find the Fletcher street car?

The poor man waited and waited and then waited some more for a Fletcher street car and when the car finally showed up he asked, sarcastic like, "Is this a Fletcher street car?" "Yes sir," replied the conductor, whose good nature and keen sense of humor have remained with him despite his rather disheartening job.

"Why do you run it at all?" queried the disgusted and perturbed person of the first part.

"To the accommodation of cops and firemen," said the unabashed conductor.

Many a true word spoken in jest.

Determined Parent

A southern man tells of a colored mother, living in a country district of Georgia, who was induced by her 10-year-old child to take him to the cir-

cus in a town near their home. She borrowed a wagon and a mule and set out with her offspring for the circus. The roads were bad—it had rained—and the youngster was frightened. Finally the tired mother exclaimed: "See heah, you Brasmus! Yo' set still! I've druv yo' 10 miles to en'y dis circus an' you shall en'y! If I has to pull every hair out er yo' head!" Everybody's Magazine.

Worms That Thrive on Ice

F. E. Mathes of the United States geological survey described some strange worms that abound on the lower parts of the Mount Rainier glacier. They are dark brown, slender and about an inch in length. On favorable days in July and August millions and millions of them may be found writhing on the surface of the ice, evidently breeding there and feeding on organic matter blown upon the glacier in the form of dust. "So essential to their existence," says Mr. Mathes, "is the chill of the ice that they may enter several inches, and sometimes many feet, below the surface on days when the sun is particularly hot, reappearing late in the afternoon."

Introduced Spider

The solicitor had been away in the country calling upon a client, but on his return there were signs of loafing and laziness on the part of the junior clerk.

"Thomas, that typewriter has not been touched today!" snapped the man of law.

"Oh, sir!" ejaculated the junior. "Why, I was using it only an hour ago."

"Then," thundered the employer, "how comes it that there's a spider on the machine, and that he's woven a web over the keyboard?"

"Sir," remarked the lad, "I'll tell the truth. There was a fly in the works of that machine. Rather than waste my time in entrapping the insect, sir, I—"

—introduced the spider, sir!—London Tit-Bits.

The Boy-Look

(Copyright 1918, N. E. A.) Bud, you are against the hardest game I want to call you the old chum-name. And I want to wish you luck. It's just plain hell you'll be going through.

But if you out-last the muss, there's a something, Buddy, I'm asking you. A something to bring—to us.

It isn't a feat of arms, I ask; it is more of the heart and head; it's a sort of a token to show your track.

In the world of a thoroughbred, O, you'll smash the German! The German yields.

In a fair fight, line to line: You will drive him back from the fair French fields.

You will beat him beyond the Rhine, But when you have triumphed by sword and gun

And our proud cheers ring like mad, Bud, bring me back not the head of a Hun.

But the heart of a Yankee lad. No matter how proud your martial art, No matter what else the prize, I want the American hope in your heart.

And the clean-keen look in your eyes.

I have seen men march to "the wars," and then

I have watched their homeward trek And they brought back bodies of living men.

But their eyes were cold and dead. So, Buddy, no matter what else the game,

No matter what else the prize, I want you to come back through The Flame.

With the boy-look still in your eyes! —Edmund Vance Cooke.

Summed Up in One Word

He was a lion tamer, but the man who ruled the king of the jungle was in turn ruled by his wife.

"One night he was entertained by his friends, who refused to allow him to depart until the small hours of the morning. As a result, on his homeward way, thinking that his wife would not

STYLE HEADQUARTERS

Where Society Brand Clothes are Sold

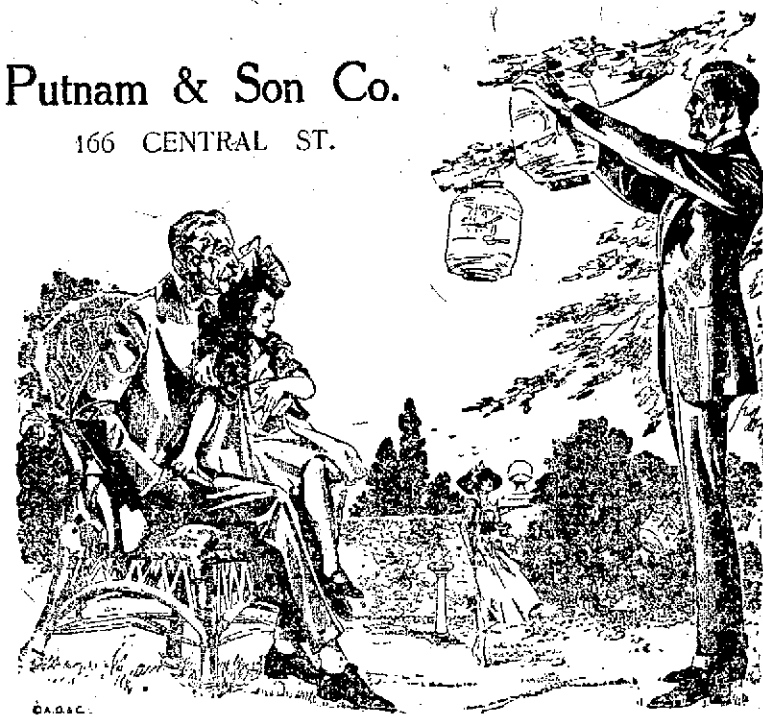
THE SPIRIT OF SPRING

THE new models express the spirit of Spring—in fabric, in style, and in colorings. Clothes that typify the tendency of the times—the mark of youth without being youthful. Glen Rocks, Melroys and Briarcliffes are the new fabrics. And navy blues, myrtle greens, russet browns, coffee browns, heather shades and iridescent effects are the new colorings.

Come in and see them

Putnam & Son Co.

166 CENTRAL ST.



CASAC.

receive him as cordially as he desired, he spent the night elsewhere. In the morning he tried to slip into the house, unobserved, but alas! a voice from the top of the stairs greeted him coldly:

"Where have you been all night, John?"

"Well, my dear, I was afraid of disturbing you so I slept in the lion's cage."

There was a moment's pause, a gritting of teeth, then down the stairs floated one word:

"Coward!"—Rehoboth Sunday Herald.

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KILL GERMANS BY THOUSANDS

American Engineers Fought Shoulder to Shoulder With Canadians

Poured Streams of Bullets Into Enemy—Sickened by Slaughter

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Monday, April 10.—(By the Associated Press.)—The American railway engineers who helped stem the tide of the onrushing Germans during the opening days of the battle now in progress, fought shoulder to shoulder with Canadian engineers in carrying out their task. They held their ground stubbornly and retired to previously prepared positions only when forced to do so, and inflicted casualties by the thousand upon the Germans as they advanced in close formation. In one place in as many as seven waves, each 10 men deep and 100 yards apart.

The Americans with the Canadians had all the ammunition they needed, and although they were unsupported by the artillery and armed only with rifles and with a few machine guns, they poured scytlieck streams of bullets into the enemy at several different times until the weapons were so hot as to be useless.

This handful of American soldiers, who were not hardened to such terrific slaughter, were sickened by the shambles they created, but fought furiously for several days, helping to hold the enemy all the way from near St. Quentin to the vicinity of Noyon.

These were the Americans mentioned at the time in the official communiqué, but these details of their experiences it has only now been possible to secure.

When the German attack began the Americans were working in the rear lines with the Canadians, under Canadian command. They quickly threw down their tools and seized the weapons with which they had been armed for some months, and formed themselves into a fighting unit. The Germans came on and finally reached the positions where the Americans were waiting.

The exact numbers of the engineers cannot be given, but they were comparatively small. They had no intention of retreating, however, and were bent upon killing all the Germans possible.

German Waves Come On

As the first gray enemy wave advanced, the American forces let them come until they were within certain range, then opened fire, pouring in a storm of bullets. Gaps appeared in the advancing lines at many places, and the large waves of the machine guns had chewed through.

Still the German waves came on, without firing a single shot—just advancing.

The Americans were unable to understand these tactics, but, nevertheless, were certain that it was a question of slaughtering the enemy or being themselves smothered under the advance. By this time their weapons were so hot that they could not be used effectively and the enemy was close, so that the engineers retired, fighting, took up another position, then turned and began operations again. A British officer who witnessed the engagement is reported to have said: "They held on by their teeth until the last moment, inflicting terrific casualties on the enemy. Then they moved back and waited for the Germans and repeated the performance."

By the time the engineers reached a place somewhat near Noyon they were nearly exhausted and almost without equipment. They were given a chance to rest and re-equip. According to all reports, they were entitled to it, for certainly they gave the Germans a generous sample of what the enemy is to expect from the American army.

During a battle unusual stories always crop up, but the following is one which the correspondent heard and it is said to have been verified:

"In one of the periods when the American engineers and their Canadian comrades in arms were holding a position, which appeared to be a British staff motor drove up. The driver was in the uniform of a British soldier, and a man in the tonneau was in the uniform of a British staff officer. The commander stepped out and asked for the commanding officer. He was taken to a Canadian officer near-by. The staff officer ordered the commander to retreat four kilometers, saying that the Germans were pressing on both flanks and he might be cut off.

For some reason the Canadian commander became suspicious. He had the staff officer searched. When the latter failed to produce his authority, and papers were found on him proving that he was a German officer, he and his chauffeur were immediately shot.

American engineer officers are said to have been present when this incident occurred.

DEATHS

CASEY—James Casey, aged 4 mos., infant child of John and Annie (Cassidy) Casey, died yesterday at the home of his parents, 106 Church street.

CRAIG—Died April 10, in this city, Robert K. Craig, aged 44 years, at his home, 142 Jewett street. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Margaret M. Craig, and two sons, John R. and James Craig.

MONROE—Michael Monroe, aged 35 years, died last evening at St. John's hospital. Deceased was a member of the Knights of Columbus. His body was taken to the funeral parlors of Undertakers James P. O'Donnell & Sons.

PETERSON—Mr. Clarence E. Peterson, a well known resident of Lowell, died last night at his home, 124 Waverly street, after a long illness. He leaves four daughters, Isabel, Helena, Molly and Mrs. Edward McHugh; four sons, Albert, in the U. S. navy, Clarence E., Jr., Frank and Edward of Lawrence, also two grandchildren. Mr. Peterson was a member of Court General Dimon Foresters of America, and Lowell Area No. 223, Fraternal Order of Eagles.

LOWELL CEMETERY PLANTS AND FLOWERS
NEW HOT HOUSES
All Varieties—All Seasons
TEL. 3841

THORLEY—Mrs. Margaret Thorley died Monday in Lynn, aged 43 years.

FUNERALS

CASEY—Impressively solemn services marked the funeral of Mrs. Catherine (O'Neill) Casey, mother of former Mayor James B. Casey, which took place this morning from her late home, 163 Howard street, at 9:30 o'clock. St. Peter's church was well filled with representatives of the various walks of life, and there were many people present from out-of-town to pay their final mark of respect to the departed.

A solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated at 10 o'clock by Rev. Daniel J. Heffernan, assisted by Rev. T. Franklin Wood, O.M.I., as deacon, and Rev. Peter Linchar, as sub-deacon. Seated in the sanctuary were Rev. John P. Flynn, O.M.I., pastor of the Sacred Heart church; Rev. Charles J. Galligan, pastor of St. Margaret's church; Rev. Francis J. Mullin of St. Michael's church, Rev. James J. McDermott, O.M.I., of the Sacred Heart church, Rev. Bernard Fletcher, O.M.I., of the Sacred Heart church, Rev. Joseph Curran of St. Patrick's church, and Rev. Daniel P. Gorman of Charlestown. During the progress of the mass the Gregorian chant was sung by the choir. At the offertory, Miss Katherine V. Hennessy sang the Pie Jesu with abundant feeling, and later solos were sustained by Miss Frances Tighe, Miss Mary Ryan, John A. McMahon and James E. Donnelly. As the casket was being borne from the church, Mr. Donnelly sang the De Profundis. Miss Lulu Ginty was the organist.

The bearers were Edward Kelley of Beverly, James McGovern of Lawrence, Joseph Jennings, James E. Gorman, Michael Monahan and Hugh Maguire. The ushers were Representative Thomas J. Corbett, James F. Hennessy, John J. Townsend, Bernard F. McArdie and Frank P. Donnelly of Portsmouth, N. H.

There were many beautiful floral offerings. Burial was in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery. Committal prayers were read at the grave by Rev. T. Franklin Wood, O.M.I., assisted by Rev. Fr. Flynn, O.M.I., Rev. Fr. McDermott, O.M.I., Rev. Fr. Heffernan, Rev. Fr. Linchar and Rev. Fr. Curran.

The funeral was under the direction of John V. Donoghue and Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons were in charge.

CUNNINGHAM—The funeral services of Mrs. Martha Jane Cunningham were yesterday afternoon at her home, 27 Fay street, and were largely attended. Rev. James Craig, pastor emeritus, of the First Presbyterian church, assisted by Rev. Joseph E. Kennedy, pastor of the same church, officiated. Appropriate selections were sung by Miss Etta Thompson and Mrs. Fred L. Roberts. The bearers were John R. Samuels, Fred and Walter Cunningham, all sons of the deceased. Burial took place in the family lot in the Edison cemetery, where the committal service was read by Rev. Mr. Craig. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker William H. Saunders.

FRYE—The funeral of Mrs. Eva L. Fyre was held at the Edison cemetery yesterday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. Alfred R. Hussey, pastor of the First Unitarian church. The bearers were Frank R. Strout, William H. Hawes, Frank D. Proctor and Lucius A. Derby. Burial was in the family lot in the Edison cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

GAGNON—The funeral of Michel Gagnon took place this morning from his home in South Chelmsford. High mass of requiem was celebrated at Notre Dame de Lourdes church at 9 o'clock by Rev. Joseph Denis, O.M.I. The bearers were Elysee L. Williams, J. Peter J. and Albert L. Gagnon, Elmer G. Falice and Warren Wright. Burial was in the family lot in the Edison cemetery. Committal prayers were read by Rev. J. R. A. Barrette, O.M.I. Funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertakers Amedee Archambault & Sons.

FUNERAL NOTICES

CHOATE—Died in this city, April 8, at the Old Laidin home, 530 Fletcher street, Mrs. Julia A. Choate, aged 76 years, 5 months, 18 days. Funeral services will be held from the home, 530 Fletcher street, on Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Friends are invited. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertaker H. A. Simmons.

CRAIG—Died April 10, in this city, Robert K. Craig, aged 44 years, at his home, 142 Jewett street. Private funeral services will be held at 142 Jewett street, Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Both the service at the house and grave will be private. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

MAGUE—Died April 10, in this city, Edwin G. Mague, aged 62 years. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 50 Dana street, Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Friends are invited without further notice. Burial at West Boylston, Mass. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

MURPHY—The funeral of the late Daniel J. Murphy will take place Thursday morning at 9 o'clock from his home, No. 34 Spring street. A solemn high funeral mass will be sung at St. Patrick's church at 10 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers Jas. P. O'Donnell & Sons.

PETERSON—The funeral of the late Mr. Clarence E. Peterson will take place Friday morning at 8:45 o'clock from his home, No. 34 Spring street. High mass of requiem at St. Patrick's church at 9:45 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Funeral Director James W. McKenna.

TRUE—The funeral of Mrs. Alice F. (McCookin) True will take place Thursday morning at 9 o'clock from the home of her mother, Mrs. Bridget McCookin, 264 Gorman st. High mass of requiem at the Sacred Heart church at 10 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Funeral Director James W. McKenna.

ANNIVERSARY MASS
There will be an anniversary mass Thursday at 8 o'clock, at the Immaculate Conception church, for the repose of the soul of the late Mrs. Mary Hurley, in memory of her beloved mother and sister, who departed from this life April 11, 1917. Inserted by Charles and John Hurley, brothers and sisters.

MASS NOTICE
A month's mind mass will be sung Friday morning at 8 o'clock at St. Peter's church for the repose of the soul of Miss Bessy Neville.

MORE MEN CERTIFIED BY EXEMPTION BOARD FOR THE NATIONAL ARMY

Night, more men were certified for the national army last evening, while 11 were referred to the medical advisory board. The men certified are as follows:
Paul Landry, 32 Bridge st.
Joseph J. Convery, 31 Lakrange st.
James P. Langston, 63 Howard st.
Russell Swan, 12 Somerset st.
Joseph Brown, 56 Franklin st.
Theophilus Georgopoulos, 44 Market st.
Joseph Breton, 76 Tremont st.
Philippe A. Traversy, 15 Fulton st.



"FIRST-FAMILY" AMERICANS AFTER KAISER'S SCALP—GO TO IT, BOYS

"Will we be allowed to scalp the kaiser if we get him?" is what old warpath and his braves wanted to know when the marines urged them to enlist.

A lot of these red-blooded, red-skinned, "first-family" Americans have joined the colors. If the government would only let 'em wear their own togs they'd scare the Hun to death. Well, they can still "Yip" "Yip" On to Berlin!

AMUSEMENT NOTES

Note—Below is what the press agents of the different theatres say of the current attractions and of others to come later.

B. F. KEITH'S THEATRE

No funnier act is imaginable than "A Pest House," which Inhof, Conn & Coreue are presenting this week at the B. F. Keith theatre. It is without one dull minute, and that is saying a lot for a comedy which runs 35 minutes. Inhof as the Irish peddler, gives a personation which is easily the best thing he has ever done, and Hugo Conn, as the deaf checker player, is also splendid.

Another good act is that given by Little Billy, the Lilliputian comedian who sings delightfully and plays over a bundle of absolutely new songs. Billy is distinctive all of the time. He dresses his bits in good style and all together makes a hit. Leo Varty and Lockwood, in "Just This and That," are also first class entertainers. All of the time they are keyed up to the real fun level, and they give their audiences a lot of real pleasure.

THE STRAND

Today offers the last opportunity of witnessing the two bright film stars, Edith Storey in "The Girl in the White Dress," and Ethel Clayton in "The Witch Woman." Both are great pictures and worthy of the highest commendation. An entirely new program is to be offered for the last three days of the week, commencing with "The Girl in the White Dress." The big feature on the bill will be the newest Mary Garden film, "The Splendid Sinner," written expressly for her by Kate Jordan. A powerful story of "Bohemia and the battle front of France," the production is said to be on a scale of magnificence unusual even for Goldwyn. Mary Garden, as Lady, the girl who became an angel of mercy, portrays the story of a woman who knew all sorrows and joys save one. Gladys Brockwell, in "Orchid," a thrilling play of the Paris underworld, is the other offering of merit. A Keystone comedy and a new Pathe Weekly will also contribute enjoyable numbers, to say nothing of the musical features by the Strand Symphony players and Conductor Martel. The soloist is Alphonse Alberti. Don't forget the "kiddies" morning matinee Saturday morning.

OPERA HOUSE

Besides an entire change of program by the Marcus Musical revue for the week-end, commencing with matinee on Thursday, the management will stage one of those enjoyable "amateur nights" on Thursday. Those who are familiar with the worth of such performances will undoubtedly avail themselves of the opportunity of seeing one of the most amusing and enjoyable features of the season. Some of the best amateur talent in and out of the city will be included in the list of performers and the best of their efforts should provide genuine merit to all. Be on hand and enjoy the bill as well as encourage your favorite representative with your prize. It certainly will be worth while.

"Follies of the Past," a new and lively arrangement of music, dancing and comedy given by a company of clever artists, will be the regular of

fering by the Marcus Musical revue. This last presentation by this organization is said to be far ahead of anything they have attempted thus far. It has all of the wit and vigor of up-to-the-minute musical comedy. The beautiful chorus will be seen to particular advantage in this offering, while the novelties and comedy work of the stars will help materially in the pleasure which the entire bill promises to patrons. Performances twice daily. Prices 10, 20, 30 cents for matinee, and 10, 20, 30 and 50 cents for nights.

COLDEST DAY OF THE YEAR AT MEMORIAL BUILDING AND CITY HALL

City hall and the Memorial building were without doubt the coldest buildings in the city this morning and that was due to the fact that the coal bins at city hall are empty and will probably not be refilled until the Coal Teamsters' strike is settled. The matter of a shortage of coal was brought to the attention of the council at yesterday's meeting and the matter was referred to the commissioner of public property, Frank A. Warnock, who stated this noon that he had been unable to get in touch with the officials of the Coal Teamsters' union, and that he would not have any coal delivered at city hall without their consent.

As a result of the heatless day at city hall the clerks of the building, particularly the women, were overcoats, sweaters and other wearing apparel that would keep them warm. Some parts of the building were comfortable, but in some offices it was almost too cold to work. One woman clerk stated this morning that she was sorry she did not follow her mother's advice, for she claimed the latter advised her after being informed that there would be no heat at city hall, to take along an oil heater.

NON-ASPHALTIC OIL

Commissioner Morse of the streets and highways department received a letter this morning from the Jennie Mfg. Co., of Boston, a petroleum refining company, to the effect that the company was in a position to supply the city with non-asphaltic oil at a rate of 14 cents a gallon or three mills a gallon less than the Boston Engineers' Supply Co. The specific gravity of the Jennie Mfg. Co. oil is 24-25, while that of the Boston Engineers' Supply Co. is 23-20.

LOWELL'S LIBERTY LOAN

Continued

reaches its quota of some three millions, it will be able to lie back and watch other communities work. This will not be true, however, if the Lowell Liberty loan committee has its say. It is the intention of the committee to have Lowell far oversubscribe her quota and this can be done easily if every body will give according to his means. In some cities the quota was raised a



A COAT SALE

EXTRAORDINARY

Starts Thursday at 9 A. M.

480 COATS—They came in today in 20 styles. Maker, not being able to obtain more materials, cut for us these handsome garments, one and two of a kind only. Poirer Twills, Serge, Silvertone, Poplin and Tweeds. If you figure the price of goods as today, the saving to you is from \$5 to \$10 each. A grand assortment of colors, sizes to 44; in colors navy and black, to 50. We will sell the lot quickly.

\$19.75, \$25.00 and \$29.75

Be On Hand Thursday When Sale Commences

50 COATS, DISCONTINUED STYLES, SELLING AT \$19.75 AND \$22.50. THURSDAY

\$15.00

CHERRY & WEBB

12-18 JOHN STREET

few hours after the official opening of the drive and the whole month of campaigning is to get "extras." Lowell can do the same, if she wants to.

At the close of business last night there was a total of \$1,609,400 subscribed by the people of Lowell and surrounding towns. The surrounding towns were credited for \$1150 of this amount, but the rest was pure, unadorned "Lowell money." Some of the highlights taken from last evening's report are the following: Appleton National bank, \$250,000; Massachusetts cotton mills, \$165,000; Tremont & Suffolk mills, \$50,000; Hon. Charles H. Allen, \$25,000; W. H. Bagshaw Co., \$50,000.

The reports of the various banks were as follows:
Union National bank \$ 743,750
Appleton National bank 287,450
Old Lowell National bank 137,000
Middlesex Trust Co. 77,350
City of Lowell bank 50,000
Lowell Institution for Savings 25,000
Washington Savings Institution 2,000
Merrimack River Savings bank 1,250
Total in banks \$1,609,400

The Jewish Residents
The Jewish residents of the city are planning to do their part in the drive and their motto is "A Liberty bond in every Jewish home." A big mass meeting is to be held at 7:30 this evening at the Howard street synagogue and the following speakers from out of town will address the meeting: Max Mitchell of Boston, E. Stone of Boston, Louis E. Kestner of Boston and Rabbi A. Harber of Lawrence.

Bennett Silverblatt has been appointed major of the local committee and he has assisting him the following executive committee:

Isadore Green, chairman; M. Marks, secretary; A. S. Goldman, Solomon Baker, Frank Goldman, Sam Abrams, Rabbi E. Wolfson.

The captains of the various sub-divisions of the district are: Harry Gerson, Charles Richards, George Greenberg, Samuel Kotzen, Louis Rogolsky, Leo Abrams, Sigmund Rostler, Morris Greenbaum, Jake Filler, I. J. Quinn.

Poem By Lowell Woman

The following poem, "Be a Liberty Loan Volunteer," has been sent in by Elizabeth I. Nicholson of 27 Central street, whose kindred have been fighting in France for the last three years. Some of them have fallen and others have been honored for heroism:

"BE A LIBERTY LOAN VOLUNTEER"
On the western front the soldiers stand,
They brave the dangers of "No Man's Land."
It's a long way over, so aid them there
With the home-folks help and the home-folks' prayer.

They're over in France—if they hadn't went,
In vain might the effort of "allies" be spent.
But now, with the help of America's sons
We're kept from the range of the German guns.

On the western front the soldiers stand,
They brave the dangers of "No Man's Land."
Don't wait to be asked, but go with a cheer,
And be a Liberty Loan Volunteer.

SUPERIOR COURT

The jury in the case of Catherine Pennick, administratrix of the estate of John Pennick, against the Boston & Maine railroad, returned a verdict today in the civil session of the superior court of \$500 for the plaintiff. The suit was for \$15,000, it being alleged that on July 29, 1914, Pennick sustained injuries which subsequently resulted in his death when the horses which he was using became frightened at the bumping of freight cars in the yards of the defendant company in Everett.

Yesterday afternoon the case of Giuseppe Cariani against Antonio Esposito, an action of contract was taken up. The plaintiff claimed that he and the defendant became partners in the banking business in Newton which partnership continued until some time in 1915, when the defendant committed a breach of contract, excluding the plaintiff from partnership and denying him access to the business. The ad damnum was \$10,000. The court turned the case over to an auditor.

When court convened this morning there were no cases ready for trial and an adjournment was taken until tomorrow morning at ten o'clock.



ALASKAN'S "MUSH" 1000 MILES ACROSS ARCTIC SNOWS IN RACE TO ENLIST

From the ends of the earth come America's sons to answer their country's call. Here are two, Lawrence Vernon and Joe Laferre, men of the high north, who "mushed" 1000 miles across the sub-Arctic snows in a race to enlist in the aviation corps at San Diego, California, 3000 miles away. A picked team of huskies speeded them from Nenana, Alaska, to the coast where they reached the first ship of the season with less than an hour to spare.



This is the first 50-pound cow. By that is meant a cow which will produce 50 pounds of butter fat a week. The above cow, a Holstein, gave 750 pounds of milk, which tested a trifle over 50 pounds butterfat.

MORE MILK AND BUTTER—AIM OF AMERICAN DAIRYMEN IN WARTIME

Special to The Sun
DES MOINES, Ia., April 8.—American dairymen have been called for a national conference here, April 10. The purpose is to study plans for a large production of milk, cream, butter and cheese.
Dairy exports from all over the country will discuss dairy methods and work for a program of large dairy production. The milk problems of large cities will be explained, and delegates will be told of the need for increased exports of butterfat.
The conference was called by M. T. Meredith, publisher of Successful Farming, and a member of the U. S. food administration.
Dairymen will be urged to weed out unproductive cows and by keeping only the best of dairy animals increase the nation's milk and butter supply without increasing the expense.
There are five breeds of dairy cattle in the United States, any of which produces better dairy products than the ordinary "scrub" cow. These are Ayrshire, Brown Swiss, Holstein, Guernsey and Jersey. The latter is the most numerous in the United States, closely followed by the Holsteins.
The supply of dairy cattle in America is increasing, and so is the quality. On January 1, 1918, milk cows numbered 23,244,000 as against 22,000,000 a year before. But during the same time the export of dairy products, particularly canned milk, increased 500,000 more, causing a shortage in the United States.



ECONOMY IS "ALL THE FASHION"

And Mighty Wise Fashion It Is. Get the Habit. Come In. OPEN THURSDAY ALL DAY

- | | |
|--|-----------|
| Large Can Tomatoes | 3 for 50c |
| 45c Value Eggs, doz. | 39c |
| LARGE SHORE HADDOCK, fresh scaled, lb. | 6 1/2c |
| 13c Campbell's Soups, can | 11c |
| Unedas, pkg. | 7 1/2c |
| 45c Top Round Steak, lb. | 40c |
| Center Cut Pork Chops, lb. | 35c |
| 50c Rump Steak, lb. | 40c |
| 40c Calves Liver, lb. | 35c |
| 7c Laundry Soap 6 for 25c | |
| 19c New Smoked Finnan Haddies, lb. | 12 1/2c |
| Large, Sound Onions .6 lbs. 10c | |
| 22c Cod Cheeks, lb. | 19c |
| 20c White Fish, lb. | 16c |
| 20c Steak Codfish, lb. | 16c |
| 25c Pkg. Codfish, pkg. | 23c |
| 20c Salt Mackerel, lb. | 16c |
| 20c Salt Red Salmon, lb. | 15c |
| Bottom Dollar Barley Flour, bag, rooms. | \$1.60 |
| Made-rite Flour, bag | \$1.60 |
| Pure Lard, lb. | 30c |
| 50c Value Butter, lb. | 45c |
| Derby Peanut Butter, lb. | 25c |
| 10c Libby Asparagus Soup, can | 6c |
| Rumford's Baking Powder, lb. 23c | |
| 13c Mueller's Macaroni, pkg. | 10c |
| Spinach, pk. | 25c |
| Heavy Lettuce 2 for 15c | |
| Radishes 2 for 9c | |
| Carrots 3 lbs. for 10c | |
| Turnips 3 lbs. for 10c | |
| Green and Butter Beans, Mush- | |

RAIPBURN'S
12-14 MERRIMACK SQ. TEL. 788
On the Square Where You Take Your Car.

10
**REPORT ON EMPLOYMENT
IN MASSACHUSETTS**

The bureau of statistics (Labor Division) of Massachusetts has issued its 40th quarterly report on employment in Massachusetts for the quarter ending December 31, 1917. It contains a general summary of conditions as well as much interesting data.

According to reports received from correspondents there was some decrease in the demand for labor at the close of December, 1917, as compared with the demand at the close of September, 1917. This decrease was due principally to less activity in the building trades because of weather conditions and to a closing down of some establishments because of a lack of fuel or raw materials used in manufacture. Increased activity in those industries directly affected by government demands, such as shipbuilding, manufacture of military equipment and munitions, and transportation was evident, but in certain industries less essential to the successful prosecution of the war there was some curtailment due in part to the requisition by the government of materials necessary to war activities and in part to the lack of workmen, many of whom had entered the service of the government either directly, or indirectly as employees on contract work. Even in the building trades many of those who might otherwise have been temporarily unemployed during the winter months, found employment in the construction of buildings immediately required by the government.

The demand for employees in the shipbuilding industry at Boston River and for building tradesmen at the "Destroyer Plant" at Squantum, and at the Charlestown Navy Yard was particularly urgent.

That a certain amount of the unemployment (where it has occurred) has been due to the shifting about of a large element of the industrial population is indicated by the fact that the labor "turn-over" has in some instances been at an abnormally high rate. For example, it was reported that during a period of four months the Fore River Shipbuilding company hired over 5,000 new employees in order to add 2,500 to its force, and that the Western railroad during a period of nine months hired over one million new men, or about three men for each vacant position, this being about double the normal turn-over. In some other lines of work even higher rates of turn-over were reported. In the textile industry concerted efforts on the part of employers were being made to so standardize wages and working conditions as to reduce competition among themselves for employees, thereby eliminating to some extent the floating labor in that industry.

Records on file in this office show that during the quarter ending December 31, 1917, there were 98 industrial controversies (97 strikes and one lockout) which were of such importance as to receive comment in the daily press. Of these strikes the following, because of their bearing upon government war needs, commands special public attention: a successful strike in the Boston district of workmen employed on contract work for the government, beginning on October 23 and continuing for a period of three weeks, caused much concern because of the fact that government war work was being seriously delayed.

The first of this series of strikes occurred at the Watertown Arsenal on October 23, but fortunately a settlement was reached two days later through the direct mediation of the secretary of war. At the plant of the Fore River Shipbuilding company a number of workmen, variously estimated at from 3,500 to 5,000 were thrown out of work as a result of a strike, principally of machinists, for an immediate readjustment of ratings so as to conform with the scale in effect at the Charlestown navy yard. This strike began on October 30 and the men returned to work on November 6 following an agreement to submit the matter in controversy to arbitration by Henry B. Endicott, executive manager of the Massachusetts committee on public safety. Early in November several groups of workmen employed at the so-called "Destroyer Plant" at Squantum struck in support of the open-shop demands by building tradesmen employed on government building contracts in the Boston district, and on November 7 a general strike occurred affecting approximately 1000 workmen employed in building construction work at the Charlestown navy yard the Watertown Arsenal, the Marine hospital in Chelsea, the appraiser's stores in Boston and the magazine station at Hingham. A settlement was reached on November 16 through the mediation of representatives of the federal and state governments.

A strike of about 600 freight handlers employed at the Boston docks of the Boston and Albany and the Boston and Maine railroads, which threatened to interfere seriously with foreign shipments, began on October 1 and was finally brought to an end on October 20 through the efforts of a committee representing the Massachusetts committee on public safety. A

wage controversy which threatened to involve several thousand freight, yard, and station employees of the Boston and Maine railroad resulted in the calling of a strike to become effective on October 22. This strike was averted, however, by the reference for adjustment of the questions at issue to a board of arbitration of which Henry B. Endicott was designated chairman. In all of these controversies the government found it necessary to intervene. It is therefore, to be regretted that the same measures by which a settlement of each controversy was finally reached were not adopted in season to prevent a cessation of work.

The Principal Strikes

In the textile industry the principal strikes during the quarter were those of textile workers employed in the manufacture of army blankets in Holliston; weavers in a matting factory and employees in a dye room in Lawrence; carders in New Bedford and Polish workmen in a bleachery in Danvers. In Fall River the operatives employed in the cotton mills demanded an increase in wages of 15 per cent, and a general strike which would have involved approximately 35,000 employees in over 100 mills was called for December 3, but, after negotiations, it was agreed that a 12 1/2 per cent increase should be referred to a federal arbitrator for adjustment.

In the boot and shoe industry the only strike involving any large number of workmen was that of lasters employed in two factories in Haverhill. In Lynn, where, for a period of five months prior to September 24, a large number of factories had been closed as a result of a wage controversy, the factories were being operated without interruption.

Strikes in Other Cities

Other strikes during the quarter involving a comparatively large number of employees occurred in the following cities: Boston—electrical supply workers, cigar makers, bakers, lamp-lighters, machinists in automobile repair shops, garment workers, gas workers and cab drivers; Chicopee—shovelers (laborers); Danvers—laborers (machine shop), and beamers (tannery); Lowell—beaters (tannery), foundry men, and fishers (cass); New Bedford—employees (machine shop) and stationary firemen (grain elevators); Newburyport—shoe workers; North Attleborough and Plainville—jewelry workers (about 40 shops); Salem—beaters (tannery); and Stoughton—stitchers (rubber factory).

Textile Industry

Nearly all of the textile mill managers during the last few months have had difficulty in securing an adequate and continuous supply of satisfactory operatives, notwithstanding the fact that the wages paid in this industry were higher than ever before, and at least 30 per cent higher than those paid at the close of 1916. In some of the textile manufacturing centers there was a shortage of fuel and raw materials, which, together with the shortage of labor resulted in a considerable amount of idle machinery even at a time when, in view of the demand for the product and the prices offered, all textile machinery should have been operated at full speed.

The report states that in Lowell overtime work was found necessary in all of the textile mills and some mills were being operated 24 hours a day. A marked shortage of labor was reported.

Of the principal cities of the state the percentage of unemployed in Lowell was the second lowest of any municipality, it being but 3.4 per cent, Cambridge being the lowest with 2.8 per cent.

NATIONAL CAMPAIGN FOR COTTAGE CHEESE

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 10.—To encourage the use, as well as the making of cottage cheese—a cheap and palatable substitute for meat—the United States department of agriculture has launched a campaign in which nearly a hundred field workers will take part and which is to carry to every state in the Union this lesson:

Cottage cheese is made from skim milk—now largely wasted or fed to animals. A pound of cottage cheese has the same food value as a pound of meat. Make cottage cheese, and thus put to valuable use wasted skim milk. Eat

cottage cheese; save the meat for our soldiers and the allies.

Three of the divisions of the department of agriculture are working in the campaign, which also has the cooperation of the United States food administration.

Encouraging Production

The bureau of animal industry, through its dairy division, is sending 47 women, dairy agents, to as many states to stimulate the making of cottage cheese on farms and also to cooperate with urban demonstration agents in encouraging the use of cottage cheese on city tables. The state relations service has sent a party of women home-demonstration agents to various cities to demonstrate many new and attractive cottage cheese dishes originated in Uncle Sam's food laboratories in Washington. From Cleveland the home-demonstration workers will go separately to the other cities and towns to repeat their work. The bureau of markets, meanwhile, is sending agents to the cities visited by the home-demonstration campaign. The market's men are getting in touch with whole sale and retail distributors of cottage cheese. Twenty-two men also are sent out by the dairy division to encourage the production and improve the quality of cottage cheese produced in creameries and milk plants.

Cottage Cheese a Real Food

The trouble about cottage cheese, according to officials of that department, has been that housewives somehow have got the impression that it is merely a relish or the material for a salad, and not what it is—a real staple food. One big object of the campaign is to dispel this impression—to convince housewives that cottage cheese is not but is a palatable and nutritious food that can be made to serve as the basis of sustenance for even hard, outdoor workers. Furthermore, cottage cheese can be served in many other ways besides the white paste form with which most people are familiar.

Cheese Dishes Prove It

To prove this, a luncheon was given recently in the department of agriculture at Washington and those who attended were literally astounded by the variety of new and unexpected ways in which cottage cheese was served. "From soup to nuts" cottage cheese was prominently on the menu. There were cottage cheese soup, cottage cheese sausage, cottage cheese salad, cottage cheese tart, honey whey, and whey punch. Recipes for the making of these and other dishes are to be made available by the home-demonstration workers to every housewife who desires them.

There is even a cottage cheese song. It is not made from cottage cheese, but it celebrates its virtues. The 47 women who are going into 47 states sang it at the cottage cheese luncheon. One stanza runs this way:

If a body see a body making cottage cheese,
Try it, eat it, talk it, preach it, boost it,
If you please
We are out to save skim milk and make it into cheese,
Let Uncle Sammie have the meat—and send it over the seas.

GREAT IMPORTANCE OF RECREATION CENTERS

The Year Book for 1917, about to be issued by the Playground and Recreation Association of America, an organization which has been taken over bodily by the Foodstuffs commission on training camp activities to carry on its beneficent work for our new armies under the name of war camp community service, reveals the fact that the "Business of Play" for both children and adults has increased instead of diminished on account of the war. This increase has amounted to 18 per cent in the number of playgrounds operated and to 60 per cent in the amount of money spent—\$8,500,000.

Many things in the statistics submitted for the year show an awakening in America to the importance of recreation centers—an increase in municipal participation, the extension of play into the winter months, an increasing demand for lighted playgrounds for evening use, the establishment of schools to train play-workers, the raising of the standard of these workers by civil service examinations, the opening of more public school buildings to evening recreation, and the organizing of the work in 52 new cities.

The association reports that nearly

nine thousand men and women were employed to direct play at recreation centres throughout the country, that three-quarters of a million of boys and girls daily swarmed in the play centres, that more than six hundred playgrounds were open and lighted during the evening, that the average evening attendance throughout the country was more than half a million young people, that some seven hundred school buildings were used for play after school hours, that two hundred public bathing beaches, four hundred public baths and three hundred swimming pools were in use, and that some four thousand playgrounds and neighborhood recreation centres were maintained during 1917.

As to details, 50 cities specialized in 1917 in brass bands, 60 in orchestras, 200 in community sings, 300 in story-telling, 300 in folk dancing, 400 in pageants, 150 in trampolining, 150 in wading, 100 in skating, 60 in camping, 100 in amateur theatricals, 80 in moving pictures, 100 in libraries, 40 in debating clubs, 50 in self-government, 100 in lectures, 175 in gardening, 175 in industrial work, and 25 in junior police.

All this experience in interesting boys and girls and grown-up boys and girls in clean, healthy diversions and occupations is now turned into the channel of preserving the physical well-being and stimulating the morale of our soldiers on leave. There has been a real renaissance of the community spirit which

For the Sake of Your Country, "The Boys Over There" and Yourself Buy a Liberty Bond.

MERRIMACK SQUARE THEATRE

THURS., FRI., SAT.—APRIL 11, 12, 13

Wallace Reid

— IN —

"The House Of Silence"

The thrilling adventures of a wealthy amateur Sherlock Holmes, in his self-imposed task of tracing the perpetrator of what is believed to be a murder, in a mysterious dwelling. The dramatic thrills, the heart interest and the comedy of the play are happily combined.

Billie Burke

— IN —

"Eve's Daughter"

MERRIMACK SQUARE SCREEN TELEGRAM—COMEDY AND OTHERS

Coming Soon—Charlie Chaplin in His Million Dollar Comedy "A Dog's Life"

MERRIMACK SQUARE THEATRE

THURS., FRI., SAT.—APRIL 11, 12, 13

Wallace Reid

— IN —

"The House Of Silence"

Tonight Only—Mary Pickford in "Amarilly of Clothesline Alley," "The Son of Democracy," Others.

WALLACE REID in "The House of Silence" A Paramount Picture

COULD YOU USE \$15,000?

How?

Let 'er go in one grand splurge or—stretch it out?

That's what Billie Burke—dainty Billie of the bewitching ways—is "up against" in this up-to-the-minute American picture of pep and personality.

MERRIMACK SQUARE SCREEN TELEGRAM—COMEDY AND OTHERS

Coming Soon—Charlie Chaplin in His Million Dollar Comedy "A Dog's Life"

JEWEL THEATRE

TODAY AND THURSDAY

Beginning of the Thrilling Universal Serial

Don't Miss the Opening Episode

It is the serial of the hour, during beyond words, just as gripping fascinating as the most thrilling book or novel that you have ever read and it brings as much genuine entertainment each week as a feature play. And above all, it has the brilliant star, MARIE WALCAMP, heroine of "THE RED ACE" and others.

WORLD-PICTURES PRESENT

Alice Brady in "Betsy Ross"

See the first American flag made! See General George Washington at the head of his staff! See a thrilling battle scene from the firing squad! See Betsy's delightful romance unfolded before your eyes!

Final F-episode of "THE MYSTERY SHIP" Don't Miss the End

"HER HUSBAND'S WIFE" A Fox Sunshine Comedy

AMATEURS TONIGHT

OPERA HOUSE

"THE THEATRE OF BIG THINGS"

THE MARCUS MUSICAL REVUE

In "A DAY AT THE RACES"

Prices:—Matinee, 10c, 20c, 33c; Nights, 20c, 30c and 50c

SPECIAL ADDED ATTRACTION FOR THURSDAY

AMATEUR NIGHT—More Fun Than a Circus

AN ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAM FOR THURSDAY

will mean much to this country, not only for her armies during the war, but after the war when the work will be carried on and the spirit of health, happiness, kindness and service thus engendered will persevere.

ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE ALUMNI

An open meeting under the auspices of St. Joseph's college alumni will be held this evening in the college hall in Merrimack street. The meeting was scheduled to be held next Tuesday evening, but owing to the fact that two members of the organization, Joseph Blaisdon and Ernest Gagne, theatrical performers, are in town and that they will perform at the college, the time of the meeting has been advanced. A varied entertainment program will be given and the affair is free for all. The result of the recruiting contest, which closes today, will also be announced at the meeting.

WITH MY SUPERIOR KNOWLEDGE

Combined with my thorough equipment and new electric switchboard, anyone with wisdom should consult me first.

Dr. R. G. Forgays

DENTAL SURGEON

Room 215, Bradley Bldg. Central Street

All Work Done Right Here.

ROYAL

GOOD SHOWS—LET'S GO!

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY

Essanay Presents

TAYLOR HOLMES

The Star with the contagious smile, in 75 minutes of joy—

"UNEASY MONEY"

From the story printed in the Saturday Evening Post, by P. G. Wodehouse.

IN FIVE GREAT PARTS

A REGULAR FUN-PICTURE

SPECIAL FILMS

PEARL WHITE

And ANTONIO MORENO, in the 4th episode of "The House of Hate" KEYSTONE-SENNETT COMEDY and OTHER PHOTOPLAYS

RUTH ROLAND in another "PRICE OF FOLLY" play.

Polo — AT —

Rollaway

FRIDAY NIGHT LEWISTON vs. LOWELL Game at 8.15

Reserved Seats in Advance

STRAND

Continuous 1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th 6th 7th 8th 9th 10th 11th 12th

tel. 5564

Your Last Chance Today of Seeing

ETHEL CLAYTON

— IN —

"The Witch Woman"

EDITH STOREY

In "THE CLAIM"

Entire Change of Program Tomorrow

KIDDIES' MORNING MATINEE SATURDAY PRICE 5 CENTS

It's a Patriot and Buy a Liberty Bond

SEATS AT ALL PERFORMANCES

10c

OWI THEATRE

F. L. BROWNE, Mgr.

Today and Thursday

THE GREATEST AND MOST GRACEFUL ICE SKATER IN THE WORLD

CHARLOTTE

In "THE FROZEN WARNING"

A Six-Part Story of Dash and Daring

Shorty Hamilton in "Denny From Ireland"

A Clean Story with a Touch that Reaches the Heart

COMEDY AND OTHERS

Performances Daily at 2 and 7 p. m. Prices, Mat., 10c; Eve., 10c, 15c. Sat., Sunday and Holidays, Continuous 2 to 10. Prices 10c and 15c. BUY THAT LIBERTY BOND TODAY

CROWN Theatre TODAY AND THURSDAY

"THE WIFE HE BOUGHT"

A Feature Story of a Marriage Made for Vengeance, with

CARMEL MYERS

"VENGEANCE AND THE WOMAN"

MARY ANDERSON

In the Domestic Drama "THE DIVORCEE"

With WM. DUNCAN and CAROL HOLLOWAY

COMEDY AND OTHERS

TOMORROW NIGHT

SECOND ANNUAL

Social and **Dance**

— BY THE —

Mohican Campers

ASSOCIATE HALL—Tickets 25 Cents—Minor-Doyle Orchestra

B. Keith's F. Keith's

THIS WEEK—DAILY, 2 and 7.45

TEL. 28

A BIG SHOW OF LAUGHS

Roger Imhoff

Hugh L. Conn

Marcelle Coreene

In Their Very Newest Laugh

"In a Pest House"

A Sure Cure for the Blues

SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT

Little Billy

Vaudeville's Finest Headliner

Leavitt & Lockwood

"Just This and That"

WHITNEY'S

OPERATIC DOLLS

Novelty Comedy Singing Revue

GEORGIA EMMETT

The Irish Collection

ASAKI

Juggling Jap on Roller Skates

ENID BENNETT

In "Naughty, Naughty"

Just as Jolly as the Name Implies

THE LATEST HEART PATHE

WEEKLY

The Greatest Values in Amusements in Town

1000 MATINEE SEATS AT 10c

Buy a Liberty Bond Today

OPERA HOUSE

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All Work Done Right Here.

LOWELL BACK IN BOXING WILL BREED FIRST PLACE IN RACE OF HARDY MEN

Polo League Standings

Team	W	L	P
Lowell	52	38	57.0
Providence	48	39	56.0
Lawrence	48	39	56.0
Worcester	45	37	54.5
Portland	27	44	37.0

Lowell is again in first place in the American Roller Polo league, with but a slight lead over Providence. The return to the top rung, was brought about by Lowell's victory over Worcester last night, and the defeat of Providence by Lawrence in the down-river city.

Lowell completely outclassed Worcester last night, and only for the remarkable work of Mallory at goal for the visitors the score would have been much larger. Lowell, however, got nine by the Worcester winder, while four represented the total of Worcester's scoring abilities. The game was fast, Capt. Harkins and his men working hard at all times, and pulling off the best teamwork of the season. Harkins and Williams did some brilliant pass work, while Griffith, too, worked to speed both in attack and defense. Gardner at half-back, blocked and handled the ball in expert fashion, while Purcell did a fine job at goal.

The visitors missed "Jigger" Higgins, who failed to make train connections, but despite the handicap the team put up a fine game. Mallory's work was a treat, as he kept the ball in a great game at half-back. Mulligan and Buckley worked well on the rush line, but "Mull," who leads the league in going to the spot, was unable to beat Williams to the centre last night. The Lowell man took every rush.

Eagles Honor Griffith

Bob Griffith, Lowell's star center, was in the limelight last night not only because of his great play, but because his splendid work throughout the season made such a hit with the members of the Eagles that they decided to show their brother that they appreciated his efforts and turned out in large numbers to greet him. It was "Eagles' night" and the visitors, mainly added to their laurels by their demonstration last night. Prior to the game the members marched through the down town streets, headed by a file and drum corps, and then went to the rink. Here they occupied a special section, and they made merry during the progress of the game. "Eagles' night" was called by the crowd, and after Referee Kilgarran had presented him a beautiful bouquet, Pres. John Cahlin of the Eagles took the floor and after a neat speech presented the player-member a handsome Eagles' ring.

Lowell got the jump right at the start, and playing superior polo all night, they led the game. The first period ended, 5 to 2. The second ended with the count 5 to 3, and the final stanza closed with the score 9 to 4.

WORCESTER		FIRST PERIOD		Time	
1r Mulligan	1r Buckley	1r Harkins	1r Purcell	1.50	
2r Buckley	2r Donnelly	2r Harkins	2r Purcell	2.05	
3r Donnelly	3r Polley	3r Harkins	3r Purcell	2.15	
4r Polley	4r Mallory	4r Harkins	4r Purcell	2.30	
5r Mallory		5r Harkins	5r Purcell	2.45	
		6r Harkins	6r Purcell	2.55	
		7r Harkins	7r Purcell	3.10	
		8r Harkins	8r Purcell	3.25	
		9r Harkins	9r Purcell	3.40	
		10r Harkins	10r Purcell	3.55	
		11r Harkins	11r Purcell	4.10	
		12r Harkins	12r Purcell	4.25	
		13r Harkins	13r Purcell	4.40	
		14r Harkins	14r Purcell	4.55	
		15r Harkins	15r Purcell	5.10	
		16r Harkins	16r Purcell	5.25	
		17r Harkins	17r Purcell	5.40	
		18r Harkins	18r Purcell	5.55	
		19r Harkins	19r Purcell	6.10	
		20r Harkins	20r Purcell	6.25	
		21r Harkins	21r Purcell	6.40	
		22r Harkins	22r Purcell	6.55	
		23r Harkins	23r Purcell	7.10	
		24r Harkins	24r Purcell	7.25	
		25r Harkins	25r Purcell	7.40	
		26r Harkins	26r Purcell	7.55	
		27r Harkins	27r Purcell	8.10	
		28r Harkins	28r Purcell	8.25	
		29r Harkins	29r Purcell	8.40	
		30r Harkins	30r Purcell	8.55	
		31r Harkins	31r Purcell	9.10	
		32r Harkins	32r Purcell	9.25	
		33r Harkins	33r Purcell	9.40	
		34r Harkins	34r Purcell	9.55	
		35r Harkins	35r Purcell	10.10	
		36r Harkins	36r Purcell	10.25	
		37r Harkins	37r Purcell	10.40	
		38r Harkins	38r Purcell	10.55	
		39r Harkins	39r Purcell	11.10	
		40r Harkins	40r Purcell	11.25	
		41r Harkins	41r Purcell	11.40	
		42r Harkins	42r Purcell	11.55	
		43r Harkins	43r Purcell	12.10	
		44r Harkins	44r Purcell	12.25	
		45r Harkins	45r Purcell	12.40	
		46r Harkins	46r Purcell	12.55	
		47r Harkins	47r Purcell	13.10	
		48r Harkins	48r Purcell	13.25	
		49r Harkins	49r Purcell	13.40	
		50r Harkins	50r Purcell	13.55	
		51r Harkins	51r Purcell	14.10	
		52r Harkins	52r Purcell	14.25	
		53r Harkins	53r Purcell	14.40	
		54r Harkins	54r Purcell	14.55	
		55r Harkins	55r Purcell	15.10	
		56r Harkins	56r Purcell	15.25	
		57r Harkins	57r Purcell	15.40	
		58r Harkins	58r Purcell	15.55	
		59r Harkins	59r Purcell	16.10	
		60r Harkins	60r Purcell	16.25	
		61r Harkins	61r Purcell	16.40	
		62r Harkins	62r Purcell	16.55	
		63r Harkins	63r Purcell	17.10	
		64r Harkins	64r Purcell	17.25	
		65r Harkins	65r Purcell	17.40	
		66r Harkins	66r Purcell	17.55	
		67r Harkins	67r Purcell	18.10	
		68r Harkins	68r Purcell	18.25	
		69r Harkins	69r Purcell	18.40	
		70r Harkins	70r Purcell	18.55	
		71r Harkins	71r Purcell	19.10	
		72r Harkins	72r Purcell	19.25	
		73r Harkins	73r Purcell	19.40	
		74r Harkins	74r Purcell	19.55	
		75r Harkins	75r Purcell	20.10	
		76r Harkins	76r Purcell	20.25	
		77r Harkins	77r Purcell	20.40	
		78r Harkins	78r Purcell	20.55	
		79r Harkins	79r Purcell	21.10	
		80r Harkins	80r Purcell	21.25	
		81r Harkins	81r Purcell	21.40	
		82r Harkins	82r Purcell	21.55	
		83r Harkins	83r Purcell	22.10	
		84r Harkins	84r Purcell	22.25	
		85r Harkins	85r Purcell	22.40	
		86r Harkins	86r Purcell	22.55	
		87r Harkins	87r Purcell	23.10	
		88r Harkins	88r Purcell	23.25	
		89r Harkins	89r Purcell	23.40	
		90r Harkins	90r Purcell	23.55	
		91r Harkins	91r Purcell	24.10	
		92r Harkins	92r Purcell	24.25	
		93r Harkins	93r Purcell	24.40	
		94r Harkins	94r Purcell	24.55	
		95r Harkins	95r Purcell	25.10	
		96r Harkins	96r Purcell	25.25	
		97r Harkins	97r Purcell	25.40	
		98r Harkins	98r Purcell	25.55	
		99r Harkins	99r Purcell	26.10	
		100r Harkins	100r Purcell	26.25	

Polo Notes

Buckley, the local boy, who filled in a second rush for Worcester, played a fine game. He scored two of Worcester's four goals, and teamed up well with the speedy Mulligan.

Lowell here Friday night. This will be the last local game. Then the big series between Lowell and Lawrence opens here on Monday night. This has been arranged as a benefit for the players of both teams. They will receive 50 per cent of the total receipts or the first four games.

Referee Kilgarran is a very capable and highly satisfactory official.

Mallory had his "thousand legs" with him last night, and certainly gave a wonderful exhibition in front of the crowd.

The Eagles gave Griffith a great reception. "Griff" has a great many friends here, and he should have, for as a clean, aggressive, clever and hard-working player, and a perfect gentleman on and off the floor.

Williams won every rush from the speedy Mulligan last night.

Captain Harkins' all round play was bent as good as was ever seen in this city.

Corrected Polo Schedule

The schedule corrected to date is: Tonight, Lawrence at Worcester. Thursday, Lowell at Lawrence. Friday, Lowell at Providence. Saturday, Lowell at Worcester.

PROVIDENCE LOST

Gold Bugs Beaten by Lawrence in Fast Game, 6 to 2

LAWRENCE, April 10.—Providence was outplayed in all stages of the game at the local rink last night, and Lawrence defeated the league leaders by the score of 6 to 2. The home club showed flashes of the speed which it maintained up to last week, and had an easy time with the visitors. The score:

PROVIDENCE		FIRST PERIOD		Time	
1r Williams	1r Thompson	1r Harkins	1r Purcell	1.50	
2r Thompson	2r Mulhearn	2r Harkins	2r Purcell	2.05	
3r Mulhearn	3r Doherty	3r Harkins	3r Purcell	2.15	
4r Doherty	4r Pence	4r Harkins	4r Purcell	2.30	
5r Pence		5r Harkins	5r Purcell	2.45	
		6r Harkins	6r Purcell	2.55	
		7r Harkins	7r Purcell	3.10	
		8r Harkins	8r Purcell	3.25	
		9r Harkins	9r Purcell	3.40	
		10r Harkins	10r Purcell	3.55	
		11r Harkins	11r Purcell	4.10	
		12r Harkins	12r Purcell	4.25	
		13r Harkins	13r Purcell	4.40	
		14r Harkins	14r Purcell	4.55	
		15r Harkins	15r Purcell	5.10	
		16r Harkins	16r Purcell	5.25	
		17r Harkins	17r Purcell	5.40	
		18r Harkins	18r Purcell	5.55	
		19r Harkins	19r Purcell	6.10	
		20r Harkins	20r Purcell	6.25	
		21r Harkins	21r Purcell	6.40	
		22r Harkins	22r Purcell	6.55	
		23r Harkins	23r Purcell	7.10	
		24r Harkins	24r Purcell	7.25	
		25r Harkins	25r Purcell	7.40	
		26r Harkins	26r Purcell	7.55	
		27r Harkins	27r Purcell	8.10	
		28r Harkins	28r Purcell	8.25	
		29r Harkins	29r Purcell	8.40	
		30r Harkins	30r Purcell	8.55	
		31r Harkins	31r Purcell	9.10	
		32r Harkins	32r Purcell	9.25	
		33r Harkins	33r Purcell	9.40	
		34r Harkins	34r Purcell	9.55	
		35r Harkins	35r Purcell	10.10	
		36r Harkins	36r Purcell	10.25	
		37r Harkins	37r Purcell	10.40	
		38r Harkins	38r Purcell	10.55	
		39r Harkins	39r Purcell	11.10	
		40r Harkins	40r Purcell	11.25	
		41r Harkins	41r Purcell	11.40	
		42r Harkins	42r Purcell	11.55	
		43r Harkins	43r Purcell	12.10	
		44r Harkins	44r Purcell	12.25	
		45r Harkins	45r Purcell	12.40	
		46r Harkins	46r Purcell	12.55	
		47r Harkins	47r Purcell	13.10	
		48r Harkins	48r Purcell	13.25	
		49r Harkins	49r Purcell	13.40	
		50r Harkins	50r Purcell	13.55	
		51r Harkins	51r Purcell	14.10	
		52r Harkins	52r Purcell	14.25	
		53r Harkins	53r Purcell	14.40	
		54r Harkins	54r Purcell	14.55	
		55r Harkins	55r Purcell	15.10	
		56r Harkins	56r Purcell	15.25	
		57r Harkins	57r Purcell	15.40	
		58r Harkins	58r Purcell	15.55	
		59r Harkins	59r Purcell	16.10	
		60r Harkins	60r Purcell	16.25	
		61r Harkins	61r Purcell	16.40	
		62r Harkins	62r Purcell	16.55	
		63r Harkins	63r Purcell	17.10	
		64r Harkins	64r Purcell	17.25	
		65r Harkins	65r Purcell	17.40	
		66r Harkins	66r Purcell	17.55	
		67r Harkins	67r Purcell	18.10	
		68r Harkins	68r Purcell	18.25	
		69r Harkins	69r Purcell	18.40	
		70r Harkins	70r Purcell	18.55	
		71r Harkins	71r Purcell	19.10	
		72r Harkins	72r Purcell	19.25	
		73r Harkins	73r Purcell	19.40	
		74r Harkins	74r Purcell	19.55	
		75r Harkins	75r Purcell	20.10	
		76r Harkins	76r Purcell	20.25	
		77r Harkins	77r Purcell	20.40	
		78r Harkins	78r Purcell	20.55	
		79r Harkins	79r Purcell	21.10	
		80r Harkins	80r Purcell	21.25	
		81r Harkins	81r Purcell	21.40	
		82r Harkins	82r Purcell	21.55	
		83r Harkins	83r Purcell	22.10	
		84r Harkins	84r Purcell	22.25	
		85r Harkins	85r Purcell	22.40	
		86r Harkins	86r Purcell	22.55	
		87r Harkins	87r Purcell	23.10	
		88r Harkins	88r Purcell	23.25	
		89r Harkins	89r Purcell	23.40	
		90r Harkins	90r Purcell	23.55	
		91r Harkins	91r Purcell	24.10	
		92r Harkins	92r Purcell	24.25	
		93r Harkins	93r Purcell	24.40	
		94r Harkins	94r Purcell	24.55	
		95r Harkins	95r Purcell	25.10	
		96r Harkins	96r Purcell	25.25	
		97r Harkins	97r Purcell	25.40	
		98r Harkins	98r Purcell	25.55	
		99r Harkins	99r Purcell	26.10	
		100r Harkins	100r Purcell	26.25	

FIRST PERIOD

Lowell, 1r Williams, 2r Thompson, 3r Mulhearn, 4r Doherty, 5r Pence.

SECOND PERIOD

Lowell, 1r Williams, 2r Thompson, 3r Mulhearn, 4r Doherty, 5r Pence.

THIRD PERIOD

Lowell, 1r Williams, 2r Thompson, 3r Mulhearn, 4r Doherty, 5r Pence.

Score: Lowell 6, Providence 2. Goals: Williams 1, Slater 1, Stoye 1, Blount 1, Referee: Graham, Timer: Peters.

will give an exhibition of blindfold play on several boards.

In the evening the gold medal and the other prizes of the Boston championship match will be presented to the different winners. A handsome banner will be presented to the winning team of the Wells Memorial checker league, who have been playing a schedule during the past winter. The winners in the different classes of the Wells Memorial club will also be presented with prizes.

At 7.30 p. m., A. J. Heffner and other experts will start simultaneous play on 50 or more boards, and a prize will be given to any player securing a win.

At different times throughout the day various matches will be played on the stage, under a wall board, on which the moves can be seen from all parts of the room.

HARVARD AND PRINCETON CREWS

CAMBRIDGE, April 10.—Harvard oarsmen learned today that it would not be necessary to carry their usual shell for the races with Princeton at Carnegie Lake, N. J., April 27. Original plans for the visiting crews to borrow shells were abandoned because the Princeton boats were rigged for a stroke race, while Harvard's strokes were on the port side. The rigging can be changed for the benefit of the Harvard crews.

TUFTS BASEBALL TEAM

MEDFORD, April 10.—The opening game of the Tufts baseball season, which was to have been played here today against the Rhode Island State college nine, has been cancelled. Manager Morrison of the Tufts team said the game was dropped from the schedule because of action by the Rhode Island college faculty.

THE MIDDLESEX COUNTY FARM BUREAU

About 50 directors of the Middlesex County Farm Bureau, representing 30 cities and towns, including Lowell, Westford, Billerica and Wilmington, attended a dinner at a Boston restaurant yesterday for the purpose of stimulating enthusiasm among those interested in the back-to-the-ground movement. There were several speakers, among whom was Clarence M. West of this city, the new director of the U. S. School Garden army for the northeast states, who stated that the national board of education was to work through state and local boards in organizing its work, and that instead of duplicating the garden clubs of the bureau, it proposed to greatly increase their number by making the movement universal, providing them with trained supervision through the support of local communities.

Other speakers were Fred D. Griggs, the new manager of the bureau, who stated that the bureau is prepared to spend \$25,000 to increase food production in this country; Mr. Abbott, the agricultural man; Mr. Jenks, the horticultur

U.S. SUBMARINES "OVER THERE"

Defied Bitter Winter Gales to Join in U-Boat Hunt Across Atlantic

Thrilling Story of Voyages of Two Squadrons Now Overseas.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—In the face of bitter winter gales, American submarines, primarily designed for operations off the home coast, crossed the Atlantic to engage in the common fight against U-boats. They have been in the war zone for some months.

Secretary Daniels made public for the first time that the submarines had gone "over there" in his address at Cleveland Saturday.

It is now permissible to relate the first story of passage of the boats across the sea in the most severe weather known in years, in which the best traditions of the service were maintained.

The first submarine to leave got underway in early winter. Until Secretary Daniels spoke, no word of the participation of the underwater boats in the war against Germany had been published.

The steps taken to get them across cannot be disclosed, but the fact that the department has no disaster to record is pointed to as proof of their sufficiency.

Officers and men of the submarines faced hard days as they put out. Cramped in narrow quarters and with storms in prospect, they steered to sea with complete confidence in themselves and their boats. A laconic report of uneventful voyages bore out that confidence.

In mid-December others got started. While it was fair on sailing day, ahead of the submarines a 100-mile gale was brewing. Into this they plowed, rolling and unrolling. But there was no faltering.

Even when tow-lines parted in some cases, unknown to the tugs and accompanying craft, the submarines battled forward alone. A majority of them reached their destination under their own power, ready for duty.

Some of the boats were driven far from their course. They showed up at different ports, but promptly put to sea again and reached their station.

One boat was the hard-luck vessel of the lot. Separated from the flotilla in the first storm and its compasses out of order, it turned homeward, only to strike two more gales in quick succession. However, it made port successfully and undamaged.

With new fuel and supplies aboard and with a man or two, worn out by the long struggle with the elements, replaced, in a few days the boat put to sea again. It went through that time, despite a fourth gale it encountered.

British and French submarines in the U-boat hunt have been lurking close to enemy bases. There have been encounters between submarines, reports of which read like fiction. The service has been described as a trying one, for which men of courage and daring are essential. It is in this work, presumably, that the American submarines are engaged.

C.Y.M.L. MIDGETS WIN OVER BOYS' CLUB

The C.Y.M.L. Midgets were returned victors over the Lowell Boys' club team in basketball at the C.Y.M.L. Gym last evening, by a score of 45 to 22. By their victory the Lowell boys got the jump in the series for the city championship, which has been under discussion for some time. The game was very evenly played by both teams. The Lowell boys seemed to have the advantage in thorough team work, their passing being real championship style. The Boys' club, however, played an excellent game.

For Convenience

THE Electric Iron

An Electric Iron is a household necessity. With its quick, efficient aid, not only heavy work but innumerable bits of daily pressing are performed quickly—easily—well.

No iron is as clean, convenient and efficient as the Electric Iron. It enables you to do careful work in the shortest possible time and with the least effort.

Get Yours Today

UNITED STATES WAR SAVINGS CERTIFICATES AND THRIFT STAMPS
On Sale at the Cashier's Window

THE LOWELL ELECTRIC LIGHT CORP.

28-31 Market St. Tel. 821

their shooting was a little off color. The features of the game were the playing of Keefe, Rogers and Randall for the C.Y.M.L. and Manning and Higgins for the Boys' club. The next game of the series will be played in the Lowell Boys' club next Friday evening.

C.Y.M.L. MIDGETS

LOWELL BOYS' CLUB
J. Keefe, rf
R. Rogers, lf
D. O'Connor, 1b
D. Randall, 2b
W. O'Connor, c
T. O'Connor, p
B. Higgins, 3b
J. Manning, 1b
J. Higgins, 2b
J. Foley, 3b
J. Barrett, 1b
J. Barrett, 2b
J. Barrett, 3b
J. Barrett, 1b
J. Barrett, 2b
J. Barrett, 3b

LOWELL DRIVING CLUB

Several new members were admitted at a meeting of the Lowell Driving Club held last evening. The club had intended to stage a race at Green Cove park on Patriots day, but gave up the idea because of the fact that the course would not be in condition for good racing. But the club has plans for the driving season and if horse racing does not come into its own in Lowell it will not be the fault of the ever active members of the Lowell Driving Club.

165 BARRELS OF SUGAR LINED UP AT SAUNDERS'

It didn't look much like a scarcity of sugar today at Saunders' market when 165 barrels of it were lined along the Gorham street front and around the corner of the store.

This is the consignment secured some time ago by the store manager, Mr. Skelly, who, however, has been notified that the sugar is distributed to the army and navy.

At least to other local dealers. The latter began carrying off their share of the consignment this afternoon, each presenting an order from the committee mentioned. The other half will be sold by the Saunders' market in small lots. It is safe to say that the store is due for another great sugar rush within a day or two.

SUN BREVITIES

Best Printing, Tobin's, Asso. Bldg.
Mr. and Mrs. Hubert A. McLaughlin of 127 Bellevue street are rejoicing over the birth of a daughter born April 8.

Mr. Charles Fidler of the Boston Ladies' Outfitters is at present in New York securing advance models in ladies' clothing.

The condition of Annie E. Hart, the 12-year-old girl who was badly burned at her home, rear of 301 Lakeview avenue, Friday morning, is much improved, according to a report from the Lowell Corporation hospital.

Owing to the fact that there is no coal at city hall and that the heat has been shut off, the meeting of the medical advisory board, which was scheduled to be held today, has been postponed to a later date. The men summoned to appear before the board will not report until they receive another notification.

The ladies of the Grace Universalist church were hostesses at the regular meeting of the Lowell General Hospital association, which was held yesterday afternoon at the Middlesex Women's club. Mrs. Iarlin C. Trull presided and she announced that since January 3560 articles and 187 bandages had been sent to the hospital. A song recital was given by Mrs. Spence with Mrs. Sweetser at the piano. Luncheon was served.

A campaign to raise \$50,000 for war work has been started by the Massachusetts Women's Christian Temperance union, and Mrs. C. A. Foster, president of the local union, will have charge of the work in Lowell. The money is to be used for the purchase of an ambulance and field kitchen for France, a stereograph and hospital fun for Camp Devens and to pay off the debts of the White Ribbon Home at Ayer. Money will also be used for work among soldiers and sailors.

LAWRENCE MAN PLEADS GUILTY OF MANSLAUGHTER—GIVEN ONE YEAR

SALEM, April 10.—Alfred de Prima of Lawrence pleaded guilty today to a charge of manslaughter in killing Francisco Curro at Lawrence in March, 1917, and was sentenced to one year in the house of correction. The killing of Curro was accidental, the shot being intended for another, according to the police.

OPPOSE CONSCRIPTION

Continued
strength soon developed when Joseph Dillon, nationally known by the attitude of the nationalist leaders, nor did the Ulster show any signs of concession. John Dillon, the successor of John Redmond, denounced conscription, while approving conscription, objected to the introduction of the home rule measure at this time.

The house approved the introduction of the government's man power bill by 259 to 50 and it was announced that time for discussion of the bill had been extended until next Tuesday.

Premier Lloyd George said exclusion of Ireland could not be justified any longer and the character of the war was as much Irish as English. Ireland, through her representatives, had approved the war and voted to commit the empire to it. After reading a declaration of the Irish party approving British participation in the war, he continued:

"May I also refer to a speech delivered by the late John Redmond at Mansion House, Dublin, when he was addressing a recruiting meeting there. He said: 'The heart of Ireland has been profoundly moved by the spectacle of the heroic and suffering Irish in Belgium. The other day in London I met Cardinal Archbishop Mercier and I took the liberty of promising him that Ireland would bring her arms and her strength to the aid of France and to uphold and defend the integrity and independence of Belgium, Poland, Alsace-Lorraine and France. There are words for the Irish people to think over. There never was a war in which higher and nobler issues were at stake. I have heard some people speak of this war as an English and not an Irish war. That is absolutely and definitely untrue. Ireland's highest imperial interests are at stake. The fact that America is in this war is the best proof. There are innumerable

Irishmen in the United States than there are in Ireland. They are all subject to conscription. Irishmen in Great Britain are subject to conscription and so are Irishmen in Canada."

Mr. Redmond, in addressing this house the military service bill in 1916 said:

"Let me state what is my personal view on this matter of conscription. I am content to take the phrase used by the prime minister in his last speech and I am prepared to say that I will stick to nothing which is calculated to win this war, and this is the view, I am certain, of the people of Ireland."

"Then he was opposed to that particular bill. But he said that with him conscription was not a question of principle: it was purely a question of necessity for the raising of men. I think from the point of view of the nation, conscription is a necessary evil."

"We are now engaged in discussing an important political proposal for the country. Like the member for Warrington (Mr. Redmond) I view the thing from the point of view of necessity and expediency and in particular circumstances. I would not hesitate to support conscription tomorrow if I thought it was necessary to maintain liberty and if there was no conscription we ran the risk of losing the war."

Dillon Interrupts Premier
Mr. Dillon interrupted: "That was conditional on Ireland having the liberty to decide her own fate, and if Irish liberty were at stake I certainly would not hesitate to support conscription."

"I do not want to enter into a controversy as to what my friend meant," continued the premier, "but that is what he conveyed to the house, and if he will take the trouble to read the speech he will see that is the case. Mr. Redmond himself, on the third reading, in delivering his speech, put it on the ground that we were fighting for a small nationality (he found that was not true) was the intervention of Mr. Dillon."

"The honorable member never challenged the justice of the war, on the contrary, he supported it, voted for it, and supplies and voted for the declaration of war."

"The premier is going too far," interrupted Mr. Dillon. "I never challenged the justice of the war. I believed in the justice of the war and said so. I never voted for supplies nor did anyone else in this house, for the vote was never taken. I never challenged the justice of the war, and I do not challenge it now. The premier is going too far. He says that and most certainly I did vote for the war. I have very strong opinions about the origin of the war."

"I am satisfied with the statements made by my honorable friend," continued Premier Lloyd George. "He supported the justice of the war. If he believed it was an unjust war, he never would have voted for it. I say so quite respectfully and after a good deal of reflection and hesitation because, after all, one does not want to propose anything to raise controversy and trouble when, heaven knows, we have as much trouble as we can possibly deal with. I would not do it unless I thought it was just after great reflection."

Unjust to Exempt Young Irish
"It is indefensible that you should ask young men of 18 years and married men of 25 and 40 with families, and even up to 50, in England, Scotland and Wales, and that you should compel them to fight for the freedom and independence of Ireland, while the young men of 20 to 25 in Ireland are under no obligation to take up arms for a cause which is just as much theirs as ours. It is not merely illogical, it is unjust."

"There is such a thing as justice for Scotland, England and Wales, and the emergency which Mr. Redmond contemplated and which I still respectfully suggest the member for Mayo also contemplated, that we should not win this war without taking this measure has arisen. President Wilson's dramatic decision in the last few days is the best proof, and there is a special emergency with regard to Ireland."

"Irish battalions and divisions, according to all testimony, have maintained the high honor and repute of their native land and those battalions are sadly depleted and they are now filled, or half filled, with Englishmen. If it were merely England's battle, the young men of Ireland might regard that fact with indifference, but it is not. They are just as much concerned as the young men of England."

"Therefore, we propose to extend the military service act to Ireland under the same conditions as in Great Britain. As there is no machinery in existence and no register has yet been completed in Ireland, it may take some weeks before actual enrollment begins. As soon as arrangements are made, the government shall by an order in council put the act into immediate operation."

Says Action Declaration of War
"That is a declaration of war against Ireland," interrupted William O'Brien, nationalist member for Cork, and Michael Flavin, member for Kerry, added: "And Irishmen all over the world."

"Without delay," continued the premier. "Meanwhile, we intend to invite them to join the army."

OLD PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK KIDNEYS

Have you ever stopped to reason why it is that so many products that are extensively advertised, all at once drop out of sight and are soon forgotten? The reason is plain—the article did not fulfil the promises more particularly to a medicine. A medicinal preparation that has real curative value almost sells itself, as like an endless chain system the remedy is recommended by those who have been benefited, to those who are in need of it.

A prominent druggist says: "Take for example Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a preparation I have sold for many years and never hesitate to recommend, for in almost every case it shows excellent results. As many of my customers testify. No other kidney remedy that I know of has so large a sale."

According to sworn statements and verified testimony of thousands who have used the preparation, the success of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is due to the fact that so many people claim, it fulfills almost every wish in overcoming kidney, liver and bladder ailments, corrects urinary troubles and neutralizes the uric acid which causes rheumatism.

You may receive a sample bottle of Swamp-Root by Parcel Post. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and enclose ten cents; also mention The Lowell Sun. Large and medium size bottles for sale at all drug stores.

NOTICE

The mortgagee's sale of a small farm near Willow Dale entrance, for Saturday, April 13, at 3 p. m., is withdrawn by the mortgagee.

SIMON B. HARRIS, Auctioneer.

parliament to pass a measure for self-government for Ireland."

"You can keep it," said Alfred Byrne, nationalist member for Dublin.

"Let there be no apprehension. Both questions will not hang together. Each must be taken on its merits," said the premier.

"You can keep both," replied Mr. Byrne.

"Well," said the premier, "if that is the view of home rule, it is a new view for Ireland. While Great Britain is fighting for national rights in Europe, this is a matter of most vital importance to Ireland. My point of order is this, and you need not try to howl me down because I will not sit down. You may try Prussianism in Ireland, but you do not crush us here."

Mr. Devlin interrupted the speaker on a point of order, saying:

"This is not a matter of petty controversy; this is a matter of most vital importance to Ireland. My point of order is this, and you need not try to howl me down because I will not sit down. You may try Prussianism in Ireland, but you do not crush us here."

The speaker of the house: "The honorable member would be entitled to move an adjournment of debate during the course of the debate at the conclusion of the prime minister's speech, but he certainly could not put in a motion of that sort in the middle of the prime minister's speech."

"I was saying," continued Mr. Lloyd George, "this convention has just terminated its labors. The cabinet of course, has not had time to consider that report because it has only just arrived. I understand it is reported by a majority, and I fear the majority is not such as to justify the government in saying that it represents a substantial agreement. That means that the government must accept the responsibility of submitting to parliament with such guidance as the convention's report affords, such proposals for the establishment of self-government in Ireland as they think just and which can, in their judgment, be carried out without violent controversy."

"We propose, therefore, at an early date, to introduce such a measure into the house of commons and to pass it into a law with the least possible delay. When the young men of Ireland have been brought in large numbers in the fighting line, it is important that they should feel that they are fighting to establish a right and a principle abroad which is denied to the land in which they live."

Dominions Have Sent Millions
"I ought to say that appeals which have been addressed to the dominions have produced a fine response. The dominions already have furnished the empire with something like one million magnificent fighting men, and they are each and all taking the necessary steps to send more."

"The proposals which I am submitting to the house and which I hope to give to you first reading, I hope it will be possible to get through the house this week. Time presses every day and it is a matter of importance."

"We regret having to propose such extremely drastic recommendations which will injure so many trades, but, having regard to the emergency, I say that no government could accept the responsibility of proposing less."

"If by any chance or mischance this colossal battle went against us, I do not say the war would be over any more than it was when Great Britain fought against another attempt at military domination when Napoleon, having overthrown the armies of Europe, had the continent at his mercy."

"As long as we have a ship afloat, we shall not accept a German peace. But if the battle is won, as I believe it will be, the doom of Prussianism is sealed. The enemy has attacked at the height of his strength. We have been defeated by one powerful ally, and another and more powerful ally is not yet ready to put forth one-tenth of his might."

Must Win Now or Fight for Years
"But on the other hand this battle must exhaust the German reserves. The enemy's last call must be thrown in before this battle is over, and America is only now putting in the first installment of her first call."

"If we wish to avoid a war lasting for years, this battle must be won now and to win it we must be ready to throw in all our resources. The men we propose taking today may well be the means of winning the decisive battle, and with these measures and with the promise of America we have no fear of the ultimate issue."

"We shall pass through many fluctuations of hope and despondency perhaps, even in this battle. Let us go through the vicissitudes of this tremendous struggle with stout and steady hearts. We have had sad and critical days. In those days we had

no ground for panic. We have had days when the outlook was brighter. "Make no mistake, there is no cause yet for exultation, except in the valor of our troops. For a long time there will be cause, grave cause, for deep sadness and those will always be to the end cause for exertion and for sacrifice, and if those are given with the unstinted devotion with which our brave men in France are offering it, there will be cause for confidence in this country."

CALLS CONSCRIPTION AN INSANE BLUNDER

SAN FRANCISCO, April 10.—Conscription in Ireland would be an "insane blunder," according to a cablegram sent to John Dillon by T. P. O'Connor, Irish nationalist and member of parliament, who was here today on a speaking tour. The cablegram follows:

"I must at once record a solemn warning that conscription in Ireland will paralyze its friends and encourage its bitterest enemies in this country. It means that Ireland would again suffer the futile best efforts of Irish leaders everywhere."

George Parker, Townsend Adams and John Bell were here yesterday afternoon by Lieut. Maher and Court Officer Philip Dwyer on warrants charging them with breaking and entering in the night time the variety store of Mrs. Rosa Veilleux at 181 Woburn street, Wiggintonville, and the larceny of tobacco and canned goods. The case was continued until April 17.

William Harris, who was arrested in connection with the break yesterday by Patrolman O'Connell, pleaded guilty to receiving stolen property and he was ordered to pay a fine of \$5.

Nine men were before the court charged with practicing medicine without a license but by agreement the cases were continued until April 17.

James Kozzombio, charged with threatening, was discharged and the case of threatening against his brother, Kostas, was continued until May 10.

John E. Lawrence, neglect of wife, was given a suspended sentence of five months in the house of correction. Catherine Martin, drunkenness, was sentenced to 15 days in jail.

The case of Serarinos was charged with larceny was continued until April 20 and the case of larceny against Michael Rowe was continued until May 1.

LICENSE COMMISSION

The regular business meeting of the license commission was held late yesterday afternoon and the following minor licenses were granted:

Renewal of auctioneer—Thomas H. Egan, 100 State street.
Renewal of carnival—Jazz club, by T. E. Clark, 280 High street from May 13 to May 18, Merrimack Manufacturing company's private land, Lakeview avenue, old baseball grounds.

Second hand clothing—James Bancroft, 1010 Central street.
Special chauffeur's license—Armand A. Brault, 494 Moody street; Louis P. Page, 245 Oak street, Lawrence.

Express—Joseph H. Young, Washington Tavern; Thomas A. Grady, 100 Orchard street.

Renewal of job wagon—Charles E. Pickard, 145 Butman road; Philip H. Tessier, 26 Coolidge street; Joseph S. Ciolek, 163 Gay street.

Renewal of express license—Joseph Lemere, 86 Summer street.
Store show—William F. Riley, 241 Central street.
Hawker and peddler—Omer Belloc, 3 Ward street.

MORE LOWELL MEN FOR UNCLE SAM'S NAVY

The local navy station did a rushing business this morning and sent six men to Boston for final examination. The men who were signed up were Gordon S. Burdick, 633 Wilder street, apprentice seaman; Phillips B. Redden, 1463 Gorham street, landsman for electrician; E. Lessard, 13 Fourth street, naval reserve; Joseph P. Cantillon, Lawrence, reserve; Charles J. Monahan, Lawrence, reserve, and Milo C. Crymble, 163 Gay street. There will undoubtedly be special interest in the enlistment of Crymble in that he is a Lowell boy who has gained considerable reputation on the stage. He has played juvenile parts with a number of local stock companies and has also traveled extensively.

GREENHALGE DEBATING SOCIETY

The Greenhalge Debating society of the local high school will hold a debate on national prohibition in the school hall tomorrow afternoon at 3.15. The debate will take the form of a contest between the juniors and the seniors. The judges will be Miss Everett and Miss Spence of the school faculty.

Everything is in readiness for the big debate with Cambridge Friday evening. The question will have to do with the adoption of physical culture in the schools and the Lowell argues have the negative side. This is expected to be somewhat of a handicap, but Messrs. Farrell, Choquette and Barber, who make up the Lowell representation, are confident of "coming through."

Trade in Lowell with Sun advertisers and you will save money on your purchases.

MOULDERS CORE-MAKERS and MACHINE OPERATORS

Of Saco-Lowell shops, meeting Wednesday evening in place of Thursday evening this week, at 32 Middle street, at 8 o'clock.

(Signed)
THE COMMITTEE.

CAMP NEWS

LEGATION AT BERLIN TELLS
OF GERMAN HATE
"CAMP DEVENS, April 10.—"German hatred of its enemies is not spontaneous, but cultivated as national strength and as such instilled and nurtured from earliest childhood," said Joseph C. Grew of Boston, first secretary of the American legation at Berlin, before officers at the Liberty theatre yesterday.

The intimate portrayal of odious characteristics of German officialdom, recounted from personal experience, set the jaws of the officers as they listened to tense silence. Incidents showing inconsistency of mind, horrible temper, extreme egotism and selfishness among German statesmen ran through the talk. When his account showed it was a professor of ethics at the University of Munich who brutally kicked a staff officer disguised in civilian attire the audience relaxed into laughter.

2800 More Negroes Comedian
Priv. Vaughn T. Turekian of New Bedford, second detachment, quarter-master corps, wrote a letter recounting the hanging of his brother, Karop Turekian, a naturalized American citizen for 14 years, and other members of his family, at Harput, and asked that he be allowed to fight with the infantry and not be classed as an enemy alien.

The 6th battalion, Depot Brigade, is added to the negro units and 2800 more are coming mostly from Florida with the next white draft. Hundreds of tents have been ordered to provide quarters.

Brig.-Gen. Albright's order against discussion of troop movements or any military information, in public places was signed by officers in the 11st brigade and will be repeated to the men. Similar action is being taken to protect the lives of soldiers in all commands.

Bartholomew Lee of Cambridge, cook in E company, 301st, is hailed as originator of a new bread 200 calories richer in nutrition than the regular substitute and requiring less wheat. It includes six parts white flour and four of oatmeal.

The 30th Infantry engaged in mass singing last night at the Y.M.C.A. auditorium, under direction of 1st Lieut. J. Ernest Stern of New York, assistant adjutant. The 301st Artillery band will play at the Lawrence Red Cross dance on the 15th, to which officers are invited.

First Lieut. Meville Weston, 304th Infantry, son of R. D. Weston of Cambridge, rejoined his regiment yesterday, upon recovery from a serious illness.

First Lieut. Chellis V. Smith, chaplain of the base hospital, is organizing a band of the medical corps men. The Newport

Red Cross has taken over plans for flower gardens there. At their first day of trench digging on the division school bayonet field 140 negroes ate, in the open, cocoa, beef stew and rice for lunch. Lieut. H. J. Sullivan, Boston, Lieut. C. R. McKenney, Portland, and Lt. R. J. Kirkwood commanded the details.

Next week Lieut.-Col. Romyer plans to have rifle firing as an accompaniment to the bayonet charge over the assault course. Capt. Goodday, Canadian, and Lieut. Ingalls are the instructors. A new anti-air range is nearing completion behind division headquarters.

Lowell Man in Hospital
Sergeant Robert Cinqmars of Lowell, a member of C company, Sixth Mass. N. G., has been in the hospital since Aug. 27, when a double fracture of the leg came from being run over. He is incapable of service until the stiffness goes out of the knee, two operations and a plaster cast having made a cure. Edward Wals, a Lowell plumber transferred from the same company to the Fourth Pioneer at Spaulding, visited Sergt. Cinqmars yesterday while home on a 10 days' furlough.

Capt. C. F. Sullivan, Boston, 802 infantry supply officer, put the regiment mounted train through drill yesterday, the combat and supply wagons with animals occupying a long line in the parade field.

Now Battalion Adjutant
First Lieut. Arthur S. Peabody, Harvard 16, son of Charles N. Peabody of Brookline, assumed duty as adjutant of the Sixth battalion, 1st Lt. Henry G. Chambers of Newton being made assistant division personnel officer.

First Lieut. Joseph E. Wholan of Weston, 302d Infantry, broke his wrist when his horse threw him yesterday. Maj. Isadore M. Unger, Capt. John S. Mulliken, 1st Lt. Patrick J. Manning and Contract Surgeon Horace K. Boutwell will examine physically candidates of the officers' training school on April 10.

Private Charles Owen, Jr., E company, 302d Infantry, awaits a verdict in his court-martial on charge of willful violation of orders.

The 2d company, officers' training camp, remained in the trenches from 8 to 10 o'clock last night and had bloody noses and back eyes to show for their realistic combat problem.

NEWPORT NOW A QUARANTINE PORT

NEWPORT, R. I., April 10.—Newport has been designated as a quarantine port by the treasury department, and Dr. Edward V. Murphy of this city has been appointed quarantine officer. The steamer Newark, a former United States cruiser, which has been on duty as quarantine ship at Providence, has been ordered to change its station to Newport.

Daily Bulletin From War Work Headquarters

HEADQUARTERS —FOR— ENROLMENT IN THE U. S. PUBLIC SERVICE RESERVE—Lowell Branch

"Fit of the Toy Shop," by the Jesters of Jamaica Plain (Benefit of the Field Hospitals), Camp Devens, Liberty Theatre, Sunday, April 21st. Tickets for sale here.

War Savings Stamps for sale here. For Liberty Bonds, go to your bank.

Smileage Books can be secured here. Good in any Army Camp.

Register your Victory Garden here. Subscriptions for the Welfare Fund—Joint Campaign—received here.

You can pay your Red Triangle, Welfare Fund, or Red Cross pledge here.

Food Conservation Headquarters. SAVE WHEAT. All do as you are asked. You must do as you are told.

Identify your friends' picture in the military photographs here.

Hold your scraps of cloth—any old waste material—useless garments. Have it ready for the Campaign Week when it will be collected, and the amount realized by those who collect it given to the Lowell Guild for the Babies' Fund.

SLACKER

What do they mean by "slackers?" What is the definition of "slacker?" One who should fight, but won't. One who holds up a job. One whom a job is holding up. One who does not hold his end up. One who camouflages and pretends to be doing all he can. One who is making a fuss about his own health and strength, as though his life was more important than this great cause, for which others are giving theirs. One who lacks earnestness and slacks earnestly. Be earnest and honest with yourself and you won't be a slacker. Be sorry for somebody besides yourself and yours. Learn to love work, eat lightly, sleep tightly, be slightly, exercise sprightly, and pray nightly. Get hold of yourself. Hold up your end, and hold on to all the Liberty Bonds you can.

RED LILY BRAND CANNED GOODS

TRY OUR SQUASH
Barlow's Market
MERRIMACK SQUARE
Cor. Prescott Street, Telephone 4240

U.S. TROOPS WILL SOON BE IN THICK OF BATTLE

Germans Attacking on 130 Mile Front in Another Attempt to Break Through

BIG PATRIOTIC MEETING AT STATE ARMORY

Speakers Electrify Great Audience
—Rally Under the Auspices of
National Security League

The best exemplification of Lowell's war spirit, Lowell's readiness to do or die in backing up the young men whom she has sent to France, the greatest local external demonstration of patriotism since the United States entered the war was that given at the state armory last evening when several thousand men, women and children filled and overflowed the capacious drill shed of the military building and cheered and sang and applauded and at times wept as speak-

U. S. REINFORCEMENTS IN FIGHTING LINE

LONDON, April 10.—American reinforcements have appeared in the British battle zone, says a dispatch from British headquarters in France to Reuter's Limited.

Their presence in the fighting line, the correspondent adds, should soon be felt.

SENATE PASSES SEDITION BILL

WASHINGTON, April 10.—The sedition bill, providing severe penalties for disloyal utterances, or those obstructing the army draft and Liberty loan, was passed today by the senate, without a record vote. The measure now goes to conference.

DAYLIGHT SAVING IN CANADA
OTTAWA, Ont., April 10.—Sir Robert Borden intimated today that Canada's daylight saving bill would go into effect on Monday, April 15. He expects that the bill now before the senate will be put through its various stages this week.



WHAT IS SUCCESS?

Recently the highest-salaried man in the world was asked how he had succeeded. He quietly answered, "I haven't succeeded. No real man ever succeeds. There is always a larger goal ahead." This man is a multi-millionaire and has outrun every rival on the face of the earth and yet he is still looking for a higher goal of success.

We are still endeavoring to reach a higher goal of efficiency in our store and that is why we are all the time improving the store and seeking in every possible way to please our patrons.

Chaffoux's always has something new to offer the public.

Dr. J. L. Lowell High School Commercial Department.

ers and singers interpreted, by various means, perhaps, but always with the same result, the unconquerable spirit that he infused not only Lowell but the rest of the country and has reached a climatic apex within the past few weeks.

The speakers were Hon. David I. Walsh, Professor Albert Bushnell Hart and Professor E. D. Adams. Each had a message to bring—not of encouragement, but rather of dogmatic

Continued on page five

GERMANS CHECKED ON MESSINES FRONT

LONDON, April 10.—"On the Messines front the enemy's attack today was repulsed," Major General F. B. Maurice, chief director of military operations at the war office, announced this afternoon.

"The enemy has obtained no footing on the high ground anywhere."

THOUSANDS FAIL TO FILE TAX RETURNS

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Thousands of cases of failures to file income tax returns have been uncovered by internal revenue agents and steps are being taken to compel filing of delinquent reports and payment of the proper penalties.

**PATRICK A. HAYES
LAWYER**
Grand Bldg. 119 Central St. Tel. 405

Germans Launch New Attacks and Carry Fighting in Great Battle Into Flanders

Battlefront Runs From Ypres in North to Coucy-le-Chateau on Extreme French Right—Huns Drive Deep Salient Into British Lines Below Armentieres — Germans Advance Four Miles at Estaires — Givenchy Recaptured by British

American troops will soon be in the thick of the fighting against the great German drive for a decision on the western front, according to the indications in today's despatches. They have appeared in the British battle zone, where their presence is expected to be felt shortly, the advisers state.

Attempt to Cut Allied Line
Meanwhile the new German offensive in Flanders appears to be developing into more than a local operation. The fighting has spread to the north of Armentieres, south of which it first broke out, and a drive is now on between Armentieres and Messines.

SEN. STONE STRICKEN WITH PARALYSIS
WASHINGTON, April 10.—Senator Stone of Missouri, chairman of the foreign relations committee was stricken with paralysis today while riding in a street car en route to his office. In the Capitol.

He was removed to the senate office building where medical assistance was summoned. Later he was taken home.

The attack affected the senator's left side. He was about to fall when two other passengers on the car caught him. A physician who made a hasty examination, declared while the senator's condition was serious, it was not critical.

LOWELL BOY WHO WAS ON RANDED VESSEL IS REPORTED SAFE

Word was received today that John Lovell, son of Mrs. Mary Lovell of 32 Boilevert street, who was aboard the U.S.S. Manley when that vessel was rammed by a British battleship several weeks ago, is safe and sound "somewhere in European waters."

It was feared for a time that Lovell had met the same fate as John J. O'Donnell, the other Lowell boy aboard the vessel. O'Donnell has been given up as lost by the authorities at Washington. However, the reassuring card came this morning and although no details or particulars are given, the one outstanding fact that Lovell is safe has been established. The Lowell boy enlisted in the navy on May 5 of last year.

A Liberty Bond
—IN—
EVERY JEWISH HOME

Attend a mass meeting this evening at 7.30 in Montefiore Society Synagogue, Howard St.
LOWELL JEWISH LIBERTY LOAN COMMITTEE
Jas. E. O'Donnell
Counsellor at Law
Room 220, 45 MERRIMACK ST.

The German effort in the Flanders stroke is really of such magnitude as to constitute another attempt to break through the British lines in the opinion of at least one of the close observers at the front.

Attack on 130 Mile Front
New German attacks today have carried the fighting in the great battle on the western front into Flanders, and extended the battle front to a stretch of approximately 130 miles from near the Belgian town of Ypres, in the north, to the vicinity of Coucy-le-Chateau, on the extreme French right.

Germans Advance
The fresh German blow, struck yesterday between La Bassée and Armentieres, has already driven a deep salient into the British lines below Armentieres, and the Armentieres region itself was reported under attack this morning.

The infantry fighting is spreading to the northward, following a heavy bombardment by the German guns which extended as far as the Ypres-Comines canal, just to the southeast of Ypres.

Armentieres in Peril
Armentieres, already near the tip of a sharp bend in the line, has now been further pocketed and seems in serious danger.

Continued on page eleven

AMERICANS KILL THREE MEXICAN RAIDERS

EL PASO, Tex., April 10.—Three Mexican raiders were killed near Fort Hancock, Tex., last night when American troops fired on a band of armed Mexicans who crossed the line, according to a message received here today.

The bodies of the Mexicans were found in Mesquite brush near the Mexican ford. American troops located others of the raiding party on the American side and tried to run them down.

Liberty Loan Bonds
You can buy them here for cash or on installments.

Do Your Duty, Support Your Country

CITY INSTITUTION FOR SAVINGS
174 CENTRAL ST.
New Quarter Begins April 13

HIGGINS BROS. UNDERTAKERS
Funeral chambers and all modern equipment. A whole building is utilized for the business.
115 LAVERGNE ST. TEL. 1401

Dr. F. C. Peterson
Is now associated with Dr. H. Larrin at his Lowell office,
253 CENTRAL ST.

NOTICE!
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ASSAIL LLOYD GEORGE'S CONSCRIPTION PLAN

"Mid Summer Madness" and "a Blunder", Say London Papers—
Irish Leaders Protest

LONDON, April 10.—Premier Lloyd George's plan for conscription in Ireland, says the Daily News, seems like "mid-summer madness," adding: "For every battalion it brings it will mean the loss of two needed to hold in check an indignant people stung once more into open rebellion."

The Daily Chronicle says: "The attempt to enact Irish conscription at this juncture is a blunder and a catastrophe."

"No government measure," the Times declared, "has ever had a background more grim or a justification more imperative." It calls it an "obvious measure of justice to the rest of the United Kingdom and to the Irishmen of Canada and the United States."

The Morning Post rejoices that the premier and his colleagues have resolved on a "straight, just and courageous policy" toward Ireland, but says the proposal to introduce a mea-

sure of home rule in Ireland is unwise and unjust as it is an attempt to conciliate the irreconcilables.

Premier Lloyd George, says the Daily Express, undoubtedly was voicing British opinion when he declared it was intolerable that young Irishmen should be left "so prosperous and idle" when British man power was mobilized for military service.

A Political Bombshell
LONDON, Tuesday, April 10.—A political bombshell was thrown into the house of commons yesterday by David Lloyd George, the prime minister, would he announced that conscription was being extended to Ireland and that the government intended to extend home rule to Ireland. Cheers and cries of protest arose from all parts of the house. He was frequently interrupted by angry Irish members. A test of

Continued on last page

LIBERTY BOND DRIVE IN FULL SWING HERE

Today's Liberty bond business in Lowell brought the total of the Spindle city's contributions in the third drive to very near two million dollars. This means that approximately two-thirds of the city's original quota has already been raised.

Although the banks were not able to give out their totals for the day in time for publication, the general feeling was that the drive continues at the high pace which had been set up in the first three days of the campaign.

The impression has got around somehow that as soon as the city

Continued on page nine

TWO KILLED AND TWO MISSING IN WRECK

POMFRET, Conn., April 10.—Two and possibly four men were killed when two freight trains, both east bound, over the N.Y.N.H. & H. R.R., collided three-quarters of a mile east of this station early today. All victims were members of the train crews.

The dead:
F. R. JOHNSON, Boston, brakeman.
JOHN O'FLAHERTY, New Haven, brakeman.

Missing, probably dead in the wreck:
F. P. Rockwood, conductor, and M. F. Soule, fireman.

Engineers Herbert N. Cook and David Cossler, both of East Hartford, and Brakeman Joseph Fidler were injured and taken to a hospital.

Twenty freight cars laden with miscellaneous freight were broken up and caught fire, and in a few hours were consumed.

REVISED PRIORITY LIST ISSUED BY WAR INDUSTRIES BOARD
WASHINGTON, April 10.—The war industries board today issued a revised priority list under which industries will get coal and railway transportation. It precludes preferential treatment to any plant which does not have a substantial percentage of products of exceptional importance.

GIRLS WANTED

Light, clean work.
Good pay. Permanent
employment. Apply
at once.

**NEWTON
MANUFACTURING
COMPANY**

THIS IS THE REAL WAR WINNING SPIRIT

"A marine who complains about the food he is receiving is a slacker, and the quicker he is weeded out of the service the better it will be for Uncle Sam and for the boys who have enlisted to fight and not to complain or criticize."

These few lines were written by Arthur Hervieux, son of Hildegarde Hervieux of 9 Montcalm, avenue, who is now doing service aboard the U.S.S. Illinois, despite the fact that he has not yet reached the 18th anniversary of his birth. The young marine, who will be 18 years of age next May 4, enlisted over a year ago, that is before he had attained the age of 17. He spent a short time at the training school at Newport and later was assigned to the U.S.S. Illinois, where he soon won promotion to the position of third signalman.

Marine Hervieux is the only French-speaking person aboard the ship and his knowledge of the French language is worth a great deal to him, for at present he is engaged in teaching the language of the police to the captain and other officers of the ship, while he is also conducting a class among the marines. He is delighted with life on sea and he states that the food given the men and the treatment accorded them is as good as one could receive at home. In his last letter the young man wrote that on April 3, which was yesterday, he was to celebrate his first anniversary as a marine and inasmuch as he is the "kid" of the ship, the event would be participated in by a great many of the boys in uniform. He also stated that he is now weighing 137 pounds, against 115 pounds at the time he joined the service, which, he claims, speaks well for the food and treatment.

Speaking about his son, Mr. Hervieux said the little fellow always had an inclination for sea life and battleship experience. His hobby when a mere lad was to build miniature ships, and some of the samples of the boy's work, which are at his home, he said, vouch for that statement. "When the boy came home a year ago with his enlistment papers," continued the father, "I did not hesitate a moment to affix my signature, for I knew he would make good."

INSTALLATION OF OFFICERS BY THE YOUNG WOMEN'S HEBREW ASSOCIATION

The monthly meeting of the Young Women's Hebrew association was held last night at headquarters in Central street, the principal business of the evening being the installation of officers for the coming term. There was a large attendance of members and the president, Mrs. I. Green, was in the chair. Following the routine business of the evening, the following officers were installed by Solomon Baker, president of the Young Men's Hebrew association, who was assisted by other officers of the society: President, Mrs. I. Green; vice president, Miss Mildred Carter; recording secretary, Miss Rose Blank; financial secretary, Miss Sarah Shapiro; and treasurer, Mrs. Max Carp.

Following the installation of officers and the transaction of other matters, the liberty dance was discussed. Songs were contributed by Miss Mary Levine and other members of the association also entertained.

The Sun prints the news of the world when it is news and only such news as it is to print. It is a clean family newspaper.

Nervousness and Neuritis

A Complication of Pain and Sleeplessness That Yielded Quickly to the Tonic Treatment

A nervous breakdown with its symptoms of super-sensitive nerves, irritability, sleeplessness and worry is often complicated by the crushing pain of pressure on one or more nerves, that is known as neuritis. If you have nervous pains do not go to great expense for treatment until you have tried building up the blood. If by other means the chances are very strong that the treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is all that you require.

"About a year ago I commenced to feel nervous and could not sleep nights," says Mr. D. N. Smith of 1561 North street, Springfield, Mass. "My condition continued to grow worse. I was complicated with neuritis and there were peculiar pains in both of my arms. After I had suffered for over three months I saw Dr. Williams' Pink Pills recommended in the newspapers and gave them a trial. I had taken but two boxes before I could see that they were helping me. Now the trouble in my arms has disappeared and I feel better in every way. I know that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are an excellent tonic and I always recommend them to my friends."

Mr. Smith is a veteran of Company 52nd regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer, and is well known in Springfield where he was for many years a foreman of N. Y. & N. H. railroad shops. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, the remedy that Dr. Smith recommends so highly, are a tonic for the blood and nerves. They begin at once to build up the system weakened by excess of overwork. The rich red blood seen begins to show in cheeks and lips, the step is quicker, the eyes brighter and the good effect is felt in every organ of the body.

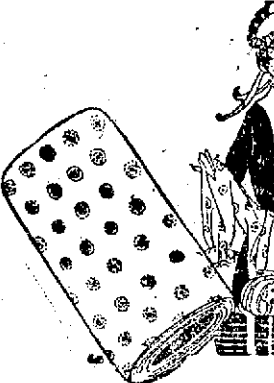
Two useful books, "Diseases of the Nervous System" and "What to Eat and How to Live" will be sent free by the Dr. Williams' Medical Company, Schenectady, N. Y. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by your own druggist or will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for \$2.50. Do not pay more.

NEW SPRING WASH FABRICS

These materials are very light in weight but very durable in texture, and are in colors as numerous and radiant as the rainbow. Every kind of wash material is here and many new weaves are introduced in our collection. Your attention is called to the following wash goods offerings.

FRENCH TUCK VOILE

33 inches wide, one of the latest wash fabrics, in French tucking effect, in the following colors: light grey, pink, Copenhagen, light and navy blue. Yard 59c



GEORGETTE CREPE

36 inches wide, a soft silk and cotton fabric in plain colors of maize, pink, light blue, lavender and white. Yard 59c

FANCY VOILES

36 inches wide, in a large plaid effect with fine black stripes, in lavender, green, old rose, black and blue and black. Yard 59c

FLORAL CHECKED VOILES

40 inches wide, an all over floral voile with a large colored check, in blue, brown, green and pink. Yard 59c

FRENCH VOILE

40 inches wide with an all over Jacquard effect in medium blue, with tan, blue with pink, pink and black and gray with pink and green. Yard 59c

SATIN STRIPED VOILE

40 inches wide, a fine navy blue voile with a brown and white satin stripe. Yard 59c

JACQUARD SHIRTING

32 inches wide, a silk and cotton fabric suitable for shirts, waists, etc., in a white ground with stripes of blue, lavender, green and black. Yd. 59c

PLAID VOILES

36 inches wide, a white voile with a large plaid, in pink, green, yellow, lavender and black. Yard 59c

FANCY EMBROIDERED VOILES

36 inches wide, a white voile with colored stripes and embroidered figures, in maize, light blue, green, pink and black. Yard 59c

WOVEN CHECK VOILES

36 inches wide, a white voile with a medium size woven check, in blue and black, yellow and black, pink and black and green and black. Yard 59c

The Bon Marche

AMERICA! First, Last and Always

FLAGS, FLAG POLES AND POLE HOLDERS

WOOL BUNTING FLAGS

3x5 ft. \$3.49 | 5x8 ft. \$7.50
4x6 ft. \$4.98 | 6x10 ft. \$10.00
8x12 ft. \$15.00

COTTON BUNTING FLAGS

4x6 ft. \$2.25
5x8 ft. \$3.49

Printed Silk Flags

7x10 inch. 25c
12x18 inch. 49c

COTTON SERVICE FLAGS

2x3 ft. 49c | 3x5 ft. 98c

FLAG POLES

8 ft. pole. 75c | 10 ft. pole. 98c
12 ft. pole. \$1.09

Galvanized Pole Holders

1 1/4 inch. 25c | 1 1/2 inch. 39c



PROBATIONARY SYSTEM

Interesting Talk on "Probation and Its Possibilities" by Deputy Commissioner

"Probation and Its Possibilities" was the subject of an interesting address by Herbert C. Parsons, deputy commissioner of probation, at the welfare meeting at St. Anne's parish house in Kirk street yesterday afternoon. Mr. Parsons is a man of wide experience in this line and he explained the probation system from its beginning up to the present time in a manner which greatly interested his listeners.

The meeting was held under the auspices of the Lowell Social Service league in co-operation with the civilian relief committee of the Red Cross. Among those present were Hon. John J. Pickman, Probation Officer Edward F. Slatery and Charles F. Richardson, probation officer for wayward and delinquent children, also Emily M. Skilton, deputy probation officer for children and woman police inspector.

In opening Mr. Parsons said that probation is an instrumental system of the state which protects the welfare, property and peace of the commonwealth. He spoke of the public taking an interest in some occurrence on the street which leads to the arrest of an offender, the trial in court and the passing of sentence. "That," he said, "is where public interest ceases; that is where the interest of the commonwealth starts."

"This is the 10th, 20th and 40th period of the new development—the probationary system—in our commonwealth. Massachusetts began the process of reformation of its criminals at first for boys and established the industrial school for boys at the Lyman school. Later we established a school for girls, now known as the Lancaster school. During the Civil war we extended this process of salvage to the older people. We later directed our attention to the saving of women and established the reformatory for women. After having succeeded in saving the boys and girls and women we completed the program by trying to save the men and we established the reformatory for men."

"In 1878, 40 years ago, the Massachusetts legislature in its wisdom provided that there should be a probation officer in the city of Boston, and in 1880 the legislature said any city or town might have such an official. In 1891 the legislature passed a real signal law by which a probation officer was placed in all the lower courts throughout the commonwealth. He was responsible to the judge and also could be removed by that official. The probation officer was in court to inform the judge of the home environment, etc., of the prisoner at the bar, something which seldom heretofore was brought to the attention of the court.

"The things, the petty offenders, but we must look after those who have done serious things. In this state we said that if it is worth while to save the youngster it is also worth while trying to save the person of more seasoned years. There are more people between the ages of 30 and 40 years placed on probation than any other period of age. Last year a man ninety years of age was placed on probation in one of the courts and he profited by the system. It is never too late to mend the conduct of a human being. We have taken persons who have committed the most serious crimes and attempted to save them, every sort of crime in fact excepting that punishable by death. When a man is brought into court and fined he believes, after paying his fine, that he has squared himself with the state and is free to go out and do the same thing over again, but when placed in the custody of a probation officer he has the guiding hand of the latter over him for a certain period of time and in the majority of cases he becomes a better man, a better citizen and worthy of mingling in a community of law-abiding people."

"We do not think of what the man has done, but what caused him to do it. It is much harder to deal with the habitual offender than with the person who commits one single serious crime."

"In 1908 the commission on probation was established in this state. It is one of the three states in the country having a commission. It has accomplished what it was created to do. For the year ending Sept. 30, 1917, the courts of Massachusetts intrusted 20,433 cases to probation officers."

Conditions Have Improved
The speaker then referred to the period when the prisons and other correctional institutions throughout the state were overcrowded with prisoners, but for the past 20 years Massachusetts has not built an additional cell in any of its prisons and at the present time half of the cells are unoccupied. Fall River built a commodious and beautiful structure for a place of confinement for prisoners, but in the past year it has been sold and is now used as an old folks' home. Last year there was a women's prison on Deer Island in Boston harbor and when the commission visited the place it was found that the building was practically vacant simply for the reason that the state had found a way to treat women different than heretofore. That jail has also passed out of the correctional market and

is now used by the United States Government.
Continuing, the speaker said: "Half a century ago we read into the laws of the state that a person who didn't support his family was tried as a criminal. We put him in a cell, turned the key and made it sure that he couldn't go to work and support his family. But now when a man is charged with neglect he is placed in the hands of the probation officer, who sees that the man secures work and earns money for the support of those dependent upon him. During the past year \$418,000 was collected in this state by probation officers from persons who had neglected their families. It is much better to reform these men by letting them secure employment and making them support their families than to close them up in jail and have the county pay their board."

He also referred to the steps taken relative to the support of illegitimate children and the support of indigent parents. At one time if a person did not have money to pay a fine he was locked up and supported by the county, but now it is different. At the present time if the offender is fined and has not got the money he is given time in which to pay the fine and is out of the jail in five or ten days under the guidance of the probation officer. Last year \$81,000 was paid in suspended fines in this state. Last year the state of Rhode Island as a result of confining people who could not pay fines, asked the legislature for \$540,000 to pay back bills. Such a thing is unknown in this state.

"You must treat a person helpfully instead of harshly," said Mr. Parsons. "A person who is committed to jail for a long period feels that he has been unjustly treated and develops a feeling to get square with the people who sent him there."

System Did Succeed
"The probationary system has been a success all over the country. You have all heard of what Mr. Osborne did at Sing Sing, one of the largest penal institutions in the country, where the worst criminals are kept. Several years ago the sheriff of a jail in North Carolina allowed 456 of the trustees to go unattended to their homes to spend Christmas. Did they return? Every one of them. The following year he allowed 650 prisoners to go to their homes for one week and gave each man \$1 in money. That was a great temptation. He said but not one of them failed to return at the appointed time. Down in the state of Louisiana the prisoners are put to work on sugar plantations, while in New Mexico and other states the prisoners are put to work in the open under guards of

their own choice, the latter not being armed with any weapon.
"The idea of correction is to build people up instead of allowing them to remain idle in an institution. Twenty-five per cent. of the people in penal institutions are feeble-minded. In 1914 it was found that 14,000 of the people confined in this state had been imprisoned before the average being six or seven times. Some courts have resorted to the probationary system when unable to determine just what disposition to be made, knowing that the probation officer has a better opportunity to study the life and environments of the person.
"Ninety per cent. of women leading disorderly lives are feeble-minded; they are mentally defective. Judges have got to find out the mental defect and find out the best treatment and in a helpful manner. It isn't necessary to put a man behind walls before you begin to inquire what we can do for him. We are reducing the number of criminals so that we can look forward to the time when we can restore the man back to society."

At the conclusion of Mr. Parsons' address he was rendered a rising vote of thanks.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

The regular meeting of Loyal Integrity lodge, I.O.O.F., M.U., was held Monday night in Odd Fellows building, Noble Grand Sidney Fryer presiding. Two new members were elected to membership, and it was voted to have another star added to the service flag for Ernest J. Hillman, who joined the army within the past few weeks. One new member was initiated.

Integrity Staff association held its regular meeting Sunday morning, April 7. President Smith presided. A communication from Joseph H. Handford, editor of the official paper, was read urging members to subscribe for the "Manchester Unity Bulletin." The bowling committee reported that in the last match Integrity team lost by four points to Merrimack Valley. Thursday evening of this week the match will be between Wameest and Merrimack Valley teams. There was a fine rehearsal of the drill under Chief of Staff P.G. Thomas H. Smith. For the social hour an entertainment was carried out as follows: Remarks, N.G. Sydney Fryer, Deputy Willie Bowles, P.G. George E. Mackley, Thomas Hester, P.G.M. Edward T. Mackley, song, P.G. Willis Bowles, and song, P.G. Frank Bowles. There was a very large attendance with many visitors from Wameest and Merrimack Valley lodges.

The gold degree will be worked by Wameest lodge at its meeting on Monday evening, April 15, in Encampment hall, Odd Fellows building, Middlesex street.
The regular meeting of Lady Franklin council, Sons and Daughters of Liberty, was held Monday night in Post 135 hall, Councilor Myrtle Foster presiding. There was a good sized attendance and plans were discussed relative to attending the state session of the order which will meet in New Bedford on May 8. Several new names were added to the list already brought in for the class initiation next month. There will be a supper served to the members on the next meeting night, April 22, at the nominal sum of 25 cents apiece. Sister Mary Foster will be in charge.
After the meeting a good time, provided by the social committee, was enjoyed by the members. There was a peanut hunt; also a lively game of bean bag, which was won by Isabel Akeley. Ice cream and fancy crackers also were served.

BUCILLA PACKAGE OUTFITS

The thrifty woman of today looks to Bucilla Embroidery and Crochet Package Outfits to help her dress better, make her home more beautiful and have the little ones daintily attired, at a minimum cost. Her leisure moments are pleasantly occupied in following the simple clear directions to be found in each package and she is sure of having more than enough material in each outfit to complete her work.

BUCILLA STYLES are leaders always. For quality, economy and convenience they have no equal in the following packages—

- GOWNS
- CORSET COVERS
- CAMISOLES
- SCARFS
- BOUDOIR PILLOWS
- DOILIES
- CENTERPIECES
- BABY BONNETS
- KNIFE, FORK AND SPOON CASE
- HOT ROLL COVERS
- DRESSING SACQUES
- CARRIAGE PILLOWS



- CARRIAGE ROBES
- CHILDREN'S HATS
- CHILDREN'S DRESSES
- CAKE TRAY DOILIES

RELATIVES AND FRIENDS TENDER

FAREWELL RECEPTION TO JOHN TOY
After being banqueted at the Glendale camp on Saturday night, John Toy was tendered a farewell reception by his relatives and friends at his home, 7 Nelson avenue, on Sunday evening. Mr. Toy resigned an important position in Boston to enlist in the Quartermaster's Corps of the United States army as an expert on magnets and ignition systems. At the Glendale camp, friends of the young soldier presented him a wrist watch, while the gifts of his relatives and friends on Sunday evening consisted of a shaving outfit, military set and enough baggage to keep him supplied for many months. Mr. Toy is well liked by all who know him, and when his relatives and friends heard of his enlistment they planned to send him away well supplied. Many of these present spoke in the highest terms of the young man, praising him for his action in joining the colors, and wishing him a safe trip and success on the field of battle. A musical program, with Walter Davis, the Glendale orchestra, Thomas Hessian, Edward Flynn and others contributing proved very enjoyable. Refreshments were served.
Mr. Toy left Monday for Baltimore, and he expects to sail for France in the near future.

ENLISTMENTS GREATLY STIMULATED BY VISIT OF BRITISH TANK BRITANNIA

BOSTON, April 10.—Enlistments in the British and Canadian armies at the recruiting mission headquarters here were greatly stimulated by the visit of the tank Britannia, officials of the mission announced today. One hundred British subjects volunteered in two days and 60 of that number were accepted by the medical officers.

REPORT GERMANS AND UKRAINIANS HAVE OCCUPIED KHARKOV

LONDON, Tuesday, April 9.—The Bolshevik government announces that it has received news that the Germans and Ukrainians have occupied Kharkov, according to a Reuters dispatch from Petrograd.
Kharkov is 400 miles south of Moscow and is the farthest point east yet reached by the Germans.

SCHOONER YACHT CORONET SOON TO END HER DAYS IN SARDINE CARRYING TRADE

BOSTON, April 10.—The schooner yacht Coronet, which received notice some years ago when owned by the Holy Ghost and its society, will end her days in the sardine carrying trade, it was learned here today. The yacht was bought from the society by owners of a cannery at Deep Cove, Me.

UNIONS ENGAGED IN SHIP CONSTRUCTION ARRANGE FOR ARBITRATION

BOSTON, April 10.—A committee representing unions of blacksmiths, boilermakers and machinists today sought a conference with shipyard owners in this vicinity to choose a satisfactory arbitrator or examiner, who would consider any difference that might arise between the men and their employers. The committee was appointed by the metal trades council at the request of the shipping board. The unions represented include 85 per cent. of the men engaged in ship construction and repairing.

R R R

Arc Letters of Credit
Good in Every Home in Every Country on the Globe

Radway's Ready Relief

25c Rub It On 5 STOPS Rub It In PAIN INSTANTLY

50c All Druggists

USED EXTERNALLY FOR Sciatica, Sore Back, Lumbago, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Sore Muscles, Cold in Chest.

Has No Disagreeable Odor Will Not Stain the Clothes

Make Me Prove That There is Such a Thing as Painless Dentistry

No matter how nervous you are or how sensitive your teeth may be, no crown, fill or extract them absolutely without pain. This is an actual fact. One trial will convince you.

MY PRICES ARE JUST 1/2 CHARGED YOU BY OTHER DENTISTS

FULL SET TEETH \$5.00

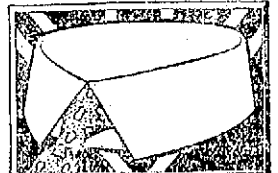
Gold Crowns \$3 and \$5
Bridge Work \$3 and \$5
Fillings 50c up
PAINLESS EXTRACTING FREE

When Plates Are Ordered No high prices in my office. Here in my office high grade, painless dentistry go hand in hand with reasonable charges.

DR. MCKNIGHT

175 CENTRAL ST., BRADLEY BLDG., LOWELL
OPPOSITE APPLETON NATIONAL BANK. TELEPHONE 4020
Hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Open until 9 p. m. Saturdays. French Spoken

Finest VANILLA FLAVORING 1/2 Pt. 45c
Talbot's Chemical Store
40 MIDDLE ST.



CASCO - 2 1/4 in.
CLYDE - 2 1/2 in.

New ARROW COLLARS FOR SPRING

Cluett, Peabody & Co. Inc. Makers

After Sickness They Gave Her Vinol

And She Soon Got Back Her Strength

New Castle, Ind.—The measles left me run down, no appetite, could not rest at night, and I took a severe cold which settled on my lungs, so I was unable to keep about my household. My doctor advised me to take Vinol, and six bottles restored my health so I do all my housework, including washing. Vinol is the best medicine I ever used." Alice Record, 437 So. 11th St., New Castle, Ind.
We guarantee this wonderful cold and iron tonic, Vinol, for all weak, run-down, nervous conditions. Liggett's Elder-Jaynes Drug Store, Lowell Pharmacy, Routhier & Delsile, Props., Falls & Berkinshaw, P. J. Campbell, Lowell, and at the best drug stores in every town and city in the country.

MERRIMACK FISHWAYS BILL GOES THROUGH

Special to The Sun.
STATE HOUSE, Boston, April 10.—Defeating an eleventh hour attack by Rep. Fred P. Greenwood of Everett yesterday afternoon, Rep. Dennis A. Murphy of Lowell carried the Merrimack fishways bill to a third reading by a vote that was practically unanimous, the Everett member alone raising his voice when the speaker called for the "yeas."

Previous to the session rumors were spread that a determined effort would be made to kill the bill, and the entire Lowell delegation at once became busy. Reps. Murphy, Achin and Jewett remained in the house chamber to meet the arguments of those who might oppose it, while Reps. Corbett and Putnam became active in the lobby. The effectiveness of their team work was shown by the vote on the bill.

The matter appeared on the calendar in a new form, reported by the ways and means committee, and designed to safeguard the legal rights of the commonwealth and of the water power companies having riparian rights in the river. The appropriation which may be expended from the treasury of the commonwealth, also, was reduced by the committee from \$15,000 to \$10,000.

UNDIGESTED SUBSTANCES IN THE STOMACH

They ferment and the stomach becomes sour. There is nausea, belching of gas, and in some cases vomiting of acid or bitter matters. Take Dys-pep-lets. They combine the best digestives, carminatives and correctives and will give you prompt relief. They are pleasant to take and agreeable in action. An elegant product of up-to-date pharmacy, giving entire satisfaction. Get a package at your druggist's today. Three signed and therefore Good. Made by Hood and therefore Good.



The cleaner it is the quicker it heals

"Don't cry, we'll fix you up all right. We'll wash it clean with this. It will heal itself then in a hurry."

The moment the skin is broken, or even when it's chafed—foreign matter and the acids of your perspiration get into it and make it smart and sting.

When you wash your skin with Lifebuoy Health Soap, it carries into the pores the antiseptic that is known to be of the most help in protecting the skin. This counteracts the effect of perspiration acids that collect in the pores, keeps your skin free from impurities—sweet and wholesome—gives it a chance to heal.

Don't think your skin needs this real cleansing only when it is broken, chafed and sore.

What happens when your skin is improperly cleansed

Modern health authorities are teaching the value of prevention. They advise people to prevent illness—to take care of their health every day. The skin, especially, needs daily protection.

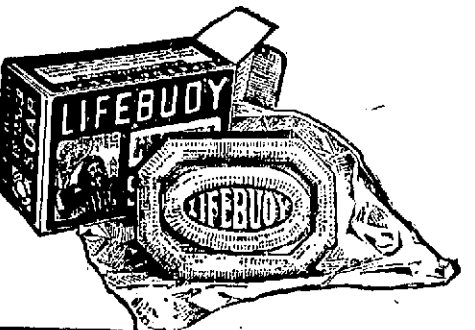
The skin on your body contains thousands of little mouths. On the palm of your hand alone, there are 2700 of them to every inch! Through these little mouths, the skin filters out the perspiration, excess oils and waste matter of the system—at the rate of two pints every twenty-four hours! If not properly cleansed, these acids and impurities irritate the skin—they impair its smooth, soft texture—skin troubles set in.

The Lifebuoy odor tells you why the soap protects your skin

The "health" odor in Lifebuoy is found in no other soap. It is not a perfume—not the odor of a medicine, but a pure, hygienic odor that tells you instantly why the soap benefits your skin. One whiff of Lifebuoy and you realize why it purifies and protects—why it improves your skin.

Get a cake of Lifebuoy at any grocery or drug store. Just try it—and watch your skin improve.

Lever Bros. Co., Cambridge, Mass.



The Health Soap

association of more than 400 members organized primarily for the purpose of having the fishways restored, because they know that it will mean a greatly increased supply of food for the people of our city. I do not know as we will be able to ship fish to Everett, or to other parts of the commonwealth, but I do know that it will give us a supply of food that would have come in very handy this past winter, and in my opinion there is no way in which the commonwealth could expend \$10,000 to better advantage."

Rep. Smith of Provincetown, chairman of the legislative committee on fisheries and game, said it is a shame to permit such a great river as the Merrimack to flow to the sea without feeding the multitudes of fish which it is capable of supporting. Rep. Gossion of Andover predicted that within a few years after the passage of the bill the Everett member will be looking for a chance to go fishing up the Merrimack river. Rep. Greenwood retorted that he never expected to have the pleasure of seeing a Merrimack salmon.

Rep. Jewett called attention to the fact that the bill has been supported, unanimously, by two committees, and has already passed the senate. There is no question, he said, but that the fishways must be maintained, but there has been much dispute as to whom should bear the cost of restoring them. The pending bill represents an agreement of all parties, and the money is to be expended under the supervision and direction of the commission appointed by the governor to safeguard the interests of the commonwealth in such matters.

BILL IN NEW FORM

The bill was then ordered to a third reading, as stated above. In its new form, as reported by the ways and means committee, it reads as follows:

Section 1. The board of commissioners on fisheries and game, acting under the power and authority now vested in them by law in relation to fishways are hereby authorized, during the current year, to provide, re-establish or construct suitable and sufficient fishways on the Merrimack river at Lawrence and Lowell.

Section 2. The damage and expense hereby incurred shall in accordance with the provisions of law and of this act be borne by the owners of the dams located at said points on said river; provided, however, that the said commissioners are hereby authorized and empowered to enter into an agreement with the owners of said dams whereby such portion, if any, of such damage or expense, as may to the said commissioners seem just and equitable, shall

SHE SUFFERED FIVE YEARS

Finally Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Key West, Fla.—"For five years I suffered from irregularities, with terrible pains and an awful weakness in my back. The doctor gave me different medicines but they did me no good. A friend asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I found it to be the best medicine I ever tried because it made me well, and I can now do my housework. I am telling my friends about it."—Mrs. J. M. CAMUS, 726 Caroline St., Key West, Florida.

Many women at some period in their life suffer from ailments peculiar to their sex and which in some cases may be readily relieved by this famous root and herb medicine, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, just as Mrs. Camus found it helped her after suffering for years and trying everything else in vain.

If you have any annoying symptoms you fail to understand, write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The results of their 40 years' experience in advising women on this subject is at hand.

be assumed and paid by the commonwealth.

Section 3. Said commissioners are hereby authorized to expend from the treasury of the commonwealth, for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this act a sum not exceeding ten thousand dollars in addition to any sum that may be contributed for said purpose, by any individual, association or municipality. All receipts and expenditures made hereunder shall be set forth in the succeeding annual report of said commissioners.

Section 4. Nothing in this act contained and no action of the commissioners hereunder shall be construed in any way as a waiver or release on the part of the commonwealth of its right to compel the owners of said dams to construct and maintain said fishways, nor shall anything in this act contained, nor any action of the commissioners hereunder, so construed as to impair the legal rights or remedies of any person or corporation.

Section 5. This act shall take effect upon its passage.

No Delay on Bay State Fares

By a vote of 85 to 123, the house yesterday afternoon refused to adopt an order offered by Rep. Quigley of Chelsea, requesting the public service commission to suspend further action relative to the application of the Bay State Street Railway company for permission to increase its fares, until such time as the legislature shall have disposed of the "service-at-cost" plan. This means that the commission will go on with its hearings, and announce a decision as soon as it can formulate one. HOYT.

TALK ON PATRIOTISM BY BISHOP HUGHES

The Lowell Congregational club conducted a patriotic meeting last evening in the First Congregational church, and the speaker of the evening was Bishop Edwin H. Hughes of Boston, who spoke very interestingly on "The Bible and Patriotism." The attendance was large and in the early part of the evening a brief business session was held, during which new names were added to the membership roll. There were also brief speeches by Rev. Mr. Jenkins of North Chelmsford, Rev. A. C. Ferrin, Rev. Dr. English of Connecticut and Rev. A. R. Hussey. A resolution on the death of Prof. W. H. Ryder was adopted.

The bishop's address was in part as follows:

"Very naturally at the present time, the theme of patriotism is handled frequently and ardently. Ordinarily, likewise, the theme is not handled with any particular show of reason. Sometimes its treatment may not be merely vaporous, but even rapid. We talk of a man who waves the Star Spangled Banner or one whose speech suggests that he is engaged in the process of making the eagle scream; but it is not a theme brought frequently to the bar of reason, or submitted to any religious test.

"We are having our chance now. God pity us, and lift us up to the range of required heroism. We are having our chance to fill up what is lacking in the sufferings of the past heroes of America. I was worried about my country two, three and four years ago; we were getting to be such a nation of money-lovers, and losing, more and more, the Puritan sense of life. But when the tocsin of war sounded we discovered that heroism had not died in our people. It is not as easy for them as we think either. They march out with faces that are full of smiles, but in their hearts they are full of foreboding. Here, in this city of Lowell, while this Liberty loan goes on, let us resolve that we will stand behind them until we have put down militarism and its curses forever, more, and until the Stars and Stripes come back from the battlefield to be moved and more to sign and symbol of Christian democracy. God bless the allied nations in their brave struggle! God bless heroic England, whose navy has kept the enemy away from our shores throughout these months! God bless pathetic France, and give her renewed strength! God bless Italy and the remnants of Serbia, and poor, collapsed Russia! And God bless the youth of this time in the United States of America, and keep them steady in their own mighty task, the task that has been assigned to our people!"

LOWELL LODGE OF ELKS OFFICERS
 INSTALLED BY DEGREE TEAM FROM MEDFORD

The recently elected officers of Lowell lodge of Elks were inducted into office last night, there being a record breaking attendance of members of the organization. The officers were installed by a degree team from Medford lodge and after the ceremonial services, out-of-town speakers, including officers from Camp Devens, were listened to with interest and an informal entertainment program was carried out.

The Medford lodge degree team was composed of 60 men, who performed the installation service in a commendable manner. The visiting team, nearly all past exalted rulers, were in charge of installing Officer Edward M. Hamilton, Past Exalted Ruler of the Order James B. Nicholson, and Grand Esquire D. S. Taylor of Medford, and after the suite had performed the installing exercises

YOUR NEMO!

You'll be comfortable in it every minute of the day. You'll look well in it and feel well in it. It will do as much for your style as it does for your health. It will help you to economize.

NEMO CORSETS are skillfully designed for every type of figure. They have famous patented features that reduce flesh, support the body and relieve many physical weaknesses. They are so well made, of such fine materials, that they outwear all other corsets.

We invite you to come in soon and get Your Nemo, especially this week, as we have secured the services of an expert on Corsets from the Nemo Hygienic Fashion Institute of New York,

MISS EMMA KRAUS

and with the help of our corsetieres, feel that you can be fitted as you should be.

THIRD FLOOR TAKE ELEVATOR

The Underprice Basement Automobile Robes Steamer Rugs

Our stock of Auto Robes and Steamer Rugs is now complete. Plush Robes in plain and fancy designs, made with or without rubber interlining.

PLUSH ROBES, in green and black. 48x60, \$3.50 and 54x72, \$6.50

PLUSH ROBES, green and black, rubber interlined. 48x60, \$5.50, 54x72, \$7.50

PLUSH ROBES, fine quality, brown. 54x72, at \$8.00

FINE QUALITY OF PLUSH ROBES, green and black, extra large. 54x84, at \$9.00

PLUSH ROBES, fine quality, good variety of fancy patterns and colors. 54x72, at \$10.50

EXTRA HEAVY AND FINE PLUSH ROBE, dark green. 54x72, at \$12.50

POLAR PLUSH ROBE, assorted colors, very fine quality of plush, rubber interlined. 54x72, at \$15.00

ABOUT 35 SAMPLE ROBES, very fine imported plush, in large assortment of new patterns and colors. \$25.00 to \$30.00 value. At each \$20.00 and \$22.50

STEAMER RUGS

We are offering a large variety of Steamer Rugs, made by the best manufacturers, in large assortment of patterns, in all the latest combination of colors, with fringe. 58x72, at each \$4.50, \$7.00 and \$8.50

Without Fringe—60x84, at \$6.50, \$8.50, \$10.50, \$11.50

Also a full line of motor wear robes, in all the latest designs.

READY-TO-WEAR SECTION—Basement

Ladies' Mercerized **SATEEN SKIRTS**

At \$1.00 Each Values to \$1.50

650 Ladies' Skirts, made in large assortment of new spring styles. Plain black, striped and figured sateen, very fine quality of permanent finish mercerized sateen. Odd lots from the manufacturer, bought at large discount from the regular price. \$1.25 to \$1.50 value. At, each, \$1.00

those officers were called on to speak. Remarks were also made by two of the first past exalted rulers of the local lodge, Dr. William H. Downs and Dr. Edwin W. Lovejoy, who have seen service with the local Elks for more than 30 years. Officers from Camp Devens, guests of the evening, were also heard and were applauded heartily.

The men installed for the ensuing term were:

Exalted ruler, Charles F. Gilmore; esteemed leading knight, William H. Mahan; esteemed loyal knight, Richard T. Robinson; esteemed leading knight, Samuel Scott; secretary, John J. Lee.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of *Charles H. Hutchins*

for the regulation of lodging houses and hotels as a matter of protection for soldiers and sailors, and it was voted to support the bill.

President Bellamy gave an interesting account of his trip to Washington where he attended the Americanization conference held under the auspices of the department of the interior.

The committee on transportation reported in regard to the work being done by the committee in an effort to have trucks which come to Lowell with loads bring loads back, and thus save the expense of a fruitless trip.

Stanley E. Qua reported on the hearings being held in Boston in regard to the new zone system for street railway fares. Secretary Holger was instructed to keep in touch with the matter and to report back to the chairman of the street railway committee.

The directors acted upon 26 applications for membership from individuals and 14 from corporations.

If you want quick returns try a classified ad in The Sun, Lowell's greatest newspaper.

MURAD
THE TURKISH CIGARETTE
S. ANARGYROS
CAPITAL STOCK OWNED BY R. LORILLARD & CO.

THIRD LIBERTY LOAN
4 1/4%
NO. 119

BEST INVESTMENT

**My last dollar, if
needed, Uncle Sam!**
My word is my bond.

Murad

Your Garden

GARDEN STUDY PROFITABLE—
READ GARDEN BOOKS AND
SEED CATALOGS.

The first thing to do if you're going to start a war garden to supply your stable with food this year is to study gardening.

Sit right down this evening and write to one or a few seed firms, asking them for their latest seed catalogs.

While waiting for them stop in at the public library and borrow a book on gardening. If you can get any of Prof. Bailey's gardening books, do so. Read it, and get another. That's a pleasant and profitable way to spend

these evenings. Get the children interested in reading about gardening. When the seed catalogs arrive, study them. There's a lot of useful information as to when, how and where to sow seeds. Also, the catalogs will get you acquainted with the vegetables you are going to grow.

Now's the time for the family garden conference. Decide on what you want to raise in your backyard or vacant lot garden. Pick those vegetables your family likes best. If they are especially fond of lettuce and dislike onions, give more space to lettuce and little or none to onions.

Of course, it is always advisable for the small gardener to grow the so-called "little" vegetables, radishes,

lettuce, beets, carrots, dwarf peas and beans, rather than such large space users as corn, melons, pumpkins, squash, or even potatoes or tomatoes. The latter two, however, are found in most war gardens, and should be in all if the plot is large enough. In vacant lot gardens, of course, everything from corn to pumpkins can be raised.

If possible, get a vacant lot near your home, even if you have to wait a few blocks to get to it. Health experts insist walking is good for humans.

Now is a fine time to scout around for that vacant lot. There may be one nearby, unused, which can get rent free, if you clean it up and keep the weeds down.

Having decided upon backyard or vacant lot, you are ready to plant your war garden. We'll talk about this in the next lesson.

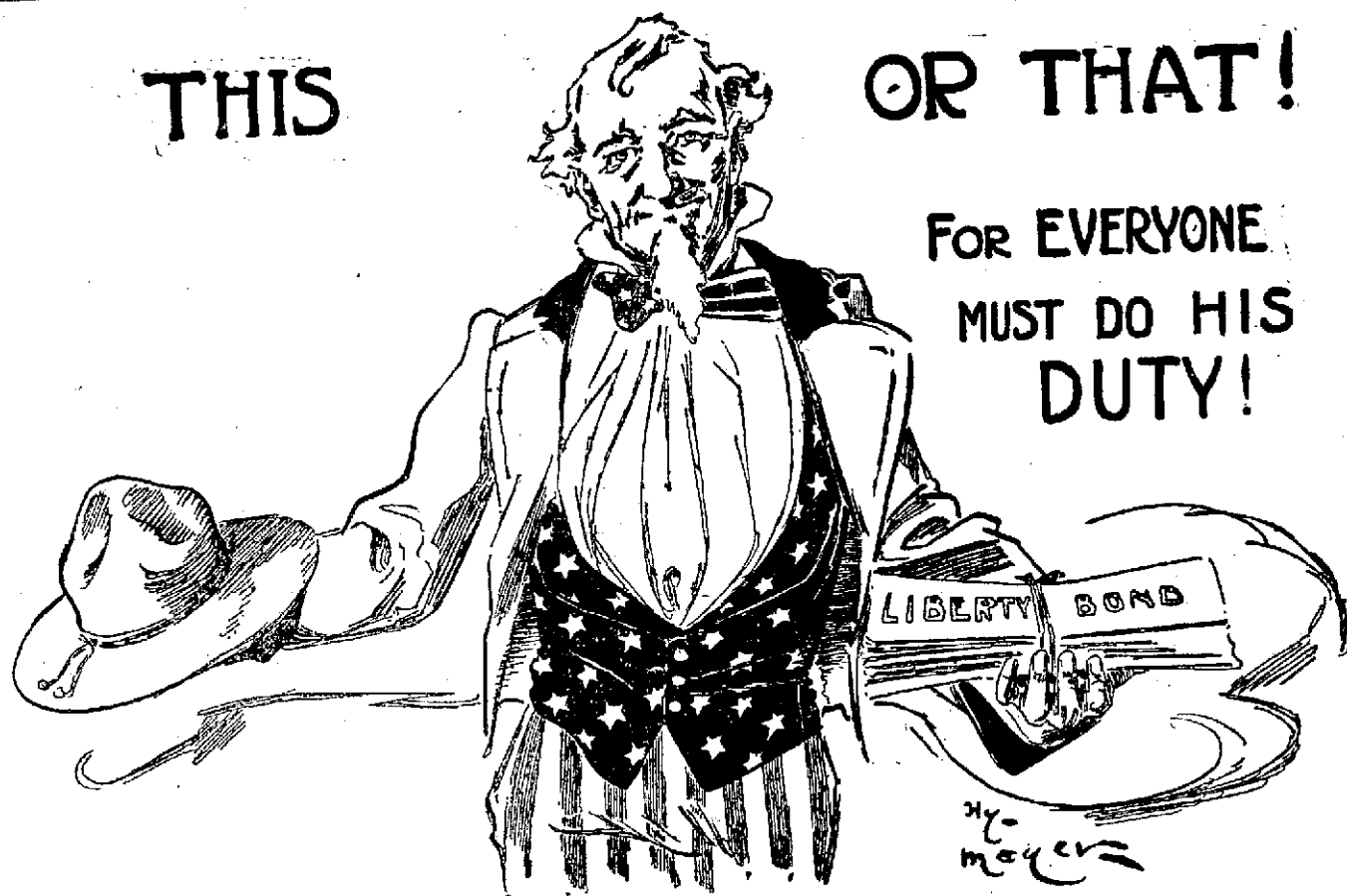
Cut this out and paste it in your garden scrap book.
(Another garden lesson tomorrow.)

MEMBERS OF COURT MERRIMACK

F. OF A. URGED TO HELP IN WAR WORK

The meeting of Court Merrimack, Foresters of America, held last night in Drafton hall took the form of a patriotic assembly and during the evening the meeting was addressed by several members who spoke on the present world war. Chief Ranger

THIS



OR THAT!

FOR EVERYONE
MUST DO HIS
DUTY!

Mothers! Don't Give Children Nauseous Medicine for Colds

Local Druggists Are Offering an
"Outside" Treatment on
30 Days' Trial

Children's Stomachs Are Delicate—
Easily Upset by Constant Internal
Dosing. The Best Way To Prevent
Colds Is To Allow the Children Regular
Out-Door Exercise—Keep Plenty
of Fresh Air in the Bedroom at
Night, and at the First Sign of
Trouble, Apply the Southern Ex-
ternal Vapor Treatment.

Fifteen years ago a North Carolina Druggist discovered a process of combining the old-fashioned remedies, Camphor, Turpentine and Menthol, with certain volatile oils, in a saivo form, so that when applied over the throat and chest the body heat would release these ingredients in the form of vapors. These vapors, breathed in all night long, carry the medication,

with each breath, to the air passages and lungs. In addition, the preparation is absorbed through and stimulates the skin, taking out that tightness and soreness in the chest.

Today this treatment, known as Vick's VapoRub, is universally used throughout the south in preference to internal dosing. By arrangement with the manufacturers the local druggists are offering 30c jars on 30 days' trial, the purchase price to be refunded if you are not delighted with the results.

You have to try VapoRub to realize its remarkable effect, not only for deep chest colds, sore throat, bronchitis or incipient pneumonia, but for head colds, asthmatic or catarrhal troubles. Croup is usually relieved within fifteen minutes and an application at bedtime prevents a night attack.

VapoRub is particularly recommended to mothers with small children as it is externally applied and can therefore be used freely and often with perfect safety on the smallest member of the family.

NO ADVANCE IN PRICE—25c., 50c., \$1.00

SURPRISE

DIRT can easily be removed by placing a small amount of SURPRISE CLEANSER WITHOUT water on the spot you wish to remove, and brushing with a scrubbing brush or nail brush until the DIRT is loosened. Wipe out with wet cloth, sponge or rinse in water as convenient.

Whole Rugs or Art Squares can thus be cleansed to good advantage without removing them from the floor.

Thomas F. Kelley presided and during the business session a communication was read from the supreme executive committee of the supreme court relative to the big drive for new members which is scheduled to start on May 1. The committee of the sick fund reported several members on the sick list.

At the conclusion of the business session the evening's exercises were turned over to Lecturer John P. Hendricks who spoke on the present war and urged every member to contribute his full share in the war work. In closing he took occasion to emphasize the importance of helping the government by subscribing for the third Liberty loan.

Brother James F. Miskella was introduced and gave a most interesting talk on "Fraternity and the Flag." He treated the subject in an able manner and aroused his audience to enthusiasm when he called upon every one to hold sacred everything that the Stars and Stripes represented and to be ready and willing to sacrifice even life itself for its cause. During the course of his remarks the service flag of the court, which was presented at the last meeting, was raised. Later in the evening an enjoyable musical program was given by the Foresters Glee club. The closing number was the singing of "The Star Spangled Banner" by the assembly.

The committee responsible for the success of the affair consisted of the following members: Thomas F. Kelley, John F. Hendricks, John F. Sullivan, James Ahearn, E. J. McInerney, John Reid, Michael Held, Arthur Bernhart, Richard J. Townsend. The next regular meeting will be held Tuesday evening, April 23.

WANTED
Information about the friends or relatives of Timothy Brennan, who died March 6. Any person having knowledge of the above please address at once, 201 Thorndike st., Lowell, Mass.

ment by subscribing for the third Liberty loan.

At a meeting of the members of the Twisters' union held last evening, the recently elected officers were inducted into office. President John Hanley of the Lowell Textile council acting as installing officer. The new board of officers who took the oath of office last evening is composed of the following: Charles Coppens, president; William Hamilton, vice president; Frank Greenhalge, secretary-treasurer; Alfred Desjardins, recording treasurer; Vinteur Croisier, Willingdon Langevin and Alfred Hervieux, trustees; Orrin Normandin, sergeant-at-arms.

Building Laborers
Only routine business was transacted at the regular meeting of the members of the Building Laborers' union, which was held at 22 Middle street last evening. The meeting was presided over by President J. B. Gillon.

Leather Workers
Vice President Buckley presided over the regular meeting of the Leather Workers' union, which was held last evening in Central street. Important

LOCAL LABOR UNIONS HOLD MEETINGS

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matters concerning the organization were discussed.

Carpenters' Union
The Liberty loan campaign was the topic of discussion at a regular meeting of the Carpenters' union last evening. President Sanford P. Leary occupied the chair and routine business was transacted.

500 MEMBERS OF MASS. SONS OF VETERANS NOW IN THE SERVICE

BOSTON, April 10.—Election of officers was the principal business to come before the Sons of Veterans at their state encampment today. Rufus A. Soule, Jr., of New Bedford, was nominated for division commander at the preliminary session yesterday. More than 500 members are now in the service of the country. Ernest W. Homan of Lynn, the retiring commander, announced in his annual report.

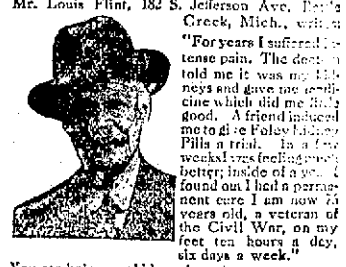
Why Not Drive Poison Out?

Do you realize that the kidneys never have a moment's rest? They work all the time, day and night, year in and year out, filtering poisonous waste products from the blood. Is it any wonder the kidneys get out of order, weak, or too tired to keep the blood stream clear of impurities?

When the kidneys falter, trouble begins. The waste matter accumulates in different parts of the system, and backache, swollen joints, aching muscles, pains inside, biliousness, blurred vision, puffy pouches under eyes, or rheumatic pains result.

Foley Kidney Pills

Help weak, tired, disordered kidneys to do their work. They strengthen and heal the kidneys, soothe and regulate the bladder and drive a splendid tonic action on the liver.



You can help your kidneys keep your system clear of poisons by taking Foley Kidney Pills. Two

Patls & Burklshavn, 418 Middlesex st., Moody's Drug Store, 201 Central st.

BIG PATRIOTIC MEETING

Continued

command—and each delivered his message with the little accoutrements of his special art. Mr. Walsh spoke as the orator, the man who dramatizes that which he wants to drive home. The two educators spoke from the point of view of men who coldly reason out every situation and then present it to their listeners as indisputable logic. And all three men "got" their listeners in their own peculiar manner.

It was a patriotic meeting, first and last. The drill shed was profuse with the national colors. Long before the hour scheduled for the beginning of activities, the armory was filled. Every effort was made to turn no one away but eventually it became physically impossible to crowd another person into the big building. As one entered he sensed the patriotic atmosphere right away. High school officers in natty uniforms and members of the state guard acted as ushers. There were flags and bunting every-



Resinol

surely did knock out that eczema

Three days ago, my arm was simply covered with red, itching eruption and I thought I was up against it for fair. But Joe had a jar of Resinol in his kit. I used a little and the itching stopped right off. In the morning most of the redness was gone and a couple more applications finished it up.

Resinol is sold by all druggists.



PROF. ALBERT B. HART



HON. DAVID I. WALSH

where. Shortly before the speakers entered, a detachment of Spanish War Veterans took their places, at the left of the platform. Then the reception committee took its place at the right of the platform and shortly after 8.15 half a hundred Boy Scouts, representing various troops, marched down the aisle of the armory to the front of the platform while the U. S. Cartridge Co. band played a stirring march of welcome. The procession was but a continuation of the street parade which had been held through the main streets. Old Glory's intermingled with the troop flags of the Scouts lent color to the procession and then came the speakers who were escorted to their places on the platform. A prolonged cheer went up as the notables came to view.

Scout Executive Alex E. Williams asked the audience to rise while "To the Colors" was being blown by Bugler Wilbur Roberts. When the last note had died out the Scouts gave their oath of allegiance to the flag. Then Mrs. F. L. Roberts sang "America" and the crowd joined in with an enthusiasm that spelled patriotism. The band again sent out a stirring march and the Scouts retraced their

steps to the rear of the hall and took up their positions in the balcony. This was the prelude to the evening's meeting.

Mayor Perry D. Thompson congratulated the audience for the excellent showing which it had made and in welcoming the speakers of the evening said: "I want them to know that we welcome them to a city that has ever stood in the forefront of real American patriotism."

From Camp Devens

Capt. William W. Cowgill, aide to Maj. Gen. Hodges at Camp Devens, was the first speaker and said that many people had asked why this country should raise Liberty loans to pay the bills of France and England. The only answer is that the United States will not win this fight alone but only with the aid of her allies such as France and England. He paid a tribute to the soldiers of this country when he said: "I have offered many of your sons and brothers and I am willing to state that our men, properly trained, are the finest soldiers in the world."

"There's a Long, Long Trail," one of the most popular products of the war,



How to Use DRY LIME SULFUR

For dormant spraying against such scale insects as San Jose Scale and Oyster Scale, use 10 to 14 pounds of Dry Lime-Sulfur dissolved in 50 gallons of water. For summer spraying on such seed fruits as apples, pears and quinces, when used in combination with Arsenate of Lead, use from 2 to 3 pounds of Dry Lime-Sulfur to 50 gallons of water, in combination with the usual proportion of Dry Arsenate of Lead or Paste Arsenate of Lead. On such stone fruits as peaches and plums, use from 1 to 1½ pounds of Dry Lime-Sulfur to 50 gallons of water in combination with the usual strength of Arsenate of Lead.

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10-lb. at 2.50
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50-lb. at 12.50

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83 MARKET STREET

was ably sung by David L. Boyle and the crowd took up the refrain enthusiastically.

Professor Hart

Professor Albert Bushnell Hart of the department of government at Harvard university, was next introduced. Professor Hart was given a warm reception before he began and when he had concluded his oration was one of the most enthusiastic outbursts of the evening.

"We all represent one branch or another of this vast army that is fighting for democracy," he said. "I represent the National Security League. You may belong to the Red Cross or some other equally potent organization. And then there is the Public Service, in which you may sign up to fill any gap where a man or a woman is needed."

"Such meetings as this one tonight sprang from the plan of the National Security League. A mass of teachers throughout this country are working with it. They have in mind millions of school children who are to make up our coming generation and who are to be taught what American means and what its contribution to the world is to be. They have sensed the responsibility of the times—as we all have—that this war is being fought to keep the lamp of liberty alight in the world."

"Is there a person here who needs to be encouraged to stand by the country in this hour of trial? It is a dreadful hour. Succeeding generations will look back upon it as the day of liberty, the day of oppression, the day when the oppressed, the weak, the sick, the hungry were liberated. We are comfortable, well fed, because many brave men are standing in the trenches whose sun tomorrow will see them no more."

"I want to give you a word picture of what will happen in the event that we are not victorious. If the German waves should pour over to the channel ports, break through to Paris—which is going to pay for it? We are. How have we had the chance to spend the year in preparation? Because other men, the men of our allies, have bared their breasts to what Germany has sent toward them."

"There is nothing we can do to place this empire. It will never be satisfied while the flag of the United States flies on high over the terms with the flags of the other powers."

"The Germans are anxious to make peace. I know it because they have repeatedly talked it. If President Wilson hadn't made that stubborn, Scotch-Presbyterian speech in Baltimore the other day, and has asked Germany, instead, what her terms were, you would have found out that Germany would have agreed to evacuate Belgium and northern France, and have given over Alsace-Lorraine, if you want, let us say, to the Germans. And Germany, on such a peace, would have been a cancer eating into the east. But Germany, who is making such desperate enemies, cannot reign perpetually."

"If Germany is successful in exploiting the east she can master over 200,000,000 people, instead of 65,000,000. She can have a potential army of 50,000,000 soldiers—Austrians, Ukrainians, Turks, Bulgarians, Finns. She can have 20,000,000 first line soldiers. That is the power Germany will be if she can continue to make that ulcer eat into the east. She will leave France and Belgium, yes. Alsace-Lorraine alone if she can exploit the east."

"And there is only one power in the world which can counteract that influence of Germany. It is the United States. And until we can make that ulcer will eat into the very vitals of the world."

"I'm a pacifist at heart. I would give anything for an honorable peace, but I will not give my children's liberty, the freedom of my country and the future of democracy—no, not even for peace."

Mrs. Roberts sang "Keep the Home Fires Burning" and again the crowd joined in the chorus.

Professor Adams

Mayor Thompson then told of Professor George M. McElroy of Princeton, who was scheduled to speak at the meeting, being detained unavoidably in New York by an over-pressure of business. He said that a worthy substitute had been secured, however, in the person of Professor E. D. Adams, executive head of the department of history at Leland Stanford university, California. Professor Adams gave one of the most impressive impressions of being a scholar. He had facts and figures to prove Germany's bad faith and he poured them out in a convincing manner.

"If I were to give you a historical address here, I would not need to tell the story of the birth of liberty in these New England states which has spread to so many other countries."

"We went to war because we could no longer remain out and maintain our self-respect. And the cause was that the German empire had said that it was not bound by good faith in its relations with other nations. Belgium is the hallmark of international relations in this war."

"There is a real battle to be fought in this war against the power of evil. I know that the German people are just as firmly imbued with the belief that their cause is the right one as we are the people of this country."

"We may hope that at the conclusion of this war a convulsion of feel-

ing of the German people will come but this won't come without victory. Germany has become an immoral nation as a result of this war. Listen to this quotation from the pastor of the emperor of Germany: 'My heart rings with joy when I read of the noble achievement of the commander who destroyed the Lusitania. See what we are up against.'

Hon. David I. Walsh

In introducing the final speaker of the evening, Mayor Thompson said that it gave him unusual pleasure to do so owing to the fact that Mr. Walsh and himself had been schoolmates a number of years ago.

Three cheers and a tiger were given Mr. Walsh and in opening, he said he didn't know just where he fitted in with the other two speakers who were educators. "Perhaps it is because that educator, once professor of government in Massachusetts that I have been invited to speak here with these two men."

"What would you do if your mother or sister had been insulted? You would go to her and ask: 'Mother, what can I do to avenge this insult. How can I serve you?'

"Our mother government has been insulted, her rights have been violated, and it is the duty of every red-blooded American to go to her and to ask: 'What can I do, where can I go, to avenge this insult. How can I serve you?'

Acids in Stomach Cause Indigestion

Create Gas, Sourness and Pain—How to Treat.

Medical authorities state that nearly nine-tenths of the cases of stomach trouble, indigestion, sourness, burning, gas, bloating, nausea, etc., are due to an excess of hydrochloric acid in the stomach and not, as some believe, to a lack of digestive juices. The delicate stomach lining is irritated, digestion is delayed and food poisons, causing the disagreeable symptoms which every stomach sufferer knows so well.

Artificial digestants are not needed in such cases and may do real harm. Try using a good all digestive aid and instant relief from any distressing stomach trouble. Blaud's Magnesia is a powerful and safe remedy for stomach purposes. It is used by thousands of people who enjoy their meals with no more fear of indigestion. For sale at Figgitt-Riker-Johns Drug Stores and other leading druggists.

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We have taken a few of our Suits and marked them at this extremely low figure. These are the new Eton and box coat effects. Formerly 18.50 to 25.00.

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WAISTS

Crepe de Chine and Georgette Blouses in all the wanted colors. Some embroidered, frill models and tailored effects. Former price 3.98.

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We have also repriced a number of Skirts, Coats, Corsets, Bathrobes, Middy Blouses and Sweaters.

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Plain Colored Voile, 40 inches wide, nice crispy finish, in all the desirable shades. Thursday Morning Only.....24c Per Yard

Cotton Challies, 28 inches wide (remnants), in a large assortment of dainty floral designs, and also some very pretty stripes, light and dark effects. Regular price 25c yard. Thursday Morning Special.....15c Per Yard

White Dimity, 27 inches wide, a nice fine quality, in checks and stripes. Thursday Morning Only.....12½c Per Yard

Serpentine Crepe, 30 inches wide, in a good assortment of plain and fancy colors. Worth 39c per yard. Thursday Morning Only.....17c Per Yard

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Aero Cloth—Mill remnants of Bates Aero Crepe Cloth, 32 inches wide, fine quality, in assorted patterns; 25c value, at.....15c Yard

Tudor Cretonne—One case of mill remnants of Tudor Cretonne, all new spring patterns; 25c value, at.....15c Yard

Ticking—1000 yards of mill remnants of Bed Ticking, fancy stripes, good heavy quality; 30c value, at.....20c Yard

Curtain Scrim—35 pieces of heavy Curtain Scrim; full pieces, in white, cream and ecru; 19c value, at.....10c Yard

Long Cloth—36 inches wide, Long Cloth, excellent quality for fine lingerie; 25c value, at.....15c Yard

Cotton Blankets—One case of Cotton Blankets for single bed, in white and gray; \$1.50 value, at.....\$1.00 Pair

Crash Toweling—25 pieces of heavy union linen Crash Toweling, bleached; 19c value, at.....12½c Yard

Percalé—Mill remnants of percale in light and dark colors, 36 inches wide, all new patterns; regular 25c value on the piece, only, at.....15c Yard

Dress Gingham—Two cases of gingham remnants, fine quality, plain chambray, stripes and checks; regular 25c value, only, at 17c Yard

Ready-to-Wear Section

White Skirts—30 dozen White Skirts, made of extra good cotton with deep embroidery flouncing; 50c value, at.....35c Each

Shirt Waists—Ladies' Shirt Waists of fine lingerie, organdie, plain and striped voiles, in a large assortment of new styles; \$1.00 value, at.....50c Each

Men's Furnishing Section

Men's Working Shirts—Men's Working Shirts, made of heavy chambray and striped chevrons, in a full assortment of sizes, at.....50c Each



Welcome Laundry Soap

5 Cakes For 30c

MERRIMACK STREET BASEMENT

the death of tyrants, the death of kaisers, kings and czars.

The Trenches of Love

"Let us do our part. As no soldier fights alone, so no individual sacrifices alone. No man or woman ever did a good deed alone. Every sacrifice, every self-denial, every gift is changing for evermore the river bed of humanity. Let us, then, go into the trenches with the boys, the trenches of hope, the trenches of love, so that we may come out with them one day with victory ours and then we may welcome home our loved ones to the peace and prosperity of the United States."

The next number was the singing of the "Marseillaise" by Ernest Dupont and the chorus was sung by the members of Troop 26 of the Boy Scouts. The final number was the national anthem by the audience with Miss Rita Thompson sustaining the solo. Prof. Percy W. Edmund was the accompanist of the evening.

Professor William T. Sedgwick, chairman of the Massachusetts branch of the National Security League under whose auspices last evening's meeting was held, and John A. MacGillivray, executive manager for this district, were present at the meeting. To these men and to Otto Hockmeyer, chairman of the local men's reception committee, and Mrs. James H. Carmichael of the women's committee, as well as to the members of the committees and the various local organizations which assisted in the affair must be attributed the credit for the successful gathering of last evening.

Maj. Walter R. Joyce directed the ushering efficiently.

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When work exhausts your strength, when your nerves are irritable and restless, when ambition lags and you feel rundown, you need and need quickly the rich, creamy, nourishing food in

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HARRY SIMONDS
KATHERINE O'CONNELL

ROSE HICKEY
ANNA QUINN
FLORENCE NOLAN
ANNA SULLIVAN

KILL GERMANS BY THOUSANDS

American Engineers Fought Shoulder to Shoulder With Canadians

Poured Streams of Bullets Into Enemy—Sickened by Slaughter

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Monday, April 10.—(By the Associated Press.)—The American railway engineers, who helped stem the tide of the onrushing Germans during the opening days of the battle now in progress, fought shoulder to shoulder with Canadian engineers in carrying out their task. They held their ground stubbornly and retired to previously prepared positions only when forced to do so, and inflicted casualties by the thousand upon the Germans as they advanced in close formation. In one place in as many as seven waves, each 10 men deep and 100 yards apart.

The Americans with the Canadians had all the ammunition they needed, and although they were unsupported by the artillery and armed only with rifles and with a few machine guns, they poured scythlike streams of bullets into the enemy at several different times until the weapons were so hot as to be useless.

This handful of American soldiers, who were not hardened to such terrific slaughter, were sickened by the shambles they created, but fought furiously for several days, helping to hold the enemy all the way from near St. Quentin to the vicinity of Noyon.

These were the Americans mentioned at the time in the official communiqué, but these details of their experiences it has only now been possible to secure. When the German attack began the Americans were working in the rear lines with the Canadians, under Canadian command. They quickly threw down their tools and seized the weapons with which they had been armed for some months, and formed themselves into a fighting unit. The Germans came on and finally reached the positions where the Americans were waiting.

The exact numbers of the engineers cannot be given, but they were comparatively small. They had no intention of retreating, however, and were bent upon killing all the Germans possible.

German Waves Come On

As the first gray enemy wave advanced, the American forces let them come until they were within certain range, then opened fire, pouring in a storm of bullets. Gaps appeared in the advancing lines at many places, some of them large, where the machine guns had chewed through.

Still the German waves came on, without firing a single shot—just advancing.

The Americans were unable to understand these tactics, but, nevertheless, were certain that it was a question of slaughtering the enemy or being themselves smothered under the advance. By this time their weapons were so hot that they could not be used effectively and the enemy was close, so that the engineers retired, fighting, took up another position, then turned and began operations again. A British officer who witnessed the engagement is reported to have said:

"They held on by their teeth until the last moment, inflicting terrific casualties on the enemy. Then they moved back and waited for the Germans and repeated the performance."

By the time the Germans reached a place somewhere near Noyon they were nearly exhausted and almost without equipment. There they were given a chance to rest and re-equip. According to all reports, they were entitled to it, for certainly they gave the Germans a generous sample of what the enemy he to expect from the American army.

During a battle unusual stories always crop up, but the following is one which the correspondent heard and it is said to have been verified:

"In one of the periods when the American engineers and their Canadian comrades in arms were holding a position, what appeared to be a British staff motor drove up. The driver was in the uniform of a British soldier, and a man in the tonneau was in the uniform of a British staff officer. The officer stepped out and asked for the commanding officer. He was taken to a Canadian officer's quarters. The staff officer ordered the commander to retire four kilometers, saying that the Germans were pressing on both flanks and he might be cut off.

For some reason the Canadian commander became suspicious. He had the staff officer searched. When the latter failed to produce his authority, and papers were found on him proving that he was a German officer, he and his chauffeur were immediately shot.

American engineer officers are said to have been present when this incident occurred.

DEATHS

CASEY—James Casey, aged 4 mos. infant, child of John and Marie (St. Hub) Casey, died yesterday at the home of his parents, 196 Church street.

CRAIG—Died April 10, in this city, Robert K. Craig, aged 44 years, at his home, 112 Jewett street. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Margaret K. Craig, and two sons, John R. and James Craig.

MONROE—Michael Monroe, aged 35 years, died last evening at St. John's hospital. Deceased was a member of the Knights of Columbus. His body was taken to the funeral parlors of Undertakers James F. O'Donnell and Sons.

PETERSON—Mr. Clarence E. Peterson, a well-known resident of Lowell, died last night at his home, 124 Wadsworth street, after a long illness. He leaves four daughters, Isabel, Helena, Molly and Mrs. Edward McHugh; four sons, Albert, in the U. S. navy, Clarence E., Jr., Frank and Edward of Lawrence, also two grandsons. Mr. Peterson was a member of Court General Dimon Foresters of American and Lowell Aerie No. 223, Fraternal Order of Eagles.

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THORLEY—Mrs. Margaret Thorley died Monday in Lynn, aged 42 years.

FUNERALS

CASEY—Impressively solemn services marked the funeral of Mrs. Catherine O'Neill Casey, mother of former Mayor James B. Casey, which took place this morning from her late home, 163 Howard street, at 9.30 o'clock. St. Peter's church was well filled with representatives of the various walks of life, and there were many people present from out-of-town to pay their final mark of respect to the departed.

A solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated at 10 o'clock by Rev. Daniel J. Heffernan, assisted by Rev. T. Franklin Wood, O.M.I., as deacon, and Rev. Peter Linahan, as sub-deacon. Seated in the sanctuary were Rev. John P. Flynn, O.M.I., pastor of the Sacred Heart church; Rev. Charles J. Galligan, pastor of St. Margaret's church; Rev. Francis J. Mullin of St. Michael's church; Rev. James J. McDermott, O.M.I., of the Sacred Heart church; Rev. Edward Fletcher, O.M.I., of the Sacred Heart church; Rev. Joseph Curtin of St. Patrick's church; and Rev. Daniel F. Gorman of Charlestown.

During the progress of the mass the Gregorian chant was sung by the choir. At the offertory, Miss Katherine V. Hennessy sang the Kyrie with abundant feeling, and later solos were sustained by Miss Frances Tighe, Miss Mary Ryne, John A. McMahon and James E. Donnelly. As the casket was being borne from the church, Mr. Donnelly sang the De Profundis. Miss Lulu Ginty was the organist.

The bearers were Edward Kelley of Beverly, James McGovern of Lawrence, Joseph Jennings, James E. Gorman, Michael Monahan and Hugh Maguire. The ushers were Representative Thomas J. Corbett, James P. Hennessy, John J. Townsend, Bernard F. McCormack and Frank P. Donnelly of Portsmouth, N. H.

There were many beautiful floral offerings. Burial was in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery. Committal prayers were read at the grave by Rev. T. Franklin Wood, O.M.I., assisted by Rev. Fr. Flynn, O.M.I., Rev. Fr. McDermott, O.M.I., Rev. Fr. Heffernan, Rev. Fr. Linahan and Rev. Fr. Curtin.

The funeral was under the direction of John V. Donoghue and Undertakers at H. McDonough Sons were in charge.

CUNNINGHAM—The funeral services of Mrs. Martha Jane Cunningham were held yesterday afternoon at her home, 27 Fay street, and were largely attended. Rev. James Craig, pastor emeritus of the First Presbyterian church, assisted by Rev. Joseph E. Kennedy, pastor of the same church, officiated. Appropriate selections were sung by Miss Elsie Thompson and Mrs. Fred L. Rober. The bearers were John R. Samuel, Fred and Walter Cunningham, all sons of the deceased. Burial took place in the family lot in the Edison cemetery, where the committal service was read by Rev. Mr. Craig. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker William H. Saunders.

RYAN—The funeral of Mrs. Eva L. Ryan was held at the Edison cemetery chapel yesterday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. Alfred R. Hussey, pastor of the First Unitarian church. The bearers were Frank R. Strout, William H. Hawes, Frank D. Proctor and Lucius A. Derby. Burial was in the family lot in the Edison cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

GAGNON—The funeral of Michel Gagnon took place this morning from his home in South Chelmsford. High mass of requiem was celebrated at Notre Dame de Lourdes church at 9 o'clock by Rev. Joseph Denis, O.M.I. The bearers were Elisee L. William J. Peter J. and Albert L. Gagnon. Elmer G. Vallee and Warren Wright. Burial was in St. Joseph's cemetery, where the committal prayers were read by Rev. J. B. A. Barrette, O.M.I. Funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertakers Amedee Archambault & Sons.

FUNERAL NOTICES

CHOATE—Died in this city, April 8, at the Old Julia A. Choate, aged 76 years, 5 months, 18 days. Funeral services will be held from the home, 620 Fletcher street, on Thursday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Friends are invited. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertaker H. A. Simmons.

CRAIG—Died April 10, in this city, Robert K. Craig, aged 44 years, at his home, 112 Jewett street. Private funeral services will be held at 142 Jewett street, Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Both the service at the house and grave will be private. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

MAGUE—Died April 10, in this city, Edwin G. Mague, aged 63 years. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 50 Dana street, Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends are invited without further notice. Burial at West Boylston, Mass. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

MURPHY—The funeral of the late Daniel J. Murphy will take place Thursday morning at 9 o'clock from his home, 20 Arlington street. A solemn high mass will be sung at St. Patrick's church at 10 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers Jas. F. O'Donnell and Sons.

PETERSON—The funeral of the late Mr. Clarence E. Peterson will take place Friday morning at 8.45 o'clock from his home, 124 Wadsworth street. High mass of requiem at St. Patrick's church at 9.45 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Funeral Director James W. McKenna.

TICKE—The funeral of Mrs. Alice F. (McGinnis) True will take place Thursday morning at 9 o'clock from the home of her mother, Mrs. Bridget McGinnis, 764 Gorman st. High mass of requiem at the Sacred Heart church at 10 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Funeral Director James W. McKenna.

ANNIVERSARY MASS—There will be an anniversary mass Thursday at 8 o'clock, at the Immaculate Conception church, for the repose of the soul of the late Mrs. Mary Hurley, in memory of her beloved mother and sister, who departed from this life April 11, 1917. Inserted by Charles and John Hurley, brothers and sisters.

MASS NOTICE—A month's mind mass will be sung Friday morning at 8 o'clock at St. Peter's church for the repose of the soul of Miss Bessie Neville.

MORE MEN CERTIFIED BY EXEMPTION BOARD FOR THE NATIONAL ARMY

Eight more men were certified for the national army last evening, while 11 were referred to the medical advisory board. The men certified are as follows:

Paul Jandry, 32 Bridge st.
Joseph J. Gray, 11 Lagrange st.
James P. Langston, 68 Howard st.
Russell Swan, 12 Somerset st.
Joseph Brown, 56 Franklin st.
Themistocles Georgopoulos, 44 Market st.
Joseph Breton, 75 Tremont st.
Philippe A. Traversy, 15 Fulton st.



"FIRST FAMILY" AMERICANS AFTER KAISER'S SCALP—GO TO IT, BOYS

"Will we be allowed to scalp the kaiser if we get him?" is what old warpath and his braves wanted to know when the marines urged them to enlist. A lot of these red-blooded, red-skinned "first-family" Americans have joined the colors. If the government would only let 'em wear their own togs they'd scare the Huns to death. Well, they can still "Yip" Yip! On to Berlin!

AMUSEMENT NOTES

Note—Below is what the press agents of the different theatres say of the current attractions and of others to come later.

B. F. KEITH'S THEATRE

No funnier act is imaginable than "A Pest House," which Inhof, Conn & Coreene are presenting this week at the B. F. Keith theatre. It is without one dull minute, and that is saying a lot for a comedy which runs 35 minutes. Inhof, as the Irish pedlar, gives a personation which is easily the best thing he has ever done, and Hugh Conn, as the deaf checker player, is also splendid.

Another good act is that given by Little Billy, the Lilliputian comedian who sings delightfully and puts over a bundle of absolutely new songs. Billy is distinctive all of the time. He dresses his bits in good style and all together makes a hit. Leavitt and Lockwood, in "Just This and That," are first class entertainers. All of the time they are keyed up to the real fun level and they give their audiences a lot of real pleasure.

THE STRAND

Today offers the last opportunity of witnessing the two bright film stars, 150th Street in "The Chain," a great western drama, and Ethel Clayton in "The Wild Woman." Both are great entertainers and worthy of the highest commendation. Another entirely new program is to be offered for the last three days of the week, commencing Saturday morning. The big feature on the bill will be the latest Alamy Garden film, "The Splendid Singer," written expressly for her by Kate Jordan. A powerful story of Bohemia and the battle front of France, the production is said to be on a scale of magnificence unusual even for Goldwyn. Mary Garden, as the vampire who became an angel of mercy, portrays the story of a woman who knew all sorrows and joys save one. Gladys Brockwell in "The Devil's Wheel," a thrilling play of the Paris underworld, is the other offering of merit. A Keystone comedy and a new Pathe Weekly will also continue to be shown, to say nothing of the musical features by the Strand Symphony players and Conductor Martel. The soloist is Alcega Abertini. Don't forget the "kiddies" morning matinee, Saturday morning.

OPERA HOUSE

Besides an entire change of program by the Marcus Musical revue, the week-end, commencing with matinees on Thursday, the management will stage one of those enjoyable "amateur nights" on Thursday. Those who are familiar with the worth of such performances will undoubtedly avail themselves of the opportunity of seeing one of the most amusing and enjoyable features of the season. Some of the best amateur talent in and out of the city will be included in the list of performers and the result of their efforts should provide genuine merit to all. Be on hand and enjoy the bill as well as encourage your favorite representative by giving prizes. It certainly will be worth while.

"Follies of the Past," a new and lively arrangement of music, dancing and comedy given by a company of clever artists, will be the regular offering.

ECONOMY IS "ALL THE FASHION"

And Mighty Wise Fashion It Is. Get the Habit. Come In.

Large Can Tomatoes	3 for 50c
46c Value Eggs, doz.	39c
LARGE SHORE HADDOCK, fresh scaled, lb.	6 1/2c
13c Campbell's Soups, can	11c
Unedas, pkg.	7 1/2c
45c Top Round Steak, lb.	40c
Center Cut Pork Chops, lb.	35c
50c Rump Steak, lb.	40c
10c Calves Liver, lb.	35c
7c Laundry Soap	6 for 25c
13c New Smoked Finnan Haddies, lb.	12 1/2c
Large, Sound Onions	6 lbs. 10c
22c Cod Chunks, lb.	19c
20c White Fish, lb.	16c
20c Steak Codfish, lb.	16c
25c Pike, Codfish, pkg.	23c
20c Salt Mackerel, lb.	16c
20c Salt Red Salmon, lb.	15c
Bottom Dollar Barley Flour, bag	\$1.60
Made-rite Flour, bag	\$1.60
Pure Lard, lb.	30c
50c Value Butter, lb.	45c
Derby Peanut Butter, lb.	25c
10c Libby Asparagus Soup, can	6c
Rumford's Baking Powder, lb.	23c
13c Mueller's Macaroni, pkg.	10c
Spinach, pk.	25c
Heavy Lettuce	2 for 15c
Radishes	2 for 9c
Carrots	3 lbs. for 10c
Turnips	3 lbs. for 10c
Green and Butter Beans, Mushrooms.	

LOWELL'S LIBERTY LOAN
Continued

reaches its quota of some three millions, it will be able to tie back and watch other communities work. This will not be true, however, if the Lowell Liberty loan committee has its say. It is the intention of the committee to have Lowell far over-subscribe her quota, and this can be done easily if everybody will give according to his means. In some cities the quota was raised a



few hours after the official opening of the drive and the whole month of campaigning is to get "extrus." Lowell can do the same, if she wants to.

At the close of business last night there was a total of \$1,650,400 subscribed by the people of Lowell and surrounding towns. The surrounding towns were credited for \$1150 of this amount, but the rest was pure, unadulterated "Lowell money." Some of the highlights taken from last evening's report are the following: American National bank, \$250,000; Massachusetts cotton mills, \$100,000; Tremont & Suffolk mills, \$50,000; Hon. Charles H. Allen, \$25,000; W. H. Bagshaw Co., \$50,000.

The reports of the various banks were as follows:

Union National bank	\$743,750
Boston National bank	250,000
Old Lowell National bank	137,000
Middlesex Trust Co.	77,500
Central Savings bank	200,000
Lowell Institution for Savings	250,000
Washington Savings Institution	2,000
Merrimack River Savings bank	1,250
Total in banks	\$1,699,400

NON-ASPHALTIC OIL

Commissioner Morse of the streets and highways department received letter this morning from the Jennie Mfg. Co., of Boston, a petroleum refining company, to the effect that the company was in a position to supply the city with non-asphaltic oil at a rate of 14 cents a gallon or three mills a gallon less than the Boston Engineers' Supply Co. The special gravity of the Jennie Mfg. Co. oil is 34.26, while that of the Boston Engineers' Supply Co. is 29.30.

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THE JEWISH RESIDENTS

The Jewish residents of the city are planning to do their part in the drive and their motto is "A Liberty loan in every Jewish home." A big mass meeting is to be held at 7.30 this evening at the Howard street synagogue and the following speakers from out of town will address the meeting: Max Mitchell of Boston, E. Stone of Boston, Louis E. Korsteh of Boston and Rabbi A. Barben of Lawrence.

Bennett Silverblatt has been appointed major of the local committee and he has assisting him the following executive committee:

Isadore Green, chairman; M. Marks, secretary; A. S. Goldman, Solomon Baker, Frank Goldman, Sam Abrams, Rabbi E. Wolfson.

The captains of the various subdivisions of the district are: Harry Gerson, Charles Richards, George Greenberg, Samuel Kotzen, Louis Rogolsky, Leo Abrams, Sigmond Restler, Morris Greenbaum, Jake Filler, I. J. Quinn.

Poem By Lowell Woman

The following poem, "Be a Liberty Loan Volunteer," has been sent in by Elizabeth I. Nicholson of 27 Central street, whose kindred have been fighting in France for the last three years. Some of them have fallen and others have been honored for heroism:

"BE A LIBERTY LOAN VOLUNTEER"
On the western front the soldiers stand,
Facing the dangers of "No Man's Land."
It's a long way over, so aid them there
With the home-folks help and the home-folks prayer.

They're over in France—if they hadn't went,
In vain might the effort of "allies" be
But now, with the help of America's sons
We're kept from the ranks of the Gorman guns.

SUPERIOR COURT

The jury in the case of Catherine Pennick, administratrix of the estate of John Pennick, against the Boston & Maine railroad, returned a verdict today in the civil session of the superior court of \$3000 for the plaintiff. The suit was for \$10,000, it being alleged that on July 25, 1916, Pennick sustained injuries which subsequently resulted in his death when the horses which he was using became frightened at the bumping of freight cars in the yard of the defendant company in Everett.

Yesterday afternoon the case of Giuseppe Barabari against Antonio Esposito, an action of contract was taken up. The plaintiff claimed that he and the defendant became partners in the banking business in Newton where partnership continued until some time in 1916 when the defendant committed a breach of contract, excluding him from partnership and denying him access to the business. The ad damnum was \$10,000. The court turned the case over to an auditor.

When court convened this morning there were no cases ready for trial and an adjournment was taken until tomorrow morning at ten o'clock.

A COAT SALE

EXTRAORDINARY

Starts Thursday at 9 A. M.

480 COATS—They came in today in 20 styles. Maker, not being able to obtain more materials, cut for us these handsome garments, one and two of a kind only. Poirer Twills, Serge, Silvertone, Poplin and Tweeds. If you figure the price of goods as today, the saving to you is from \$5 to \$10 each. A grand assortment of colors, sizes to 44; in colors navy and black, to 50. We will sell the lot quickly.

\$19.75, \$25.00 and \$29.75

Be On Hand Thursday When Sale Commences

50 COATS, DISCONTINUED STYLES, SELLING AT \$19.75 AND \$22.50. THURSDAY

\$15.00

CHERRY & WEBB

12-18 JOHN STREET



ALASKAN "MUSH" 1000 MILES ACROSS ARCTIC SNOWS IN RACE TO ENLIST

From the ends of the earth came to enlist in the aviation corps at San Diego, California, 2000 miles away. A picked team of huskies speeded them from Nenana, Alaska, to the coast where they reached the first ship of the season with less than an hour to spare.



This is the first 50-pound cow. By that is meant a cow which will produce 50 pounds of milk, which tested a trifle over 50 pounds butterfat.

MORE MILK AND BUTTER—AIM OF AMERICAN DAIRYMEN IN WARTIME

Special to The Sun
DES MOINES, Ia., April 8.—American dairymen have been called for a national conference here, April 10.

The purpose is to study plans for a large production of milk, cream, butter and cheese.

Dairy experts from all over the country will discuss dairy methods and work for a program of large dairy production. The milk problems of large cities will be explained, and delegates will be told of the need for increased exports of butterfat.

The conference was called by E. T. Meredith, publisher of Successful Farming, and a member of the U. S. food administration.

Dairymen will be urged to weed out unproductive cows and by keeping only the best of dairy animals increase the nation's milk and butter supply without increasing the expense.

There are five breeds of dairy cattle in the United States, any of which produces better dairy products than the ordinary "scrub" cow. These are Ayrshire, Brown Swiss, Holstein, Guernsey and Jersey. The latter is the most numerous in the United States, closely followed by the Holsteins.

The supply of dairy cattle in America is increasing, and so is the quantity. On January 1, 1918, milk cows numbered 23,940,000 as against 22,000,000 a year before. But during the same time, the export of dairy products, particularly canned milk, increased over 500,000, causing a shortage in the United States.

REPORT ON EMPLOYMENT IN MASSACHUSETTS

The Bureau of Statistics (Labor Division) of Massachusetts has issued its 40th quarterly report on employment in Massachusetts for the quarter ending December 31, 1917. It contains a general summary of conditions as well as much interesting data.

According to reports received from correspondents there was some decrease in the demand for labor at the close of December, 1917, as compared with the demand at the close of September, 1917. This decrease was due principally to less activity in the building trades because of weather conditions and to a closing down of some establishments because of a lack of fuel or raw materials used in manufacture. Increased activity in many industries directly affected by government demands, such as shipbuilding, manufacture of military equipment and munitions, and transportation was evident, but in certain industries less essential to the successful prosecution of the war there was some curtailment of activity.

In the textile industry the principal strikes during the quarter were those of textile workers employed in the manufacture of army blankets in Haverhill; weavers in a matting factory and employees in a dye room in Lawrence; carders in New Bedford and Polish workmen in a bleachery in Danvers. In Fall River the operatives employed in the cotton mills demanded an increase in wages of 15 per cent, and a general strike which would have involved approximately 35,000 employees in over 100 mills was called for December 3, but, after negotiations, it was agreed that a 12 1/2 per cent increase should be referred to a federal arbitrator for adjustment.

In the boot and shoe industry the only strike involving any large number of workmen was that of lasters employed in two factories in Haverhill. In Lynn, where, for a period of five months prior to September 24, a large number of factories had been closed as a result of a wage controversy, the factories were being operated without interruption.

Strikes in Other Cities. Other strikes during the quarter involved a comparatively large number of employees employed in the following cities: Boston—electrical supply workers, cigar makers, bakers, lamp-lighters, machinists in automobile repair shops, garment workers, gins workers and cab drivers; Chicago—shovelers (laborers); Denver—laborers (machinery shop) and beamers (tannery); Lowell—beavers (tannery); foundry men, and finishers (casts); New Bedford—employees (machine shop) and stationary firemen (primarily, cotton mills); Newburyport—shoe workers; North Attleborough and Plainville—jewelry workers (cotton shops); Salem—beavers (tannery); and Stoughton—stitchers (rubber factory).

Textile Industry. Nearly all of the textile mill managers during the last few months have had difficulty in securing an adequate and continuous supply of satisfactory operatives, notwithstanding the fact that the wages paid in this industry were higher than ever before, and at least 30 per cent higher than those paid at the close of 1916. In some of the textile manufacturing centers there was a shortage of fuel and raw materials, which, together with the shortage of labor, resulted in a considerable amount of idle machinery even at a time when, in view of the demand for the product and the prices offered, all textile machinery should have been operated at full speed.

The report states that in Lowell overtime work was found necessary in all of the textile mills and some mills were being operated 24 hours a day. A marked shortage of labor was reported.

Of the principal cities of the state the percentage of unemployed in Lowell was the second lowest of any municipality, it being but 3.4 per cent, Cambridge being the lowest with 2.6 per cent.

NATIONAL CAMPAIGN FOR COTTAGE CHEESE

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 10.—To encourage the use, as well as the making of cottage cheese—a cheap and palatable substitute for meat—the United States department of agriculture has launched a campaign in which nearly a hundred field workers will take part and which is to carry to every state in the Union this lesson:

Cottage cheese is made from skim milk—now largely wasted or fed to animals. A pound of cottage cheese has the same food value as a pound of meat. Make cottage cheese, and thus put to valuable use wasted skim milk. Eat cottage cheese; save the meat for our soldiers and the allies.

Three of the big divisions of the department of agriculture are working in the campaign, which also has ending operation of the United States food administration.

Encouraging Production. The bureau of animal industry, through its dairy division, is sending 47 women, dairy agents, to as many states to stimulate the making of cottage cheese on farms and also to cooperate with urban demonstration agents in encouraging the use of cottage cheese on city tables. The state relations service has sent a party of women home-demonstration agents to various cities to demonstrate many new and attractive cottage cheese dishes originated in Uncle Sam's food laboratories in Washington. From Cleveland the home-demonstration workers will go separately to the other cities and towns to repeat their work. The bureau of markets, meanwhile, is sending agents to the cities visited by the home-demonstration campaign. The market's men are getting in touch with whole sale and retail distributors of cheese. Twenty-two men also are sent out by the dairy division, to encourage the production and improve the quality of cottage cheese produced in creameries and milk plants.

Cottage Cheese a Real Food. The trouble about cottage cheese, according to officials of the department, has been that housewives somehow have got the impression that it is merely a relish or the material for a salad, and not what it is—a real staple food. One big object of the campaign is to dispel this impression—to convince housewives that cottage cheese is not merely suitable for a sandwich filling, but is a palatable and nutritious food that can be made to serve as the basis of sustenance for the even hard outdoor workers. Furthermore, cottage cheese can be served in many other ways besides the white paste form with which most people are familiar.

Cheese Dishes Prove It. To prove this, a luncheon was given recently in the department of agriculture at Washington and those who attended were literally astounded by the variety of new and unexpected ways in which cottage cheese was served. "From soup to nuts" cottage cheese was prominently on the menu. There were cottage cheese soup, cottage cheese sausage, cottage cheese salad, cottage cheese starts, home whey, and whey punch. Recipes for the making of these and other dishes are to be made available by the home-demonstration workers to every housewife who desires them.

There is even a cottage cheese song. It is not made from cottage cheese, but it celebrates its virtues. The 47 women who are going into 47 states sang it at the cottage cheese luncheon. One stanza runs this way:

If a body see a body making cottage cheese,
Try it, eat it, talk it, preach it, boost it,
If you please,
We are out to cheese, kahn milk and make
It into cheese,
Let Uncle Sammie have the meat—and
Send it o'er the seas.

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THE GREAT IMPORTANCE OF RECREATION CENTERS

The Year Book for 1917, about to be issued by the Playground and Recreation Association of America, an organization which has been taken over bodily by the Foodstuffs commission on training camp activities to carry on its beneficent work for our new armies under the name of war camp community service, reveals the fact that the "Business of Play" for both children and adults has increased instead of diminished on account of the war. This increase has amounted to 18 per cent in the number of playgrounds operated and to 50 per cent in the amount of money spent—\$6,500,000.

Many things in the statistics submitted for the year show an awakening in America to the importance of recreation centres—an increase in municipal participation, the extension of play into the winter months, an increasing demand for lighted playgrounds for evening use, the establishment of schools to train play-workers, the raising of the standard of these workers by civil service examinations, the opening of more public school buildings to evening recreation, and the organizing of the work in 52 new cities.

The association reports that nearly

For the Sake of Your Country, "The Boys Over There" and Yourself Buy a Liberty Bond.

MERRIMACK SQUARE THEATRE

THURS., FRI., SAT.—APRIL 11, 12, 13

Wallace Reid

— IN —

"The House Of Silence"

The thrilling adventures of a wealthy amateur Sherlock Holmes, in his self-imposed task of tracing the perpetrator of what is believed to be a murder, in a mysterious dwelling. The dramatic thrills, the heart interest and the comedy of the play are happily combined.

Billie Burke

— IN —

"Eve's Daughter"

MERRIMACK SQUARE SCREEN TELEGRAM—COMEDY AND OTHERS

Coming Soon—Charlie Chaplin in His Million Dollar Comedy "A Dog's Life"

nine thousand men and women were employed to direct play at recreation centres throughout the country, that three-quarters of a million of boys and girls daily swarmed in the play centres, that more than six hundred playgrounds were open and lighted during the evening, throughout the country was more than half a million young people, that some seven hundred school buildings were used for play after school hours, that two hundred public bathing beaches, four hundred public baths and three hundred swimming pools were in use, and that some four thousand playgrounds and neighborhood recreation centres were maintained during 1917.

As to details, 50 cities specialized in 1917 in brass bands, 60 in orchestras, 200 in community sings, 300 in story-telling, 300 in folk dancing, 100 in pageants, 150 in tramping, 120 in wading, 100 in skating, 60 in camping, 100 in amateur theatricals, 80 in moving pictures, 100 in libraries, 40 in debating clubs, 50 in self-government, 100 in lectures, 175 in gardening, 175 in industrial work, and 25 in junior police.

All this experience in interesting boys and girls and grown-up boys and girls in clean, healthy diversions and occupations is now turned into the channel of preserving the physical well-being and stimulating the morale of our soldiers on leave. There has been a real renaissance of the community spirit which

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As to details, 50 cities specialized in 1917 in brass bands, 60 in orchestras, 200 in community sings, 300 in story-telling, 300 in folk dancing, 100 in pageants, 150 in tramping, 120 in wading, 100 in skating, 60 in camping, 100 in amateur theatricals, 80 in moving pictures, 100 in libraries, 40 in debating clubs, 50 in self-government, 100 in lectures, 175 in gardening, 175 in industrial work, and 25 in junior police.

All this experience in interesting boys and girls and grown-up boys and girls in clean, healthy diversions and occupations is now turned into the channel of preserving the physical well-being and stimulating the morale of our soldiers on leave. There has been a real renaissance of the community spirit which

MERRIMACK SQUARE THEATRE

THURS., FRI., SAT.—APRIL 11, 12, 13

Wallace Reid

— IN —

"The House Of Silence"

The thrilling adventures of a wealthy amateur Sherlock Holmes, in his self-imposed task of tracing the perpetrator of what is believed to be a murder, in a mysterious dwelling. The dramatic thrills, the heart interest and the comedy of the play are happily combined.

Billie Burke

— IN —

"Eve's Daughter"

MERRIMACK SQUARE SCREEN TELEGRAM—COMEDY AND OTHERS

Coming Soon—Charlie Chaplin in His Million Dollar Comedy "A Dog's Life"

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SEATS AT ALL PERFORMANCES

Entire Change of Program Tomorrow

BUY THAT LIBERTY BOND TODAY

Buy a Liberty Bond Today

Buy a Liberty Bond Today

Buy a Liberty Bond Today

Buy a Liberty Bond Today

AMERICANS HELPED TO KEEP HUNS FROM AMIENS

LONDON, April 10.—But for the gallant defense put up by General Carey's improvised army in which American railway engineers played a prominent part, says the correspondent on the western front of the Daily Mail, the enemy might have pushed through to Amiens in the first few days of his great attack.

"There was no doubt in anybody's mind that they would hold on grimly as long as breath remained in their bodies," says the correspondent. How the men were assembled before day-light, made up into companies and battalions by noon and ready to march shortly afterward, is told by the correspondent who adds:

"It was not until it had been in the field for some time that the force was able to get artillery. But as soon as they had it, they certainly used it to great advantage."

"In the beginning, however, it was the men who held the enemy back with their bodies."

The sector involved began at the river Somme near Sully-Laurette and extended southwest to about the Luce river.

RADIO SCHOOL BARRACKS ON CAMBRIDGE COMMON

CAMBRIDGE, April 10.—Cambridge Common, where Washington took command of the American army was turned over to the Government today as a site for a barracks for 3000 radio school students. Notice that the park board had granted the navy department's request for use of the ground was sent to Lieut. Commander N. F. Ayer, in charge of the school, and it was said that construction would begin immediately.

There was some opposition by citizens but this was overcome when it was explained that the radio school, with an attendance of 5000 had outgrown its quarters at Harvard and that it was necessary to obtain additional room for the students, many of whom are scattered over a wide area.

The park board was assured that as far as possible the government would not damage the common and that the buildings to be erected would conform in a general way to the architectural surroundings. None of the college halls now occupied by radio students will be given up until the end of the war.

KING PRAISES YANKEES

U. S. Soldiers Guard of Honor to King and Queen of England

LONDON, April 10.—American soldiers acted as a guard of honor to King George and Queen Mary yesterday, when their majesties inspected a certain famous works where thousands of hands are employed day and night. Their majesties conversed freely with officers and men and commented on the smart and soldier-like appearance of the Americans.

Queen Mary, responding to a request for an autograph, used a sergeant's back as a writing pad while she wrote: "Mary R., 1918." The king added his autograph, whereupon an American officer remarked:

"This is not war, but it is very human."

"Yes, very human," replied the king, smilingly.

The king, speaking to several Americans with whom he and the queen conversed, said:

"I am very glad indeed to see American soldiers in England, and a fine sight it is to see them here. When I was in France not long ago I had the opportunity of seeing troops from the United States. They impressed me very much with their excellent bearing and I was told they were becoming efficient very rapidly."

Amid the surroundings of implements of war, their majesties displayed another human touch by despatching the following message by pigeon post to Prince Henry, who had just arrived at Sandringham on a holiday:

"Hope you have arrived safely. Give messages to all our friends at Sandringham."

During their tour, which included a visit to the ancient city of Lincoln, the king rode in a tank, amid the cheers of British and American soldiers. The king said to the officer in charge:

"This is my fourth adventure in a tank. I want you to take me over the most awkward places."

The officer did so. One moment the tank's nose pointed skyward and the next moment it was tumbling head foremost down a precipitous decline. The king laughed and said:

"The motion is not as bad as that of a destroyer in a heavy sea. It was a very interesting experience. I enjoyed it."

THIRTEEN MORE NEW ENGLAND TOWNS EXCEED THEIR ALLOTMENTS TODAY

BOSTON, April 10.—Thirteen New England towns were added today to the list of those which have exceeded their allotments in the Liberty loan campaign, making 57 which have thus far laid claim to honor flags. In three cases the committee officially confirmed reported over-subscriptions and the banners were awarded to New Durham and Peterboro, N. H., and North Andover, Mass. Twelve awards have now been made in this district.

New claimants today included Harpsville, Conway, Plastow, Epping, Deerfield, Brookfield, Stratham and Hampton Falls, N. H., Killingly, Conn., and Kingman, Me. Twenty-seven New Hampshire towns now have reported over-subscriptions.

A subscription of \$1,000,000 by the United Shoe Machinery Co., was among those reported today by the Boston committee.

MRS. SWEATT AND MISS REGAN GIVE FOOD DEMONSTRATION IN SCHOOL

Mrs. Herbert Sweatt, assisted by Miss Helene Regan, gave a food demonstration at the Lexington avenue school yesterday afternoon before 40 women. The demonstration had to do with the use of wheat substitutes and Mrs. Sweatt made a number of dishes. Principal John J. Mahoney, who is the Normal school spoke on conservation and urged that the women have other meetings of this nature later. Mrs. L. A. Ayer was in general charge of the meeting and she was assisted by Miss Hart, principal of the school.

Before taking their train home from Boston at 7 P. M., the two women stood in the North station.

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LAUNCH NEW ATTACKS

peril from converging attacks north and south.

The British, however, are holding the line of the river Lys to the southwest of the town, and at the latest reports had prevented an attempted crossing by the Germans at Bac St. Maur, four miles southwest of Arrmentieres, and another at Estaires, still farther to the southwest.

British Retake Givenchy

From the vicinity of Estaires, the British are holding the line of the river Lys southward for a short distance, the front then curving in a southeasterly direction and coupling up with the original line at or near Givenchy. The maximum depth of the German penetration was apparently about 4 1/2 miles, at Estaires. Givenchy, at one time in German hands during the attack, was retaken by the British in a counter thrust.

The German effort on this new front, if it succeeded to no further extent than it apparently has so far, does not seem likely to have any greater effect than to compel modifications in the British line north of La Bassée canal. If the British can continue to hold Givenchy, the front to the southward will be disturbed and the direct effect of the drive on the greater battle to the south would be negligible.

British Hold High Ground

There remains the possibility of the attack north. Arrmentieres developing rather importance with relation to the Flanders line as a whole. The British are well placed in high ground at the salient points in this line, however, which they were not in the region south of Arrmentieres, the Germans holding the advantage of terrain there.

The Germans seem to be concentrating their efforts at the new Flanders operation, the fighting along the line of their great drive to the southward, which was halted before Amiens, having largely died down.

Heavy Fighting

In a new offensive movement between Arras and Ypres, the Germans have pushed back the centre of the allied line on an 11-mile front. Heavy fighting still goes on, with the British and Portuguese striking hard against the enemy on the line of the river Lys, south of west of Arrmentieres, and the British holding the advance in check south of Arrmentieres and at Givenchy, the extreme ends of the battle front.

Attacked in Great Forces

"The purpose of the German effort is not yet clear. It has only succeeded in entering the foremost defenses at several points along the front, but should the enemy drive through beyond Bethune and the Clarence river, the strong British positions at Arras and Ypres would be endangered. The first onslaught, however, did not make any great gain, although the Germans attacked in strong force after a most severe artillery bombardment of 48 hours.

Germans Take Laventie

On a front of about four miles between Neuve Chapelle and Cardonville farm, the Portuguese and British have been driven back about a mile, and Laventie, west of Fauquissart, is in German hands. The enemy also has occupied Rochebourg-St. Vaast, south of Neuve Chapelle. On the northern end of the Somme and west of Noyon an enemy assault was repulsed by French infantry and artillery. The German advance between the Oise and the Ailette apparently has been checked by the French, who are now in their prepared positions.

Germans Advance Into Russia

German troops, with the help of Finland and the Ukraine, continue to advance eastward into Russia. In Finland, Helsinki, the capital, is reported in danger of capture, while in the south the German and Ukrainian forces have occupied Charkov, 400 miles south of Moscow. This is the farthest point east yet reached by the Germans. "The Bolshevik government has begun peace negotiations with the Ukraine. Hints of Premier Lenin that the Japanese landing at Vladivostok will bring grave complications for Great Britain, France and Japan, have not yet eventuated into action."

French War Report

PARIS, April 10.—German troops last night delivered a heavy attack on the French lines near Hangard-en-Santerre, which was met by a French counter-attack, preventing the Germans from gaining any advantage, the war office announces.

West of Arras and west of Noyon, German efforts to advance failed.

Germans Extend Sector

WITH THE BRITISH FORCES IN FRANCE, April 10 (By the Associated Press).—The Germans this morning extended the sector of yesterday's attack to the northward by launching a drive against the British between Arrmentieres and Messines.

British War Report

LONDON, April 10.—In their new attack on the front north of the Somme battlefield, the Germans yesterday forced their way into Givenchy, but the British re-captured the town, the war office announces.

Pierce Fighting Continued During Last Night

on the front north of La Bassée canal. The British troops are moving on the line of the Rivers Lys and Lys, and are engaged in heavy fighting with the Germans at the river crossings at Estaires and Bac St. Maur.

The German front of attack is extending today. Early this morning a bombardment was begun of the British positions from the Arrmentieres region as far north as the Ypres-Comines canal. On the southern part of this front infantry fighting is reported to have begun.

LEOMINSTER AVIATOR KILLED

LEOMINSTER, April 10.—Almaire G. Smith, cadet flyer reported killed at Hixes Field, near Port Worth, yesterday, was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Francis Smith, 28 Manning avenue, this city. He graduated from Dartmouth two years ago. He very recently went into the service.

RECORD U. S. CASUALTY LIST ISSUED TODAY

WASHINGTON, April 10.—The largest casualty list for any day since the United States entered the war was announced by the war department today. There are 383 names on the list.

Five men were killed in action; three died of wounds; 11 died of disease; seven died from accidents; 10 were severely wounded; 246 wounded slightly; and two were missing in action.

Thirteen lieutenants were among the men wounded.

Capt. John P. Hurley was among the slightly wounded and four lieutenants were wounded severely and nine wounded slightly. Their names follow:

Wounded severely: Lieuts. Daniel H. Lawler, William D. Meyerling, John Walter Morris, James J. Wall, Jr.

Wounded slightly: Lieuts. Coleman D. Burns, William Crane, William T. Penker, Thomas J. Jackson, Morris R. Levi, Arthur H. Martin, Thomas C. P. Martin, William Michel and Bernard J. Shanley.

The large number of wounded in the list, which is for Tuesday, April 9, indicates more activity in the American sectors. A list containing 447 names, issued yesterday, gave the casualties of six days.

The complete list follows:

Killed in action: Corporal Jules V. Fish, Privates Carey R. Evans, Fred W. Helmsman, Salvatore Maresca, Ralph B. Watts.

Died of wounds: Corporal John E. Walsh, Cook Harry Hendricks, Privates George J. Standard, James M. Swasey (scarlet fever); Privates Thomas H. Bolton (anthrax); Orwin E. Carr, William Edwards, David Fulmore, John L. Hall, Frank E. Kohl, Leo Landry and Charles L. Roehl, all pneumonia; Ervin Jackson (measles); Clark Edmund Krull, tuberculosis.

Died of accident: Cooks James Fee, George Adolph Horn, Clarence Milnes; Privates Frank De Flavia, Naham Krauthman, Henry F. Mitchell, James P. Quinn, Jr.

Wounded severely: Lieuts. Daniel H. Lawler, William D. Meyerling, John Walter Morris, James J. Wall, Jr., Sergeants Seth A. Hensley, William J. Sausville; Privates Dorsey S. Dayton, Harry L. Erisman, Paul V. Plummer, James Shields.

Wounded slightly: Capt. John P. Hurley, Lieuts. Coleman D. Burns, William T. Penker, William T. Penker, Thomas J. Jackson, Morris R. Levi, Arthur H. Martin, Thos. C. P. Martin, Wm. Michel, Bernard J. Shanley; Sergts. Leo G. Bonnard, Peter Conner, Peter J. Croft, Claude S. De Costa, Victor L. Elchorn, Howard D. Emerson, Thomas M. Gleason, Augusta F. Hughes, Herbert F. McKenna, Francis Meade, Roy G. Ramsom, John L. Ross, Corporals Michael Bannon, Harold A. Benham, Gerard A. Buckley, John J. Butler, Daniel J. Carroll, John J. Casey, Patrick Caulfield, James J. Dalton, James D. Dunn, Joseph M. Farrell, John Gavaghan, John J. Gibbons, John Naughton, Philip H. Holriegel, Robert W. Holmes, Raymond E. Jackson, Herbert E. Kelly, Michael Luddy, Mortimer A. Lynch, James E. McGovern, Richard McNeill, John E. Manson, George Meyer, James Murphy, William Olive, Frank M. Pumphrey, Max Tuttle, Thomas J. Rothwell, Patrick Ryan, George C. Stickley, James J. Sullivan, John T. Vogel, Wagoner William H. McAllister; Mechanics Thomas

THE STOCK MARKET

The most noteworthy feature at the dull opening of today's stock market was the fractional gain in Erie preferred issues, based upon possibilities of early dividends. Marine preferred, Distillers and Sumatra Tobacco embraced the other strong and active shares at gains of large fractions to 1 1/2 points. Included among the moderately heavy stocks were St. Paul preferred, Texas company, Industrial Alcohol, American Car and American Can. Liberty bonds were irregular.

Trading was retarded by the storm which interrupted private wire communication with the middle west, but upward progress was made later, especially in coppers and shipping. Gains of 1 to 2 points were registered by Inspiration and China, Marine preferred and Atlantic Gulf. Rails and seasoned industrial issues sold at 98.74, first 48 at 98.04 to 96.16 and second 48 at 96.03 to 96.16.

Buying of shippings broadened in the afternoon. American Shipbuilding advanced five points and Pacific Mail two. Rails also hardened on the one-point rise in Canadian Pacific, but steel withering continued.

Trading was virtually at a standstill in the afternoon, but prices were lower, some rails reacting sharply. The closing was heavy. Liberty 2-12s sold at 98.63 to 98.74, first 48 at 96.04 to 96.16 and second 48 at 96 to 96.16.

New York Clearings

NEW YORK, April 10.—Exchanges, \$467,748,955; balances, \$39,390,940.

Cotton Futures

NEW YORK, April 10.—Cotton futures opened barely steady; May, 35.59; July, 35.53; October, 31.20; December, 30.75; January, 30.52.

Futures Closed Steady

May, 35.49; July, 35.79; October, 31.21; December, 30.88; January, 30.55.

Spot, quiet; middling, 35.00.

Money Market

NEW YORK, April 10.—Mercantile paper, four months, 6; six months, 6; sterling 60-day bills, 4.72 1/2; commercial 60-day bills on banks, 4.73 1/2; demand 1.75 1/2; cables, 4.76 1/2. France, demand, 5.73 1/2; cables, 5.70 1/2. Guilders, demand, 47; cables, 47 1/2. Lira, demand, 8.91; cables, 8.95. Rubles, demand, 13 1/2; cables, 14 nominal. Bar silver, 91.3-2. Mexican dollars, 73 1/2. Government bonds, heavy; railroad bonds, firm.

Time Loans

Time loans, firm; 60 days and 90 days, 5 1/2 to 6; six months, 6 bid; call money, easier; high, 4; low, 3; ruling rate, 4; closing bid, 2 1/2; offered at 3; last loan, 3.

NEW YORK MARKET

Government bonds, heavy; railroad	NY	
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Days, 53 1/2 and 6 1/2 months, mid,	Cal	
Days, 53 1/2 and 6 1/2 months, mid		

MORSE AND BROWN CLASH ON OIL PURCHASE

The municipal council held a 10-minute meeting this noon and during that short space of time Commissioners Brown and Morse engaged in a little word battle and continued it after the meeting had adjourned.

The meeting was called for the purpose of conferring with the lawyer of the American Car Sprinkler Co. in relation to the contract existing between the city and the company for water sprinkling in the streets of Lowell, but before the meeting the mayor was informed that the lawyer could not be present until 4 o'clock this afternoon and the meeting adjourned till that time.

The following petitions were granted: U. S. Bobbin & Shuttle Co., gasoline at the corner of Perry and Rogers streets; Eugene I. Stillings, garage at 27 Laurel street; L. E. Hooker, garage at 63 Parkview avenue; David M. Gillis, garage at 111 Parkview avenue; Graham R. Whidden, garage in the rear of 120 Nesmith street; Rudolph E. Camara, garage at 9 Clark's court; John J. Higgins, garage at 415 Lawrence street; L. S. Duncan, garage and gasoline, at 29 Putnam avenue; James A. Erlen, garage in the rear of 113 Livingston avenue; Mrs. J. L. Chaffoux, garage and gasoline, at 377 Wilder street; Roswell A. Davis, garage and gasoline, in the rear of 60 Rock street; George L. Whitte, garage and gasoline, at 393 Wilder street; Philip R. Hovey, garage at 2 Balmour street; John R. Whitte, garage at 72 Canton street; W. J. Barry Shoe Co., garage at 50 Stackpole street; Boston Ice Cream Co., gasoline, at 34 Meadowcroft street.

Mayor Thompson informed his colleagues that he had reappointed Frank B. Flanders as caretaker of the soldiers' graves in the local cemetery. The mayor stated that Mr. Flanders, who receives absolutely no compensation for his work, has proved to be a very efficient man for the position and that it afforded him great pleasure to reappoint such an able and hard working man as Mr. Flanders.

On suggestion of the mayor a vote was taken for the election of an inspector of animals to succeed Dr. Walter A. Sherman, whose term of office has expired and Dr. Sherman was the unanimous choice of the council.

Messrs. Morse and Brown

The meeting was about to adjourn when Commissioner Brown moved that the purchasing agent be directed to call for bids for 100,000 gallons of non-asphaltic oil for the oiling of the streets. In presenting his motion Mr. Brown said that at yesterday's meeting Commissioner Morse was authorized to purchase 100,000 gallons of non-asphaltic oil at 14.2 cents a gallon. "The intimation was," said Mr. Brown, "that there was but one company that could furnish the oil. Now I am informed that the same oil can be purchased for 12 cents a gallon, which will mean a saving to the city of \$2000."

Mr. Morse said that in company with the mayor he went to Brookline and other places and as a result of the investigation he found that there was but one company, the Boston Engineers' Supply Co. that could furnish the oil. Mr. Brown—"I'll tell you what to do."

Mr. Morse—"You'll tell me what to do? Not on your life."

Mr. Brown—"When it comes to buying oil or other materials for the city, honesty should prevail and accordingly bids should be called."

Mr. Morse—"Mr. Mayor I move you that Mr. Brown be appointed a committee of one to purchase the oil for street oiling."

Mr. Brown—"I can get it."

Mayor Thompson—"Let us settle one thing at a time. There is another motion before the house."

Mr. Donnell—"Mr. Morse did not say at yesterday's meeting that he would purchase oil from the Boston Engineers' Supply Co. If I remember correctly, he was authorized to purchase 100,000 gallons, more or less of non-asphaltic oil."

Mr. Brown—"I know that, but I want to save the city \$2000 and the only way to do that is by calling for bids."

Mr. Morse—"I don't think the commissioner knows what he is talking about."

Mr. Brown—"That will be determined when bids are called."

At this point Mr. Brown's motion, that bids be called for the supply of 100,000 gallons of non-asphaltic oil was put to a vote and carried unanimously. The meeting then adjourned until 4 o'clock this afternoon, and as soon as the meeting had adjourned Mr. Morse said a thing or two to Mr. Brown that was not of a pleasing nature and Mr. Morse replied in kind.

EDWIN G. MAGUE DIED SUDDENLY—STRICKEN WITH SHOCK WHILE AT WORK

Edwin G. Mague, aged 63 years and residing at 50 Dana street, was stricken with a shock while at his work at the South Lowell plant of the U. S. Cartridge Co. at 6 o'clock this morning and died in the ambulance while on his way to St. John's hospital. It seems that Mr. Mague had been troubled with heart disease for over a year, but he never thought it was of a serious nature. He was employed nights and last night he reported as usual and worked all night.

Deceased is survived by his wife, Mrs. Nellie Mague; two sons, Robert E. of Washington, D. C., and Charles G. Mague of this city; two sisters, Mrs. Clara Harris and Mrs. Grace Chamberlain, both of East Hampton, Mass., and a brother, Frank Mague of New Bedford. The body was removed to his home by Undertaker George W. Healey.

WITH THE FIREMEN

An alarm from box 114 at 3:50 o'clock this morning was for a slight blaze in the two and one-half story wooden building at 144 Adams street, corner of Lagrange street. The fire started in the chimney, but was extinguished before any serious damage was done. The property is owned by John Rabias.

While responding to the alarm the triple pumping engine of the central fire station was put out of commission by the breaking of a jack shaft.

A telephone alarm at 11:24 this morning was for a grass fire in Livingston avenue. Chemical C responded.

At 11:40 o'clock an alarm was sounded from box 821 for a grass fire in Woburn street.

A still alarm at 12:30 this afternoon was for a grass fire on the old fair grounds. Engine I responded.

Chemical C was called to Sanders avenue, Tyler park, at 1:50 where there was a brush fire in progress.

Bright, Sears & Co.

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE

Bankers and Brokers

SECOND FLOOR



Miller Huggins

Ping Bodie

YANKEES, WITH NEW PEP, MAY FINISH THIRD IF PITCHERS HOLD UP

Another name has been added to the long list of managers who have tried to make a pennant winner of the New York Yankees during the last 16 years, the aggressive Miller Huggins having signed up to battle the Yankees line. And it is upon Huggins and his luck with his pitching staff that the burden of making a first division club of the Yankees rests.

The Yankees figured to be one of the best clubs in the league at the start of the 1917 season, but the easy-going Donovan was unable to get the best from his players, who soon lost interest and the result was that the Yankees dropped to sixth place in the race.

This year, there will be a decided change in the management. Huggins is not easy-going and there will be no loafing on his club. Every man must be out doing his best every minute or suffer the consequences. That is one point in favor of the Yanks finishing in the first division.

Huggins will have his biggest problem with his pitching staff. Winter



Perrill Pratt

The Yankees' new manager, pop-pery Miller Huggins and two of his new stars, Derrill Pratt, who won 25 and lost 12 games with the Baltimore club and was one of the most effective pitchers in the International league, and Bob McGraw of the 1917 Newark club. Thormahlen may prove one of the sensations of the year.

The Yankee infield is the best balanced in the league. The heavy clubbing Pipp is at first, Derrill Pratt at second, Peckinpaugh at short and Frank Baker at third. Baker and Pratt should both bat .300 or better. Peck is

trades and the draft have taken some of his most promising pitching material, including Shocker, Shawkey and

Cullop.

The dean of the 1918 pitching staff will be Ray Caldwell. This elongated right-hander should be one of the greatest pitchers in baseball, but Caldwell always breaks loose once or twice a season and his work suffers. Perhaps Huggins will be able to handle Caldwell. If he can, Ray should win many games. Alton Russell had a fair record last year and should be improved. Mogridge is an in-and-out. Slim Love might be a good pitcher if he wasn't so lazy. Huggins may be able to kill Love's hookworm and make a good pitcher of him.

Among his recruits Huggins has two very promising pitchers. Thormahlen, who won 25 and lost 12 games with the Baltimore club and was one of the most effective pitchers in the International league, and Bob McGraw of the 1917 Newark club. Thormahlen may prove one of the sensations of the year.

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trades and the draft have taken some of his most promising pitching material, including Shocker, Shawkey and

a natural .370 hitter and Pipp makes up for his lower average by his extra base wallpops. Defensively there is not an infield in the league which can touch the Yank quartet.

Huggins has only a fair outfield. Ping Bodie, of course, will strengthen the outfield from an offensive standpoint, but he will add little to the defensive strength of the club. The failure of Marsans to report will be felt, as the fleet Cuban is one of the best ground coverers in the game. Either High or the rookie Lamar probably will cover his field with Gilhooley in the outer garden. Both Gilhooley and High are very weak hitters.

The catching staff is very strong with young Walters in the leading role. Ruel, a star with Memphis last year, and Truck Hannah, the iron man catcher of the Salt Lake club, will relieve him.

Third place would not be a bad guess for the Yankees if Huggins can get the best of his pitchers.

PAUL PURMAN.

ELECT CHIEF MARSHAL FOR MEMORIAL DAY

Dr. Charles E. Sanders was elected chief marshal of the 1918 Memorial day parade at a meeting of the joint Memorial day committee representing Posts 42, 120 and 155, G.A.R., held last evening in Post 185 hall.

If plans are carried out successfully, the Memorial day parade this year will far outstrip observations of previous years both in magnitude and significance. An endeavor will be made to have a detachment of soldiers from Camp Devens take part in the parade and every effort possible will be made to have the day's observance truly interpretative of the present feeling of the people of Lowell with regard to national issues.

The following committee was appointed at last evening's meeting to confer with General Hodges at Camp Devens to see if it will be possible to have a detachment of soldiers come to Lowell on Memorial day to participate in the parade: Post Commanders Page, O'Regan and Pevey.

Franklin S. Pevey will be general chairman of the committee on arrangements and Frank Colburn is secretary. The sub-committees are as follows:

Memorial morning and Sunday services, Post Commanders Page, O'Regan and Pevey.

Anding, the three post commanders and secretary.

Decoration of monument, Nathan G. Lamson, chairman, George E. Worthen and George E. Bryant.

Music for parade, Albert I. Gilman, chairman, John Harrington and John G. Parker.

Printing, and invitations, Secretary Autos, William L. Dickey, chairman,

Lucius A. Derby and Robert F. Marden, Carriages, George E. Bryant, chairman, Dennis Murphy and N. B. Lamanda.

Reception, Col. Albert Pinder, chairman, Frank E. Butler, Capt. W. P. White, U.S.N., retired.

Flowers, William A. Arnold, chairman, Chester S. Goodwin and Alvin W. Stockwell.

Purchase of flags, Joseph Denio, chairman, Charles H. Horton and William L. Dickey.

Decorations of graves: Chester R. Goodwin, chairman, William A. Arnold, A. D. Mitchell, John G. Parker, Walter Shaw, N. B. Lamanda, James F. Crowley, Mark H. Sawyer, Samuel A. Pickering and Patrick J. Burns.

Standards, Ralph D. Plimstead, chairman, Albert I. Gilman, E. W. Denio, Samuel A. Pickering, Bert W. Chandler, Joseph Denio and Gilbert W. Hunt.

REUNION AND DANCE BY THE ALUMNI OF WOOD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE

The alumni of Wood's Business college and a large number of their friends, many of whom are present students at the college, held a reunion and dance in Association hall last evening with more than 1000 present. It was the fourth annual affair of this kind and was under the general direction of Principal Elliot F. Wood.

In the early part of the evening an enjoyable musical program was carried out by the Minnie Doyle orchestra and later a social program of 14 numbers with several extras was given. Decorations were dominated by the national colors and the class colors. The stage was set in pale blue and the insignia of the college formed a striking background.

The concert program included the following numbers: Song, Daniel J. Fowers; selection, school orchestra (piano) Miss Margaret Kiernan, (piano) Miss May O'Reilly, (violin) the Misses Blanche O'Reilly and May Robinson and Roland Lovett, (cello) Miss Agnes Dillon; reading, Miss Helen Casey; song, Walter Mack, and finale, "The Star Spangled Banner" soloists and assembly.

Following the concert program dancing was carried out until 12 o'clock, except for an intermission, when refreshments were served by the Roane Catering Co.

The officers of the dance were as follows: General manager, Patrick F. Plimney; assistant general manager, Miss Helen A. Hart; floor director, William E. Sanderson; assistant floor director, Miss Mary T. Robinson; secretary, Miss Maureen Quinn; treasurer, Thomas F. Lorigan; chief aid, Frank Bennett; assistant chief aid, Miss Helen Rogers; aids, students.

COTTON GOODS PRICES

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Representatives of the cotton manufacturing industry met here today with the pricing committee of the war industries board to take up the stabilization of

15 AMERICANS ON CASUALTY LIST

OTTAWA, Ont., April 10.—The names of 15 Americans appear in today's casualty list. Eleven were wounded, two gassed, one was reported ill and one died.

Among the wounded are J. F. Gandet, Brownhagen, Me.; J. A. Harrison, New Bedford, Mass.; F. S. Reid, Brockton, Mass.

HEARING AT CITY HALL BY THE INDUSTRIAL ACCIDENT BOARD

C. E. Gleason of the industrial accident board conducted three hearings under the workmen's compensation act at city hall this morning. The first hearing was in the case of Mary Felix, employee; Bigelow-Hartford Co., employer and the American Mutual Liability Insurance Co., insurer. The employee claimed that while in the employ of the company June 30, 1917, her hand was caught in gears in the rear of a docting frame and as a result four of her fingers were badly lamed. A satisfactory settlement was arrived at.

The next case was that of Mrs. Hugh Gavaghan, whose husband was injured Dec. 11, 1917, while employed at the Tremont & Suffolk mill, death resulting four days later. The only question to be settled was that of dependency for an agreed statement of facts was produced. Mrs. Gavaghan claims to be the only dependent, while a daughter of the deceased, Mrs. Anna F. Mason, a blind woman, also claims to be a dependent. The matter was taken under advisement.

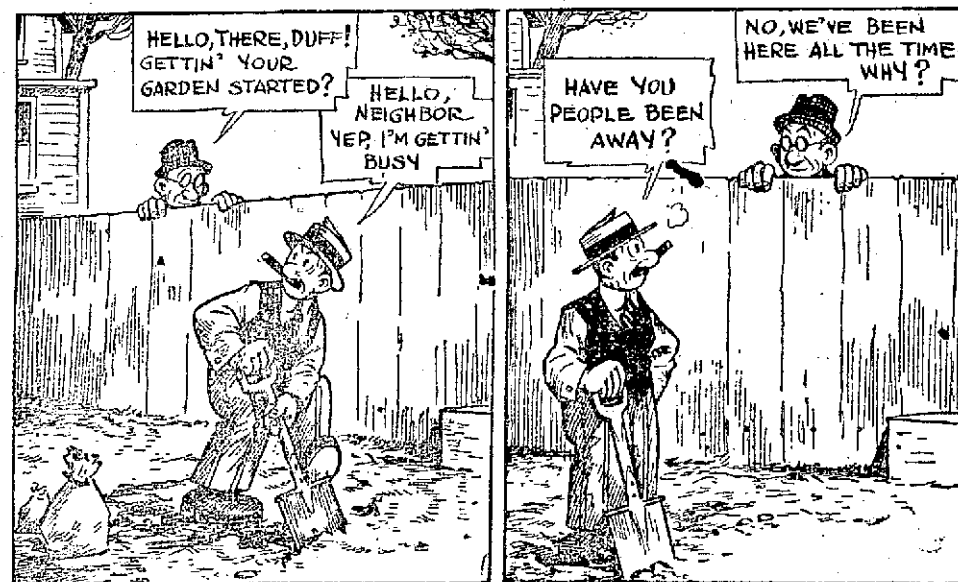
The last case was that of John Potter of Haverhill, employee; C. H. Hayes Corp., as of Haverhill, employer, and the Travelers' Insurance Co., insurer. Mr. Potter while employed by the company suffered an accident, resulting in the loss of four fingers. The question to be settled was how much he should receive in a lump sum and that was set at \$651.

PAINTERS GET INCREASE

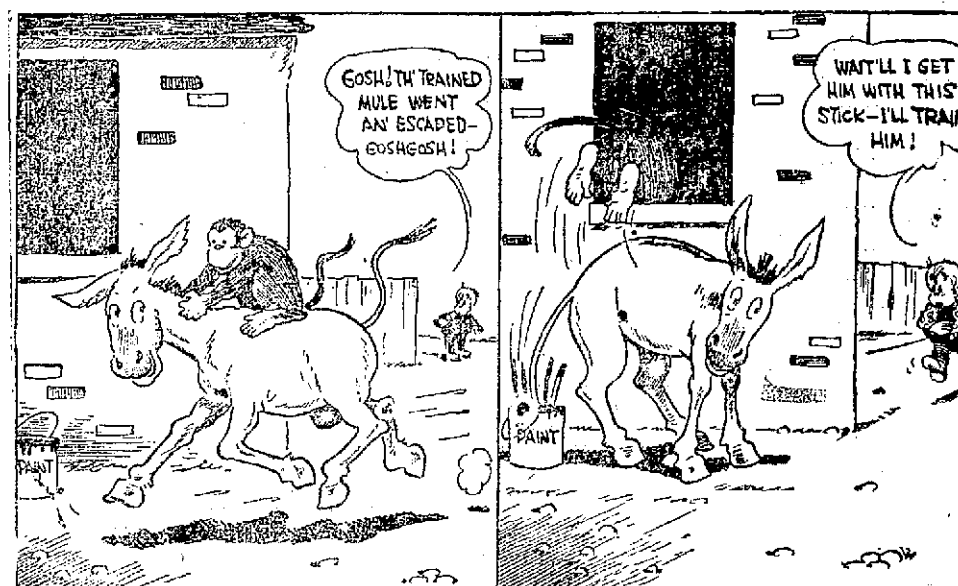
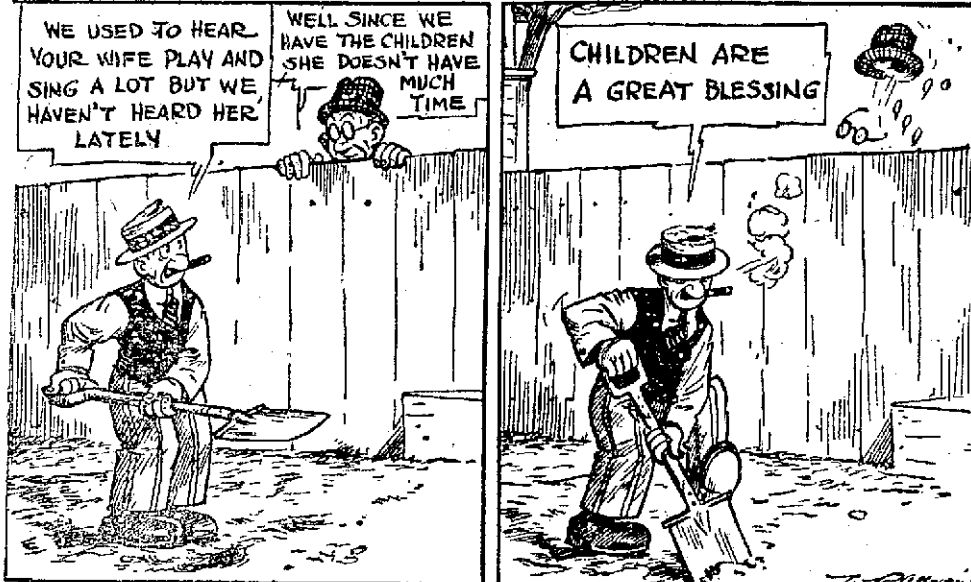
At a meeting of the Painters' union held this morning it was stated that three local contractors had acceded to the demands of the strikers and had agreed to grant an increase of 10 cents an hour. The master painters also held a meeting this morning at the rooms of the board of trade but nothing was given out as to the nature of the business discussed.

If you want quick returns try a classified ad in The Sun, Lowell's greatest newspaper.

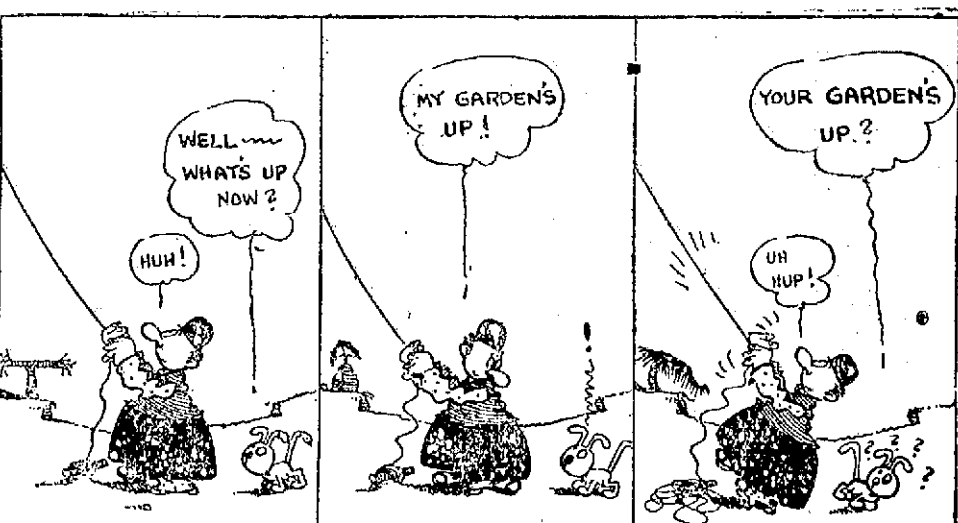
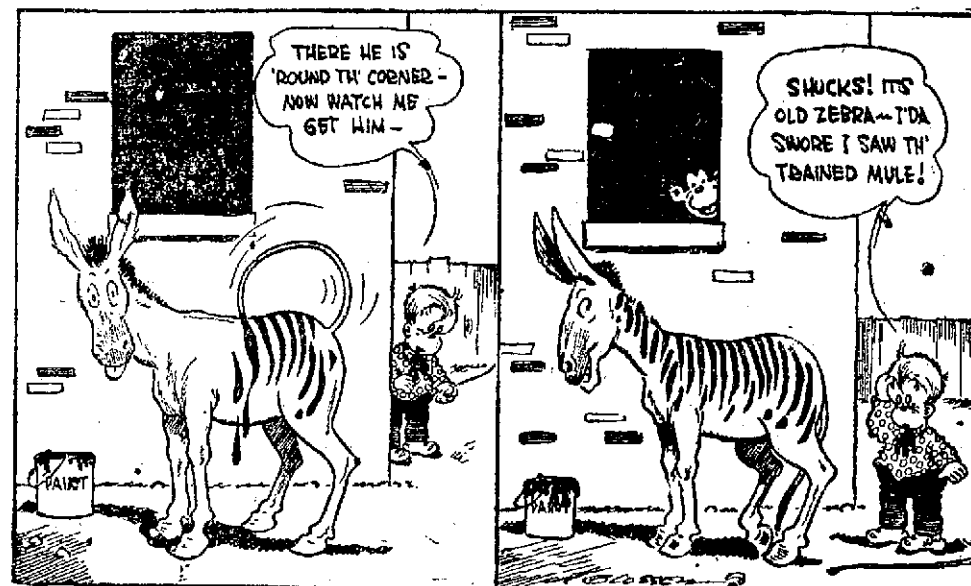
cotton goods prices. Heavy government purchases have disorganized the market, and manufacturers themselves asked for the conference.



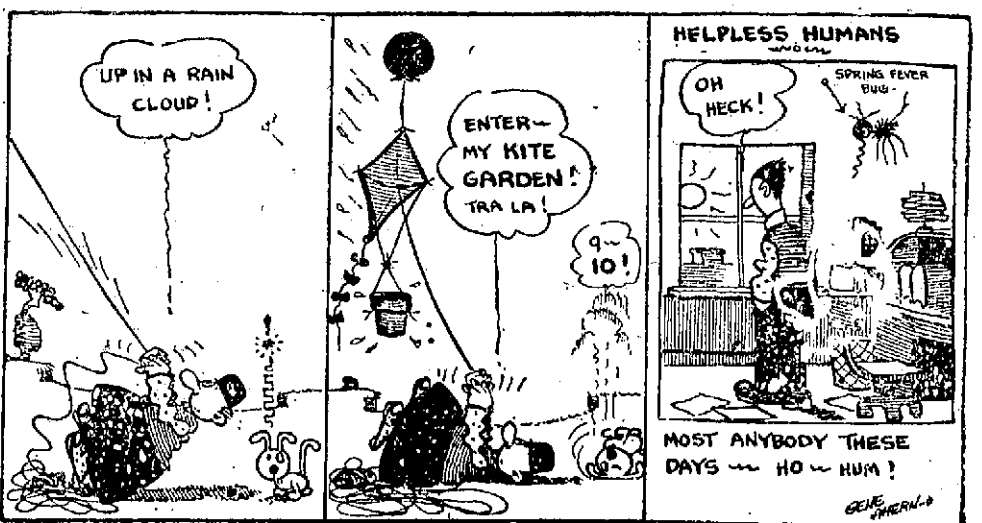
THAT WAS AN AWFUL DIG, TOM



WHO HAS THE MOST BRAINS? PRECKLES OR THE MULE?



NOW HE'LL RAISE HIS GARDEN EVERY WINDY DAY



LOWELL BACK IN BOXING WILL BREED FIRST PLACE RACE OF HARDY MEN

Polo League Standing

Lowell	Won	Lost	P.C.
Lowell	53	48	52.0
Providence	48	53	47.5
Lawrence	48	53	47.5
Lowell	48	53	47.5
Worcester	25	49	41.7
Portland	25	49	41.7

Lowell is again in first place in the American Roller Polo league, with but a slight lead over Providence. The return to the top rung, was brought about by Lowell's victory over Worcester last night, and the defeat of Providence by Lawrence in the down-river city.

Lowell completely outclassed Worcester last night, and only for the remarkable work of Mallory a goal for the visitors the score would have been much larger. Lowell, however, got nine by the Worcester wonder, while four represented the total of Worcester's scoring abilities. The game was fast, Capt. Harkins and his men working hard at all times, and pulling off the best teamwork of the season. Harkins and Williams did some brilliant pass work, while Griffith, too, worked at top speed both in attack and defense. Gardner at half-back, blocked and handled the ball in expert fashion, while Purcell did a fine job at goal.

The visitors missed "Jigger" Higgins, who failed to make train connections, but despite the handicap the team put up a fine game. Mallory's work was a treat, while Foley turned in a great game at half-back. Mulligan and Buckley worked well on the rush line, but "Buck" who leads the league in going to the spot, was unable to beat Williams to the centre last night. The Lowell man took every rush.

Eagles Honor Griffith

"Bob" Griffith, Lowell's star center, was in the limelight last night not only because of his great playing, but because his splendid work throughout the season made such a hit with the members of the Eagles that they decided to show their brotherly love and appreciated his efforts and turned out in large numbers to greet him. It was "Eagles' night" and the "birds" certainly added to their laurels by their demonstration last night. Prior to the game the members marched through the town streets, headed by a band, drum corps, and other went to the rink. Here they occupied a special section, and they made merry during the progress of the game. Finally "Griff" was called to the "carpet" and after Referee Kilgarr had presented him a beautiful bouquet, Pres. John Calin of the Eagles took the floor and after a neat speech presented the player-member a handsome Eagles ring.

Lowell got the jump right at the start and playing superior polo all the way never lost the lead. The first period ended, 5 to 2. The second closed with the count 5 to 3, and the final stanza closed with the score 9 to 4.

LOWELL

W. Harkins	1
G. Griffith	2
C. Gardner	3
P. Purcell	3

WORCESTER

M. Mulligan	1
B. Buckley	1
C. Donnelly	1
F. Foley	1
G. Mallory	4

FIRST PERIOD

W. Harkins	Time
Lowell	1.50
Worcester	2.15
Lowell	1.30
Worcester	2.45
Lowell	1.25

SECOND PERIOD

Lowell	6.30
Worcester	6.45

THIRD PERIOD

Lowell	9.20
Worcester	9.55
Lowell	10.10
Worcester	10.45

Score: Lowell 9, Worcester 4. Rushing: Williams 18, Stops: Purcell 45, Mallory 37, Goal: Donnelly. Referee: Kilgarr. Timer: Sullivan.

Polo Notes

Buckley, the local boy, who filled in as a second rusher for Worcester, played a fine game. He scored two of Worcester's four goals, and teamed up well with the speedy Mulligan.

Lowell here Friday night. This will be the last local league game. Then the big series between Lowell and Lawrence opens here Monday night. This has been arranged as a benefit for the players of both teams. They will receive 50 per cent of the total receipts for the first four games.

Referee Kilgarr is a very capable and highly satisfactory official.

Mallory had his "thousand legs" with him last night. He certainly gave a wonderful exhibition in front of the "coop."

The Eagles gave Griffith a great reception. "Griff" has a great many friends here, and he should have, for he's a clean, aggressive, clever and hard-working player, and a perfect gentleman on and off the floor.

Williams won every rush from the speedy Mulligan last night.

Captain Harkins' all round play was about as good as was ever seen in this city.

Corrected Polo Schedule

The schedule corrected to date is: Tonight: Lawrence at Worcester. Thursday: Lowell at Lawrence. Friday: Lowell at Lowell, Providence at Lawrence. Saturday: Lowell at Providence, Lowell at Worcester.

PROVIDENCE LOST Gold Bugs Beaten by Lawrence in Fast Game, 6 to 2

LAWRENCE, April 10.—Providence was outplayed in all stages of the game at the local rink last night, and Lawrence defeated the league leaders by the score of 6 to 2. The home club showed flashes of the speed which it maintained up to last week, and had an easy time with the visitors. The score:

Lawrence 6, Providence 2.

Score: Lawrence 6, Providence 2. Rushing: Williams 16, Stops: Purcell 37, Mallory 37, Goal: Donnelly. Referee: Kilgarr. Timer: Sullivan.

FIRST PERIOD

Lowell	1.50
Worcester	2.15
Lowell	1.30
Worcester	2.45
Lowell	1.25

SECOND PERIOD

Lowell	6.30
Worcester	6.45

THIRD PERIOD

Lowell	9.20
Worcester	9.55
Lowell	10.10
Worcester	10.45

Another new feature will be a "Colliver" or handicap tournament. Two of these will be started, one between C and D grades, and another between C and D players, and a valuable prize will be given the winner in each.

Another novel attraction will be a "naught match" on eight boards, between two experts. This must be seen to be appreciated, and will prove one of the most popular events of the meet. If opportunity permits, Mr. James Davis

PORTLAND, April 10.—The proposed boxing match for the heavyweight championship of the world, in which Jess Willard will defend his title against the onslaughts of Fred Fulton is attracting wide attention. Boxing enthusiasts, ever ready to witness the fall of an old champion for the thrills of hailing the new, have shown clearly that they will support the bout. The eagerness of promoters in offering fabulous sums of money for the privilege of staging the contest gives ample proof of whether or not it is wanted. As must always be the case, however, some opposition has developed. It is said with emphasis that to promote a boxing match of this magnitude would be in direct opposition to the spirit of the times. "When men are fighting in Europe, spilling their blood, why should these men be allowed to box?" is asked on many sides. It might just as well be asked: "Why should any men be allowed to box?"

The answer to these questions was given by General Bell, commander of the 77th Division at Camp Upton, long ago, when a great boxing tournament was held at this cantonment. "American youth should take to boxing—take to glove fighting. It will breed a race of hardy men who will not need to fear the world. If you men will fight in Europe as your representatives have fought here in this ring today, you need not have any fear of any nation on the earth—let alone the Germans."

General Bell might have gone further and told of the cry for boxing gloves that has come over seas from the men in camp before going into the front line trenches. It is almost impossible to supply the demand of the American, who love their glove bouts even more when they stand face to face with the great venture than when they were at home.

It is the spirit of the army asserting itself. These men, clad in olive drab, are fighters of the true type. They love to fight in any style, from the three-inch gun to the cold steel that Fritz hates. Boxing will do more to inculcate the spirit of self reliance in men than all the armaments that the Krapps could turn out between now and the crack of doom.

There are very obvious reasons why boxing is not the sport of the future. It is not the law of nature. It is not the knowledge of how to defend itself properly can only be learned by practice of boxing—or sheer fighting if necessary.

The war department has turned to the professional arena for its boxing instructors. The best boxers are now teaching the soldiers the art of hit, stop and get away. They are setting the style for others.

It is necessary to have champions, and there is only one way to make them. That is to hold bouts for titles. Simply because these men are heavyweights, and because a great sum of money has been offered for the match, boxing enthusiasts fail to see why it should not be held.

There is no brief presented against boxing in the slight opposition offered to this matter. It is a brief against one specific occasion. If, it would seem, is not in sympathy with the democracy for which we are fighting overseas.

Holding championship bouts encourages perfecting the arts and sciences of boxing. It places the ultimate premium upon skill, speed, courage and endurance. Speed, endurance and skill can only be attained by training, and training renders a clean life imperative to success.

The manhood of America will never decay as long as it can defend itself with nature's weapons. There is nothing that inspires confidence and the knowledge that one can take care of himself in any company with his fists. It is no disgrace to know how to fight.

FOURTH ANNUAL MEET OF THE DAY STATE CHECKER CLUB

Checker players throughout Massachusetts and New England generally are anticipating some "great doings" at the fourth annual meet of the Day State Checker club, which will be held under the auspices of the Wells Memorial Club, at their rooms, 987 Washington street, on Patriots day, Friday, April 19th.

The committee in charge promises some interesting new "stunts" and novel features never before seen at any checker meet in this state.

One of the personal letters have been mailed to checker players throughout the state, and two have been engaged, so there will be no crowding even if they all should respond to the invitation.

The first novel feature will be seen on entering, in the grading of the players according to their ability. For this task, A. J. McKinnon, champion of America, and Herbert Morrill, champion of England, have been engaged, and the well known ability of these gentlemen and their knowledge of the strength of the various players throughout the state, will be a sufficient guarantee that all visitors will be evenly matched. This facility in the pairing in the big match at Boston vs. Massachusetts players, which will be started about noon.

The doors will be opened at 9 a. m., and each visitor on entering will be given a colored badge representing the grade to which he is assigned, and colored tables corresponding to these badges will be arranged in the hall.

At 10 a. m. the meeting will be called to order, and short address will be made by noted checkerists on improving and extending the game throughout the state.

At 12.30 p. m. the main event of the day will start, in the contest of teams of picked players, from the various checker clubs of Massachusetts, for a massive bronze cup presented by Hon. Edmund Billings. This cup must be won three times in succession, to become the property of the winning team.

At 3 p. m. Simon Crumb, Esq., will demonstrate the 3-3 cross, against 15 players simultaneously, and will offer some valuable prizes to anyone winning a game.

Another new feature will be a "Colliver" or handicap tournament. Two of these will be started, one between C and D grades, and another between C and D players, and a valuable prize will be given the winner in each.

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POLO LEAGUE

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Lowell	10.10
Worcester	10.45

Score: Lowell 9, Worcester 4. Rushing: Williams 18, Stops: Purcell 45, Mallory 37, Goal: Donnelly. Referee: Kilgarr. Timer: Sullivan.

Polo Notes

Buckley, the local boy, who filled in as a second rusher for Worcester, played a fine game. He scored two of Worcester's four goals, and teamed up well with the speedy Mulligan.

Lowell here Friday night. This will be the last local league game. Then the big series between Lowell and Lawrence opens here Monday night. This has been arranged as a benefit for the players of both teams. They will receive 50 per cent of the total receipts for the first four games.

Referee Kilgarr is a very capable and highly satisfactory official.

Mallory had his "thousand legs" with him last night. He certainly gave a wonderful exhibition in front of the "coop."

The Eagles gave Griffith a great reception. "Griff" has a great many friends here, and he should have, for he's a clean, aggressive, clever and hard-working player, and a perfect gentleman on and off the floor.

Williams won every rush from the speedy Mulligan last night.

Captain Harkins' all round play was about as good as was ever seen in this city.

Corrected Polo Schedule

The schedule corrected to date is: Tonight: Lawrence at Worcester. Thursday: Lowell at Lawrence. Friday: Lowell at Lowell, Providence at Lawrence. Saturday: Lowell at Providence, Lowell at Worcester.

PROVIDENCE LOST Gold Bugs Beaten by Lawrence in Fast Game, 6 to 2

LAWRENCE, April 10.—Providence was outplayed in all stages of the game at the local rink last night, and Lawrence defeated the league leaders by the score of 6 to 2. The home club showed flashes of the speed which it maintained up to last week, and had an easy time with the visitors. The score:

Lawrence 6, Providence 2.

Score: Lawrence 6, Providence 2. Rushing: Williams 16, Stops: Purcell 37, Mallory 37, Goal: Donnelly. Referee: Kilgarr. Timer: Sullivan.

FIRST PERIOD

Lowell	1.50
Worcester	2.15
Lowell	1.30
Worcester	2.45
Lowell	1.25

SECOND PERIOD

Lowell	6.30
Worcester	6.45

THIRD PERIOD

Lowell	9.20
Worcester	9.55
Lowell	10.10
Worcester	10.45

Another new feature will be a "Colliver" or handicap tournament. Two of these will be started, one between C and D grades, and another between C and D players, and a valuable prize will be given the winner in each.

Another novel attraction will be a "naught match" on eight boards, between two experts. This must be seen to be appreciated, and will prove one of the most popular events of the meet. If opportunity permits, Mr. James Davis

will give an exhibition of blindfold play on several boards.

To the evening the gold medal and the other prizes of the Boston championship match will be presented to the different winners. A handsome banner will be presented to the winning team of the Wells Memorial Checker league, who have been playing a schedule during the past winter. The winners in the different classes of the Wells Memorial club will also be presented with prizes.

At 7.30 p. m., A. J. Hefner and other experts will start simultaneous play on 60 or more boards, and a prize will be given to any player securing a win.

At different times throughout the day various matches will be played on the large checker of the Wells Memorial club, under a wall board, on which the moves can be seen from all parts of the room.

HARVARD AND PRINCETON CREWS

CAMBRIDGE, April 10.—Harvard oarsmen learned today that it would not be necessary to carry their sectional shell for the races with Princeton at the Carnegie Lake, N. J., April 27. Original plans for the visiting crew, however, were abandoned because the Princeton boats were rigged for a starboard stroke, while Harvard's stroke oars were on the port side. It has been found, however, that the rigging can be changed for the benefit of the Harvard crews.

TUFTS BASEBALL TEAM

MELFORD, April 10.—The opening game of Tufts baseball season, which was to have been played today against the Rhode Island State college nine, has been cancelled. Manager Morrison of the Tufts team said the game was dropped from the schedule because of action by the Rhode Island college faculty.

THE MIDDLESEX COUNTY FARM BUREAU

About 50 directors of the Middlesex County Farm Bureau, representing 30 cities and towns, including Lowell, Westford, Billerica and Wilmington, attended a dinner at a Boston restaurant yesterday for the purpose of stimulating enthusiasm among these interested in the back-to-the-ground movement. There were several speakers, among whom was Clarence M. Weed of this city, the new director of the U. S. School Garden army for the northeastern states, who stated that the national board of education was to work through state and local boards in organizing its work, and that instead of depending on the garden clubs of the bureau, it proposes to greatly increase their number by making the movement universal, providing them with trained supervision through the support of local communities.

Other speakers were Fred D. Griggs, the new director of the bureau, who stated that the bureau is prepared to spend \$25,000 to increase food production in this country; Mr. Abbott, the agricultural man; Mr. Jenkins, the horticulturist; Mr. Dowditch and others. The principal speaker of the afternoon was John A. Scheuerle, field manager of the Eastern First Agricultural and Industrial league, who told of the great success that has been obtained in Hampden county. Mrs. George M. Heath of this city announced that she had completed arrangements with the Massachusetts Agricultural college to have an expert in Lowell for three days of intensive garden instruction to aid the women who were to lead the movement for home gardens.

TO CONSERVE AND PROMOTE THE POULTRY INTERESTS OF NEW ENGLAND

There will be a mass meeting of the poultrymen of New England to organize the New England Poultry Growers' exchange and to take such action as is necessary to conserve and promote the poultry industry of the east. The meeting will be held Thursday, April 16, at 8 o'clock p. m., in Boston at the state house auditorium, east wing.

This meeting is the outcome of a previous meeting of representative poultrymen held at Boston, March 21st. At this meeting the very serious situation of the poultry industry of New England was thoroughly discussed and a special committee was appointed composed of some of the leading poultrymen of New England, of which Walter B. Burdick of Hampton Falls, N. H., was made chairman. Over 40 of the prominent poultrymen present applied on the spot for membership in the exchange which is to be organized.

The committee was instructed to prepare a tentative constitution and plan of organization and to call a meeting of the poultrymen of New England and to organize and for practical co-operation. This committee has taken hold of the proposition with energy and determination. They sent one of their number to the national war emergency poultry convention held in Chicago, March 22 and 23, and they have developed a practical plan for decisive action.

Things of the most vital bearing upon poultry industry will be discussed and determined at this mass meeting. The purposes of the New England Poultry Growers' exchange are: To conserve and promote the poultry industry of the eastern states; to use the combined influence of the poultrymen of this section with the state and federal government regarding rules and regulations affecting the industry; to introduce and

WOMAN'S LAND ARMY OF AMERICA

Special to The Sun.

NEW YORK, April 10.—A million women workers are needed on American farms this year.

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The Land Army was organized here in New York following a conference of officials of the U. S. department of agriculture, the woman's committee of the Council of National Defense and the Woman's Land Army of America.

Conservation of the land is being done last summer by the Land Army camps being maintained in six New York rural communities. Several hundred city girls and women were employed on truck gardens and farms. At first the farmers did not take well to the idea of hiring women farm labor, but as they saw that the labor was needed, they appeared. The women and many of them already have written to the Land Army's headquarters, 32 Fifth avenue, asking that working units be established in their communities this year.

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The army's plan is to send out units, each under the direction of a chapter-leader. Units are composed of from 4 to 100 women. They will live in tents or vacant farmhouses during the summer, going to and from the farms in city busses or from the farm. They will be paid \$2 a day, out of which each must pay her share of camp expenses, or they can sign up for \$5 a month, and the unit pay all costs, collecting from farmers at the rate of \$2 a day for each worker.

Mrs. Henry Wade Rogers is chairman of the Woman's Land Army. Mrs. Gifford Pinchot is chairman of the committee which will have the responsibility of spreading the idea and of placing the units in other states.

Helen Kennedy Stevens, a New York college girl, tells of the work



BIDDY BAY'S GOOD FORM

The etiquette of marketing is based upon the laws of sanitation. It is not good for the customer to handle meat, pick over fruit, squeeze bread or test the freshness of cake by poking a finger into it. Trademarked good customers because careless buyers persist in handling

LEGAL NOTICES

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.
To all persons interested in the estate of Margaret Donovan, late of Lowell in said County deceased.
Whereas, Margaret Donovan, the executrix of the will of said deceased, is presented for allowance, the first and second fourteen days at least before said Court, or by publishing the same once in each week, for three successive weeks, in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published at Lowell, the last publication to be on or after the first day of April, A. D. 1918, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any one have, why the same should not be allowed.
And said executrix is ordered to serve this citation by delivering a copy thereof to all persons interested in the estate of said deceased, at least seven days at least before said Court, or by publishing the same once in each week, for three successive weeks, in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published at Lowell, the last publication to be on or after the first day of April, A. D. 1918, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any one have, why the same should not be allowed.
Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this first day of April, A. D. 1918, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, and eighteenth day of April, A. D. 1918, at nine o'clock in the forenoon.
F. M. ESTY, Register.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.
To all persons interested in the estate of Catherine Boland, late of Lowell in said County deceased.
Whereas, Catherine Boland, the executrix of the will of said deceased, is presented for allowance, the first and second fourteen days at least before said Court, or by publishing the same once in each week, for three successive weeks, in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published at Lowell, the last publication to be on or after the first day of April, A. D. 1918, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any one have, why the same should not be allowed.
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A young lady in office of the best known cloak store in town, a knowledge of typewriting preferred. Ability appreciated and paid for. Apply by letter, X. P. G., Sun Office.

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50 girls to work in rubber factory in Connecticut. \$10 per week while learning. Chance to earn big pay. Best of living and working conditions. Company pays expenses to job. Meet superintendent at our office Thursday at waiting room for ladies.

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TO LET

3-ROOM TENEMENT, furnished, to let in Centralville; \$4 per week. Wright & Bean, 175 Central St.

FURNISHED ROOM to let, suitable for two; with bathroom, 2 minutes walk from postoffice. 124 Appleton St.

LARGE SUNNY ROOMS, furnished, to let for gentlemen only. 989 Lakeview Ave. Tel. 3111.

2-ROOM KITCHENETTE, furnished, to let; with heat, light and gas; within three minutes walk of square. Inquire 18 Fourth St.

FURNISHED ROOM to let in private family; all modern conveniences; quiet neighborhood. Call 135 Smith St. or telephone 2278.

TO LET AT REVERE BEACH

HOTEL GARLAND

Located in the most central part of the beach. Apply to Mrs. Margaret Broadbent, 480 Ocean Ave., Revere, Mass.

TO LET

Stores, offices and rooms, newly finished, suitable for tailoring and dressmaking and general business purposes. Desirable from every view point. Call or address W. E. Guyette, 53 Central St. or C. A. Richardson, Five Cent Savings Bank.

WE BUY

Green stamps. Take any part of a book. Henry F. Carr & Co., 102 Gorham St. Tel. 4356.

LOST AND FOUND

BLACK HORSE, CAT, lost, with collar. Please return same to 32 Fairview St.

FOX TERRIER, black, white and tan, lost. Reward if returned to 411 High St. Telephone 1919-W.

GOLD ROSARY found Holy Thursday on Revere St. Owner may have same by calling at 51 Lawrence St.

FULL BLOODED FOX TERRIER lost in Highlands. Reward at 121 Warwick St. Tel. 4478.

BLACK POCKETBOOK, lady's, and U. S. Cartridge Co. check lost on Broadway Monday noon. Reward if returned to 492 Gorham St.

POCKETBOOK of black patent leather and keys, cash, hot water, and square at 412 Saturday afternoon. Reward if returned to William Croft, 350 Woburn St., South Lowell.

done by farmer in Westchester Co., N. Y., last summer.

"We were all city girls," Miss Stevens said, "enthusiastic but sublimely ignorant of farming. Camp opened with 20 girls. By the middle of March there were over 100. During the early part of the summer we were well cultivated. Those who knew how to handle horses worked with the horse cultivator; the others had to stick to the wheel hoe.

"We were hardened to our eight-hour day of labor by the time the farmers began coming in. We liked the hard work on the big farm better than the garden work.

James Wood, president of the Redford Farmers' club, says that when asked about the work of the women in the Mt. Kisco unit, the farmers testified emphatically to their efficiency, intelligence, zest, steadiness, and good behavior.

E. C. RODGERS.

MATRIMONIAL

Edward Sherman and Miss Julia Burke were married Monday evening at St. Patrick's rectory, the ceremony being performed by Rev. T. P. Callahan. The bridegroom is connected with the Headquarters Troop, 76th Division, and at one time was employed at the York club.

U.S. SUBMARINES "OVER THERE"

**Defied Bitter Winter Gales
to Join in U-Boat Hunt
Across Atlantic**

**Thrilling Story of Voyages
of Two Squadrons Now
Overseas**

WASHINGTON, April 10.—In the face of bitter winter gales, American submarines, primarily designed for operations off the home coasts, crossed the Atlantic to engage in the common fight against U-boats. They have been in the war zone for some months.

Secretary Daniels made public for the first time that the submarines had gone "over there" in his address at Cleveland Saturday.

It is now permissible to relate the first story of passage of the boats across the sea in the most severe weather known in years, in which the best traditions of the service were maintained.

The first submarine to leave got underway in early winter. Until Secretary Daniels spoke, no word of the participation of the underwater boats in the war against Germany had been published.

The steps taken to get them across cannot be disclosed, but the fact that the department has no disaster to record is pointed to as proof of their efficiency.

Officers and men of the submarines faced hard days as they put out. Cramped in narrow quarters and with storms in prospect, they steered to sea with complete confidence in themselves and their boats. A hectic report of successful voyages bore out that confidence.

In mid-December others got started. While it was fair on sailing day, ahead of the submarines a 100-mile gale was brewing. Into this they plowed, rolling and tumbling. But there was no faltering.

Even when low-tides parted in some cases, unknown to the tugs and sailing craft, the submarines battled forward alone. A majority of them reached their destination under their own power, ready for duty.

Some of the boats were driven far from their course. They showed up at different ports, but promptly put to sea again and reached their station.

One boat was the hard-luck vessel of the lot. Separated from the flotilla in the first storm and its compasses out of order, it turned homeward only to strike two more gales in quick succession. However, it made port successfully and undamaged.

With new fuel and supplies aboard and with a man or two, worn out by the long struggle with the elements, replaced, in a few days the boat put to sea again. It went through that time, despite a fourth gale it encountered.

British and French submarines in the U-boat hunt have been turning close to enemy bases, have been encountering between submarines, reports of which read like fiction. The service has been described as a trying one, for which men of courage and daring are essential. It is in this work, presumably, that the American submarines are engaged.

C.Y.M.L. MIDGETS WIN OVER BOYS' CLUB

The C.Y.M.L. Midgets were returned victors over the Lowell Boys' club team in basketball at the C.Y.M.L. Gym last evening, by a score of 40 to 22. By their victory the Lycium boys got the jump in the series for the city championship, which has been under discussion for some time. The game was very cleanly played by both teams. The Lycium boys seemed to have the advantage in thorough team work, their passing being real championship style. The Boys' club, however, played an excellent game.

For Convenience

THE
Electric Iron

An Electric Iron is a household necessity. With its quick, efficient aid, not only heavy work but innumerable bits of daily pressing are performed quickly—easily—well.

No iron is as clean, convenient and efficient as the Electric Iron. It enables you to do careful work in the shortest possible time and with the least effort.

Get Yours Today

UNITED STATES WAR SAVINGS CERTIFICATES AND THRIFT STAMPS On Sale at the Cashier's Window

THE LOWELL ELECTRIC LIGHT CORP.

29-31 Market St. Tel. 821

but their shooting was a little off color. The features of the game were the playing of Keefe, Rogers and Manning for the C.Y.M.L. and Manning and Higgins for the Boys' club. The next game of the series will be played in the Lowell Boys' club next Friday evening.

SUMMARY:
C.Y.M.L. MIDGETS
LOWELL BOYS' CLUB
J. Keefe rf
Rogers lf
O'Connor lg
Manning rf
T. O'Connor c
W. Toohy e
Baskets: Keefe 3, Rogers 3, Manning 1, B. Higgins 3, Toohy 2, Brown 2, J. O'Connor 1, C. Higgins 1, Foley 1, Time: Three fifteen periods. Referee: N. mandin. Scorer: Courtney. Time: J. Foley. C.Y.M.L. Midgets, 40; Lowell Boys' club, 22.

LOWELL DRIVING CLUB
Several new members were admitted at a meeting of the Lowell Driving club held last evening. The club had intended to stage some races at Golden Cove park on Patriots day, but gave up the idea because of the fact that the course would not be in condition for good racing. But the club has plans for the driving season and if horse racing does not come into its own in Lowell it will not be the fault of the ever active members of the Lowell Driving club.

165 BARRELS OF SUGAR LINED UP AT SAUNDERS'

It didn't look much like a scarcity of sugar today at Saunders' market where 165 barrels of it were lined along the Gorham street front and around on the Summer street end of the store.

This is the consignment secured some time ago by the store manager, Mr. Skelly, who, however, has been notified by the sugar distributing committee that he will have to turn over half of it at cost to other local dealers. The latter began carrying off their share of the consignment this afternoon, each presenting an order from the committee.

The store manager had to be satisfied by the Saunders' market in small lots. It is safe to say that the store is due for another great sugar rush within a day or two.

SUN BREVITIES

Best Printing, Tobin's, Asso. Bldg.
Mr. and Mrs. Hubert A. McLaughlin of 131 Bellevue street are rejoicing over the birth of a daughter born April 8.

Mr. Charles Fidler of the Boston Laundry Co. is present in New York securing advance models in ladies' clothing.

The condition of Annie E. Hart, the 12-year-old girl who was badly burned at her home, 201 Lakeview avenue, Friday morning, is much improved, according to a report from the Lowell Corporation hospital.

Owing to the fact that there is no coal at city hall and that the heat has been shut off, the meeting of the medical advisory board, which was scheduled to be held today, has been postponed to a later date. The men summoned to appear before the board will not report until they receive another notification.

The ladies of the Grace Universalist church were hostesses at the regular meeting of the Lowell General Hospital association, which was held yesterday afternoon at the Middlesex Women's club. Mrs. Larkin C. Trull presided and she announced that since January 30th, 1917, and her band aged had been sent to the hospital. A song recital was given by Mrs. Spence with Mrs. Sweetser at the piano. Luncheon was served.

A campaign to raise \$50,000 for war work has been started by the Massachusetts Women's Christian Temperance union, and Mrs. C. A. Jester, president of the local union, will have charge of the work in Lowell. The money is to be used for the purchase of an ambulance and field kitchen for France, a stereomicrograph and hospital fan for Camp Devens and to pay off the debts of the Veterans Home at Ayer. Money will also be used for work among soldiers and sailors.

**LAWRENCE MAN PLEADS GUILTY
OF MANSLAUGHTER—GIVEN
ONE YEAR**

SALFEM, April 10.—Alto de Prima of Lawrence pleaded guilty today to a charge of manslaughter in killing Francisco Curro at Lawrence in March, 1917, and was sentenced to one year in the house of correction. The killing of Curro was accidental, the story being intended for another, according to the police.

OPPOSE CONSCRIPTION
Continued

strength soon developed when Joseph Devlin, nationalist, moved to adjourn. The government carried a closure on the motion and then adjournment was defeated by an overwhelming vote.

Carson Opposes Home Rule
Irish approval of the proposed measure was not foreshadowed by the attitude of the nationalist leaders, nor did the Ulster show any signs of conciliation. John Dillon, the successor of John Redmond, denounced conscription. Sir Edward Carson, the Ulster leader, while approving conscription, objected to the introduction of the home rule measure at this time.

The house approved the introduction of the government's man power bill by 208 to 80 and it was announced that time for discussion of the bill had been extended until next Tuesday.

Premier Lloyd George said exclusion of Ireland could not be justified any longer and the character of the war was as much Irish as English. Ireland, through her representatives, had approved the war and voted to commit the empire to it. After reading a declaration of the Irish party approving British participation in the war, he continued:

Quoted Redmond's Speech
"May I also refer to a speech delivered by the late John Redmond at Mansion House, Dublin, when he was addressing a recruiting meeting there. He said: 'The heart of Ireland has been profoundly moved by the spectacle of the heroism and sufferings of Belgium. The other day in London I met Cardinal Archbishop Mercier and I took the liberty of promising him then that Ireland would bring her arms and her strength to avenge Louvain and to uphold and defend the integrity and independence of Belgium, Poland, Alsace-Lorraine and France. These are words for the Irish people to think over. There never was a war in which higher and nobler issues were at stake. I have heard some people speak of this war as an English and not an Irish war. That is absolutely and infinitely untrue. Ireland's highest interests are at stake in it. The fact that America is in this war is the best proof. There are more

Irishmen in the United States than there are in Ireland. They are all subject to conscription. Irishmen in Great Britain are subject to conscription and so are Irishmen in Canada."

"Mr. Redmond in addressing this house on the military service bill in 1916 said:

"Let me state what is my personal view on the matter of conscription. I am content to take the physical view of the prime minister in his last speech and I am prepared to say that I will stick at nothing which is calculated to win this war, and this is the view, I am certain, of the people of Ireland."

"Then he was opposed to that particular bill. But he said that while conscription was not a question of principle; it was purely a question of necessity for the raising of men. I think the member for Mayo (Mr. Dillon) took substantially the same view in a speech which he delivered at the same time. The member said:

"I was now engaged in discussing an important political proposal for the country. Like the member for Waterford (Mr. Redmond) I view the thing from the point of necessity and expediency and in particular circumstances. I would not hesitate to support conscription tomorrow if I thought it was necessary to maintain liberty and if I thought that conscription we ran the risk of losing the war."

Dillon Interrupts Premier
Mr. Dillon interrupted: "That was conditional on Ireland having the liberty to decide her own fate, and if Ireland was to be asked to take a vote, I would not hesitate to support conscription."

"I do not want to enter into a controversy as to what my friend meant," continued the premier, "but that is what he conveyed to the house, and if he will take the trouble to read the speech he will see that is the case. Mr. Redmond and if I thought that conscription was necessary to maintain liberty and if I thought that conscription we ran the risk of losing the war."

"The honorable member never challenged the justice of the war, on the contrary, he supported it, voted for it, and he voted for the declaration of war."

"The premier is going too far," interrupted Mr. Dillon. "I never challenged the justice of the war. I believed in the justice of the war and said so. I never voted for supplies nor did anyone else in this house, for the vote was never taken. I never challenged the justice of the war and I do not challenge it now. The premier is going too far when he says that and most certainly I did vote for the war. I hold very strong opinions about the origin of the war."

"I am satisfied with the statements made by my honorable friend," continued Premier Lloyd George. "He has reported the justice of the war. If he believed it was an unjust war, he never would have voted for it. May I say so quite respectfully and after a good deal of reflection and hesitation because, after all, one does not want to propose anything to raise controversy and trouble. When, heaven knows, we have as much trouble as we possibly can get."

"I thought I was just after great reflection."

Unjust to Exempt Young Irish
"It is indefensible that you should ask young men of 18 years and married men of 35 and 40 with families, and even up to 50 in England, Scotland and Wales, and that you should compel them to fight for the freedom and independence of a small Catholic nationality in Europe, while the young men of 20 to 25 in Ireland are under no obligation to take up arms for a cause which is just as much theirs as ours. It is not merely illogical; it is unjust."

"There is such a thing as justice for Scotland, England and Wales, and the emergency which Mr. Redmond contemplated and which I still respectfully suggest the member for Mayo also contemplated, that we should not win this war without taking this measure has been decided in the last few days is the best proof, and there is a special emergency with regard to Ireland."

"Irish battalions and divisions, according to all testimony, have maintained the high honor and repute of their native land and those battalions are sadly depleted and they are now filled, or half filled, with Englishmen. If it were not for England, the Irish men of Ireland might regard that fact with indifference, but it is not. They are just as much concerned as the young men of England."

"Therefore, we propose to extend the military service act to Ireland under the same conditions as in Great Britain. As there is no machinery in existence and no registers yet been completed in Ireland, it may take some weeks before actual enrollment begins. As soon as arrangements are complete, the government shall by an order in council put the act into immediate operation."

Says Action Declaration of War
"That is a declaration of war against Ireland," interrupted William O'Brien, nationalist member for Cork, and Michael Flavin, member for Kerry, added: "And Irishmen all over the world."

"Without delay," continued the premier. "Meanwhile, we intend to invite."

**OLD PRESCRIPTION
FOR WEAK KIDNEYS**

Have you ever stopped to reason why it is that so many products that are extensively advertised, all at once drop out of sight and are soon forgotten? The reason is plain—the article did not fulfill the promises of the manufacturer. This applies more particularly to a medicine. A medicinal preparation that has no real curative value simply sells itself, like an endless chain system, the remedy is recommended by those who have been benefited, to those who are in need of it.

A prominent druggist says: "Take for example Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a preparation I have sold for many years and never hesitate to recommend, for it almost every wish of my customers testifies. No other kidney remedy that I know of has so large a sale."

According to sworn statements and verified testimony of thousands who have used the preparation, the success of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is due to the fact that so many people claim, if it fully cures every ailment in overcoming kidney, liver and bladder ailments, corrects urinary troubles and neutralizes the uric acid which causes rheumatism.

You may receive a sample bottle of Swamp-Root by parcel post. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and enclose ten cents; also mention "The Lowell Sun." Large and medium size bottles for sale at all drug stores.

NOTICE
The mortgagee's sale of a small farm near Willow Dale estate, for Saturday, April 13, at 3 p. m., is withdrawn by the mortgagee.

SIMON B. HARRIS, Auctioneer.

parliament to pass a measure for self-government for Ireland, and for the "You can keep it," said Alfred Byrne, nationalist member for Dublin.

"Let there be no apprehension. Both questions will not hang together. Each must be taken on its merits," said the premier.

"You can keep both," replied Mr. Byrne.

"I," said the premier, "if that is the view of home rule, it is a new view for Ireland. While Great Britain is fighting for national rights in Europe with all her reserves and strength, she is prepared to concede, the same rights in her own sphere of government. The report of the remarkable convention which has been held in Ireland and which has just brought its proceedings to a termination affords the British parliament an opportunity of approaching this vexed question with more hope of success."

Devlin Refuses to Sit Down
Mr. Devlin interrupted the speaker on a point of order, saying:

"This is not a matter of petty controversy; this is a matter of vital importance to Ireland. My point of order is this, and you need not say how the speaker is wrong. I will not sit down. You may try Prussian methods in Ireland, but you do not crush us here."

"I want to know now on a point of order whether I am entitled to move that the house should report progress in dealing with the matter at such a time as the house of commons will sit down. As a report of the national convention on conscription and on an Irish government is presented to the house of commons."

The speaker of the house: "The honorable member would be entitled to move an adjournment of debate during the course of the debate at the conclusion of the prime minister's speech, but he certainly could not put in a motion of that sort in the middle of the prime minister's speech."

"As I was saying," continued Mr. Lloyd George, "this convention has just terminated its labors. The cabinet of course, has not had time to consider the report because it has only just arrived. I understand it is reported by a majority, and I fear the majority is not such as to justify the government in saying that it represents a substantial agreement. That means that the government must accept the responsibility of submitting to parliament such guidance as such proposals for the establishment of self-government in Ireland as they think just and which can, in their judgment, be carried without violent controversy."

"We propose, therefore, at an early date, to introduce such a measure into the house of commons, and to pass it into law, the least possible delay."

When the young men of Ireland have been brought in large numbers in the fighting line, it is important that they should feel they are not fighting to establish a right and a principle abroad which is denied to the land in which they live."

Dominions Have Sent Millions
"I ought to say that appeals which have been addressed to the dominions have produced a fine response. The dominions already have furnished the empire with something like one million magnificent fighting men, and they are each and every taking the necessary steps to send more."

"The proposals which I am submitting to the house and to which I ask the house to give first reading, I hope it will be possible to get through the house this week. Time presses every day and it is a matter of importance that we should get the bill through as soon as possible."

"We regret having to propose such extremely drastic recommendations, which will injure so many trades, but, having regard to the emergency, I say that no government could accept the responsibility of proposing less."

"If by any chance of mischance this colossal battle went against us, I do not say the war would be over any more than it was when Great Britain fought against another attempt at military dominancy when Napoleon, having overthrown the armies of Europe, had the continent at his mercy."

"As long as we have a ship afloat, we shall not accept a German peace. But if the battle is won, as I believe it will be, the day of armistice is not far off. The enemy has attacked at the height of his strength. We have been deserted by one powerful ally, and another and more powerful ally is not yet ready to put forth one-tenth of his might."

Must Win Now or Fight For Years
"But on the other hand this battle must exhaust the German reserves. The enemy's last call must be thrown in before this battle is over, and America is only now putting in the first installment of her first call."

"If we wish to avoid a war lasting for years, this battle must be won now and to win it, we must be ready to use all our resources. The men we propose taking today may well be the means of winning the decisive victory of the war, and with these measures and with the promise of America we have no fear of the ultimate issue."

"We shall pass through many fluctuations of hope and despondency, perhaps, even in this battle. Let us go through the vicissitudes of this tremendous struggle with stout and steady hearts. We have had sad and critical days. In those days we had

**"TIZ" FOR TIRED,
PUFFED-UP FEET**

Instant Relief for Sore, Aching, Tender, Calloused Feet and Corns.

"Pull, Johnny, Pull!"

You're footsick! Your feet feel tired, puffed-up, chafed, aching, sweaty, and they need "Tiz." "Tiz" makes feet remarkably fresh and "sore-proof." "Tiz" takes the pain and burn right out of corns, callouses and bunions. "Tiz" is the grandest foot-gladdenner the world has ever known.

Get a 25-cent box of "Tiz" at any drug store and end foot torture for a whole year. Never have tired, aching, weary, sweaty feet. Your shoes will fit them and you'll only wish you had tried "Tiz" sooner. Accept no substitute.

no ground for panic. We have had days when outlook was brighter.

"Nuke no mistake, there is no cause yet for exultation, except in the valor of our troops. For a long time there will be cause, grave cause, for deep anxiety, and there will always be to the end cause for exultation and for sacrifice. If these are given with the unstinted devotion with which our brave men in France are offering it, there will be cause for confidence in this country."

CALLS CONSCRIPTION AN INSANE BLUNDER

SAN FRANCISCO, April 10.—Conscription in Ireland would be an "insane blunder," according to a cablegram sent to John Dillon by T. P. O'Connor, Irish publicist and member of parliament, who was here today on a speaking tour. The cablegram follows and is reprinted from personal experience, set the jaws of the officers as they listened in tense silence. Incidents showing inconsistency of mind, horrible temper, extreme egotism and selfishness among German statesmen ran through the talk. When his account showed it was a professor of ethics at the University of Munich, who brutally kicked a staff officer disguised in civilian attire the audience relaxed into laughter.

2800 More Negroes Coming
Priv. Vaughn T. Turekian of New Bedford, second detachment, quarter-master corps, wrote a letter recounting the hanging of his brother, Karop Turekian, a naturalized American citizen for 14 years, and other members of his family, at Harput, and asked that he be allowed to fight with the infantry and not be classed as an enemy alien.

BREAKING AND ENTERING IN THE NIGHT TIME

George Parker, Townsend Adams and John Bell were arrested last yesterday afternoon by Lieut. Maher and Court Officer Philip Dwyer on warrants charging them with breaking and entering in the night time into the variety store of Mrs. Rose Veilleux at 181 Woburn street, Wigganville, and the larceny of tobacco and canned goods. Each entered a plea of guilty and probable cause being found they were held for the grand jury, each upon \$100 bonds.

William Harris, who was arrested in connection with the break yesterday by Patrolman O'Connell, pleaded guilty to receiving stolen property and he was ordered to stay a fine of \$5.

Nine women were before the court charged with practicing medicine without a license but by agreement the cases were continued until April 17.

James Kozembio, charged with threatening, was discharged and the case of threatening against his brother, Kostas, was continued until May 10.

John E. Lawrenson, neglect of wife, was given a suspended sentence of five months in the house of correction. Catherine Martin, drunkenness, was sentenced to 15 days in jail.

The case of Serardos Zes charged with larceny was continued until April 20 and the case of larceny against Michael Rowe was continued until May 1.

LICENSE COMMISSION

The regular business meeting of the license commission was held last yesterday afternoon and the following minor licenses were granted:

Renewal of auctioneer—Thomas H. Kelley Majestic Chambers.

Outdoor carnival—Jazz club, by T. E. Clark, 330 High street from May 13 to May 15, Merrimack Manufacturing company's private land, Lakewood avenue, old baseball grounds.

Second hand clothing—James Bancroft, 1010 Central street.

Special chauffeur's license—Armand A. Brault, 484 Moody street; Louis P. Page, 245 Oak street, Lawrence.

Express—Joseph H. Young, Washington Tavern; Thomas A. Grady, 100 Orchard street.

Renewal of job wagon—Charles B. Pickard, 145 Butman road; Philip H. Tessier, 26 Coolidge street; Joseph S. Cote, 156 Gorham street.

Renewal of express license—Joseph Lemere, 35 Summer street.

Store show—William F. Riley, 241 Corral street.

Hawkes and Peddler—Omer Bellosore, 8 Ward street.

CAMP NEWS

**SECRETARY OF THE AMERICAN
LEGATION AT BERLIN TELLS
OF GERMAN HATE**

CAMP DEVENS, April 10.—"German hatred of its enemies is not spontaneous, but cultivated as national strength and as such instilled and nurtured from earliest childhood," said Joseph C. Grov of Boston, first secretary of the American Legation at Berlin, before officers at the Liberty theatre yesterday.

The intimate portrayal of odious characteristics of German officialdom, recounted from personal experience, set the jaws of the officers as they listened in tense silence. Incidents showing inconsistency of mind, horrible temper, extreme egotism and selfishness among German statesmen ran through the talk. When his account showed it was a professor of ethics at the University of Munich, who brutally kicked a staff officer disguised in civilian attire the audience relaxed into laughter.

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The 6th battalion, Depot Brigade, is added to the negro units and 2800 more are coming mostly from Florida with the next white draft. Hundreds of tents have been ordered to provide quarters.

Brig.-Gen. Albright's order against discussion of troop movements or any military information in public places was signed by officers in the 151st brigade and will be repeated to the men. Similar action is being taken to protect the lives of soldiers in all commands.

Bartolomew Lee of Cambridge, cook in B company, 291st, is hailed as originator of a new bread 200 calories richer in nutrition than the regular substitute and requiring less wheat. It includes six parts white flour and four of oatmeal.

The 303d infantry engaged in mass singing last night at the Y.M.C.A. auditorium, under direction of 1st Lieut. J. E. Stevens of New York, assistant adjutant. The 301st Artillery band will play at the Lawrence Red Cross dance on the 15th, to which officers are invited.

First Lieut. Melville Weston, 304th Infantry, son of R. D. Weston of Cambridge, rejoined his regiment yesterday, upon recovery from a serious illness.

First Lieut. Chas. V. Smith, chaplain of the base hospital, is organizing a band of the medical corps men. The

Daily Bulletin From War Work Headquarters

HEADQUARTERS —FOR— ENROLMENT IN THE U. S. PUBLIC SERVICE RESERVE—Lowell Branch

"Fif of the Toy Shop," by the Jesters of Jamaica Plain (Benefit of the Field Hospitals), Camp Devens, Liberty Theatre, Sunday, April 21st. Tickets for sale here.

War Savings Stamps for sale here. For Liberty Bonds, go to your bank.

Smileage Books can be secured here. Good in any Army Camp.

Register your Victory Garden here.

Subscriptions for the Welfare Fund—Joint Campaign—received here.

You can pay your Red Triangle, Welfare Fund, or Red Cross pledge here.

Food Conservation Headquarters. SAVE WHEAT. All do as you are asked. You must do as you are told.

Identify your friends' picture in the military photographs here.

Hold your scraps of cloth—any old waste material—useless garments. Have it ready for the Campaign Week when it will be collected, and the amount realized by those who collect it given to the Lowell Guild for the Babies' Fund.

SLACKER

What do they mean by "slackers?" What is the definition of "slacker?" One who should fight, but won't.

One who holds up a job.

One whom a job is holding up.

One who does not hold his end up.

One who can't outflange and pretends to be doing all he can.

One who is making a fuss about his own health and strength, as though his life was more important than this great cause, for which others are giving theirs.

One who lacks earnestness and slacks earnestly. Be earnest and honest with yourself and you won't be a slacker. Be sorry for somebody besides yourself and yours.

Learn to love work, eat lightly, sleep tightly, be sightly, exercise sprightly, and pray nightly.

Get hold of yourself. Hold up your end, and hold on to all the Liberty Bonds you can.

RED LILY BRAND CANNED GOODS

TRY OUR SQUASH

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